## ANNEX E

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### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

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### Company Information

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Industry Classification	Mfg. Ofgas; Distribution Ofgaseous Fuels Through Mains
Company Type	Stock Corporation

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January 8, 2015

### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC Building, EDSA Mandaluyong City

### Attention: Atty. Justina F. Callangan Acting Director Corporate Governance & Finance Department

### Re: SEC Form ACGR (Annual Corporate Governance Report) Consolidated Changes in the ACGR for 2014

Gentlemen:

In compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular Nos. 1 and 12, we submit herewith the Company's Annual Corporate Governance Report ("ACGR") (Consolidated Changes in the ACGR for 2014), together with the Secretary's Certificate certifying to the resolutions approved at the meetings held in 2014 regarding the updates and changes in the ACGR.

Very truly yours,

JOEL ANGELO C. CRUZ VP – General Counsel & **Corporate Secretary** 

PETRON CORPORATION, SMC Head Office Complex, 40 San Miguel Avenue, Mandaluyong City 1550, Metro Manila, Philippines, PO Box 014 MCPO 0708 Tel.: (632) 886-3888 • Pandacan Terminal, Jesus St., Pandacan, Manila Tel.: (632) 563-8521 • Mandaue Terminal, Looc, Mandaue City, Cebu Tel.: (032) 346-5135 / 344-7341 to 51 • Davao Depot, Km.9 Bo. Pampanga, Davao City Tel.: (082) 234-2185 / 233-0399 • Internet: http://www.petron.com

### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

### SEC FORM – ACGR

### ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONSOLIDATED CHANGES IN THE ACGR FOR 2014)

- 1. Report is Filed for the Year **December 31, 2012**<sup>1</sup>
- 2. Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter Petron Corporation
- 3. <u>SMC Head Office Complex, 40 San Miguel Avenue, Mandaluyong City</u> Address of Principal Office

1550 Postal Code

4. SEC Identification Number **<u>31171</u>** 

5. (SEC Use Only)

Industry Classification Code

- 6. BIR Tax Identification Number 000-168-801
- 7. <u>(632) 886.3888</u> Issuer's Telephone number, including area code
- 8. <u>N/A</u>

Former name or former address, if changed from the last report

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Updated with information subject of SEC Form 17-Cs and advisement letters filed by the Company with the SEC for the period beginning January 10, 2014 until January 6, 2015 in accordance with SEC Memorandum Circular Number 1, Series of 2014 . Any subsequent update will be reflected in a revised report which will be posted in the Company's website in compliance with afore-mentioned SEC Memorandum Circular.

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Α.	BOARD	) MATTERS	4
	1)	BOARD OF DIRECTORS	
		(a) Composition of the Board	
		(b) Directorship in Other Companies	11
		(c) Shareholding in the Company	16
	2)	CHAIRMAN AND CEO	
	3)	OTHER EXECUTIVE, NON-EXECUTIVE AND INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS	19
	4)	CHANGES IN THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS	25
	5)	ORIENTATION AND EDUCATION PROGRAM	42
в.	CODE	OF BUSINESS CONDUCT & ETHICS	
	1)	POLICIES	48
	2)	DISSEMINATION OF CODE	67
	3)	COMPLIANCE WITH CODE	67
	4)	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	67
		(a) Policies and Procedures	67
		(b) Conflict of Interest	72
	5)	FAMILY, COMMERCIAL AND CONTRACTUAL RELATIONS	74
	6)	ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION	
C.	BOARD	MEETINGS & ATTENDANCE	75
	1)	SCHEDULE OF MEETINGS	75
	2)	DETAILS OF ATTENDANCE OF DIRECTORS	75
	3)	SEPARATE MEETING OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS	77
	4)	ACCESS TO INFORMATION	77
	5)	EXTERNAL ADVICE	
	6)	CHANGES IN EXISTING POLICIES	80
D.	REMU	NERATION MATTERS	
	1)	REMUNERATION PROCESS	81
	2)	REMUNERATION POLICY AND STRUCTURE FOR DIRECTORS	
	3)	AGGREGATE REMUNERATION	83
	4)	STOCK RIGHTS, OPTIONS AND WARRANTS	85
	5)	REMUNERATION OF MANAGEMENT	85
Ε.	BOARD	OCOMMITTEES	
	1)		
	2)	COMMITTEE MEMBERS	
	3)	CHANGES IN COMMITTEE MEMBERS	105

	4) WORK DONE AND ISSUES ADDRESSED	106
	5) COMMITTEE PROGRAM	109
c	RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	110
г.	1) STATEMENT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	
	2) RISK POLICY	
	3) CONTROL SYSTEM	
	3) CONTROL SYSTEM	114
G.	INTERNAL AUDIT AND CONTROL	118
	1) STATEMENT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM	119
	2) INTERNAL AUDIT	
	(a) Role, Scope and Internal Audit Function	
	(b) Appointment/Removal of Internal Auditor	121
	(c) Reporting Relationship with the Audit Committee	
	(d) Resignation, Re-assignment and Reasons	
	(e) Progress against Plans, Issues, Findings and	
	Examination Trends	
	(f) Audit Control Policies and Procedures	
	(g) Mechanisms and Safeguards	
	(8)	
н.	RIGHTS OF STOCKHOLDERS	146
	1) RIGHT TO PARTICIPATE EFFECTIVELY IN STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS	
	2) TREATMENT OF MINORITY STOCKHOLDERS	161
Ι.	INVESTORS RELATIONS PROGRAM	162
J.	CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES	163
К.	BOARD, DIRECTOR, COMMITTEE AND CEO APPRAISAL	
L.	INTERNAL BREACHES AND SANCTIONS	166

### ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT Petron Corporation ("Petron" or the "Company")

### A. BOARD MATTERS

### 1) Board of Directors

Number of Directors per Articles of Incorporation	15
Actual number of Directors for the year	15

### (a) Composition of the Board

Complete the table with information on the Board of Directors:

Director's Name	Type [Executive (ED), Non- Executive (NED) or Independe nt Director (ID)]	If nominee, identify the principal	Nominator in the last election (if ID, state the relationship with the nominator)	the last election (if ID, state the relationship with the		Elected when (Annual /Special Meeting)	No. of years served as director <sup>*</sup>
Ramon S. Ang	ED	San Miguel Corporation	Ramon S. Ang	01/08/09	05/20/14	Annual Stockholders' Meeting ("ASM")	5.98
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	NED	San Miguel Corporation	Ramon S. Ang	01/08/09	05/20/14	ASM	5.98
Estelito P. Mendoza**	NED	San Miguel Corporation	Ramon S. Ang	01/08/09	05/20/14	ASM	5.98
Eric O. Recto	ED	San Miguel Corporation	Ramon S. Ang	07/31/08	05/20/14	ASM	6.42
Lubin B. Nepomuceno***	ED	San Miguel Corporation	Ramon S. Ang	2/19/13	05/20/14	ASM	1.86
Mirzan Mahathir	NED	San Miguel Corporation	Ramon S. Ang	08/13/10	05/20/14	ASM	4.39
Ron W. Haddock	NED	San Miguel Corporation	Ramon S. Ang	12/02/08	05/20/14	ASM	6.08
Romela M. Bengzon	NED	San Miguel Corporation	Ramon S. Ang	08/13/10	05/20/14	ASM	4.39

Aurora T. Calderon	NED	San Miguel Corporation	Ramon S. Ang	08/13/10	05/20/14	ASM	4.39
Virgilio S. Jacinto	NED	San Miguel Corporation	Ramon S. Ang	08/13/10	05/20/14	ASM	4.39
Nelly Favis- Villafuerte	NED	San Miguel Corporation	Ramon S. Ang	12/1/11	05/20/14	ASM	3.08
Jose P. de Jesus****	NED	San Miguel Corporation	Ramon S. Ang	05/20/14	05/20/14	ASM	0.62
Reynaldo G. David	ID	N/A	Imelda Carillo (no relation to ID)	05/12/09	05/20/14 (1.62% years as ID as of 12/31/13)	ASM	3.64
Artemio V. Panganiban	ID	N/A	Arman Tupas (no relation to ID)	10/21/10	05/20/14 (1.62% years as ID as of 12/31/13)	ASM	4.20
Margarito B. Teves <sup>****</sup>	ID	N/A	Ramon S. Ang	05/20/14	05/20/14	ASM	0.62

\* Reckoned from the date of first appointment until December 31, 2014

\*\* Previously served as director of the Company from 1974 to 1986

\*\*\* Mr. Lubin B. Nepomuceno replaced Mr. Ferdinand K. Constantino as a director on February 19, 2013 as disclosed to the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") through an SEC Form 17-C filed on February 20, 2013

\*\*\*\* Elected as director for the first time on May 20, 2014 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 21, 2014

## (b) Provide a brief summary of the corporate governance policy that the board of directors has adopted. Please emphasize the policy/ies relative to the treatment of all shareholders, respect for the rights of minority shareholders and of other stakeholders, disclosure duties, and board responsibilities.

The Company has adopted its Revised Manual of Corporate Governance (the "CG Manual") to guide the Company in enhancing stakeholders' value as it competes in a continually evolving business environment while reflecting sound business practice and applying the principles of good corporate governance in a manner that also takes into account its particular circumstances.

The following policies adopted by the Company aim to further promote good corporate governance of the Company:

- 1. Code of Conduct and Ethical Business Policy (the "Code of Conduct");
- 2. Policy on Dealings in Securities; and
- 3. Whistle-blowing Policy.

The relevant provisions of the CG Manual on the treatment of all shareholders, respect for the rights of minority shareholders and other stakeholders, disclosure duties, and board responsibilities are set out below.

<u>Treatment of All Shareholders; Respect for the Rights of Minority Shareholders and Other Stakeholders</u> (updated pursuant to the SEC Form 17-C of the Company dated July 3, 2014 in relation to the amendment of its CG Manual and its SEC Form 17-Cs dated July 7, 2014 and November 7, 2014)

The Company is committed to respect the legal rights of its stockholders.

#### Voting Right

All the stockholders of the Company, including the minority stockholders, have the right to participate in decisions concerning fundamental changes in the Company, such as the following:

- amendment of the articles of incorporation (the "Articles of Incorporation") and/or by-laws of the Company (the "By-laws");
- 2. sale, lease, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company;
- 3. merger or consolidation of the Company; and
- 4. investment of corporate funds in any other corporation or business or for any purpose other than the primary purpose for which the Company is organized.

Common stockholders further have the right to elect, remove and replace directors and vote on corporate acts and matters that require their consent or approval in accordance with the Corporation Code of the Philippines (the "Corporation Code").

At each stockholders' meeting, a stockholder entitled to vote has the right to vote one share, in person or by proxy, for each of share of the capital stock held by such stockholder, subject to the provisions of the By-laws, including the provision on cumulative voting by holders of shares entitled to vote in the case of the election of directors.

The By-laws specifically provide for cumulative voting in the election of directors. The By-Laws and the CG Manual also requires the affirmative vote of at least 2/3 of the total issued and outstanding shares entitled to vote to remove a director with or without cause.

Preferred stockholders have the right to vote on certain corporate acts as provided and specified in the Corporation Code, including the fundamental changes listed above.

The Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") is required by the CG Manual to be transparent and fair in the conduct of the annual and special stockholders' meetings of the Company. The stockholders are encouraged to personally attend such meetings and, if they cannot attend, they are apprised ahead of time of their right to appoint a proxy.

#### Right to Information of Shareholders

Accurate and timely information is made available to the stockholders to enable them to make a sound judgment on all matters brought to their attention for consideration or approval.

In 2014, the notice of the annual stockholders' meeting held on May 20, 2014, together with the Definitive Information Statement, was released on April 25, 2014. And while not a legal requirement, the notice and the agenda of the meeting were also published in The Philippine Star on April 16, 2014.

In 2013, the notice of the annual stockholders' meeting held on May 21, 2013, together with the Definitive Information Statement, was released on April 26, 2013. The notice and the agenda of the meeting were also published in The Philippine Star and the Manila Times on April 26, 2013.

In 2012, the notice of the annual stockholders' meeting held on May 15, 2012, together with the Definitive Information Statement, was released on April 23, 2012. A publication of the notice of the meeting was also made in The Philippine Star and Business Mirror on May 4, 2012.

The Company furnishes stockholders its most recent financial statement showing in reasonable detail its assets and liabilities and the result of its operations.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders, the Board presents to the stockholders a financial report of the operations of the Company for the preceding year, which includes financial statements duly signed and certified by an independent public accountant, and allows the stockholders to ask questions or raise concerns during the open forum. Duly authorized representatives of the Company's external auditor are also present at the meeting to respond to appropriate questions concerning the financial statements of the Company.

In addition to the foregoing, the Company replies to requests for information and fax, email and telephone queries from the stockholders and keeps them informed through the Company's timely disclosures to the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE") and the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), its regular quarterly briefings and investor briefings and conferences, and the Company's website. The Company website makes available for viewing and download the Company's disclosures and filings with the SEC and the PSE, its media releases, and other salient information of the Company, including matters relating to its governance, business, operations, performance, corporate social responsibility projects and sustainability efforts.

#### Right to Dividends

Stockholders have the right to receive dividends subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors.

While the CG Manual provides that the Company shall declare dividends when its retained earnings exceeds 100% of its paid-in capital stock, except: (a) when justified by definite corporate expansion projects or programs approved by the Board, (b) when the Company is prohibited under any loan agreement with any financial institution or creditor, whether local or foreign, from declaring dividends without its consent and such consent has not been secured, or (c) when it can be clearly shown that such retention is necessary under special circumstances obtaining in the Company, such as when there is a need for special reserve for probable contingencies, it is the policy of the Company to declare as dividends out of its unrestricted retained earnings at least 25% of its unappropriated net income (after taxes) for the prior fiscal year, payable either in cash, distribution of property, or by issuance of new shares of stock. The Board of Directors shall determine, by resolution, the exact amount, the date and the shareholders entitled thereto.

The dividends for the preferred shares issued in 2010 are fixed at the rate of 9.5281% *per annum* calculated in reference to the offer price of P100 per share on a 30/360-day basis and shall be payable quarterly in arrears, whenever approved by the Board. Since the listing of these preferred shares in March 2010, cash dividends have been paid out in March, June, September, and December of each year.

On November 3, 2014, the Company issued 7,122,320 Preferred Series 2A shares and 2,877,680 Preferred Series 2B shares. The dividend on the Preferred Stock Series 2 is at a fixed rate of 6.30% per annum for Series 2A and at a fixed rate of 6.8583% per annum for Series 2B, each as calculated based on the offer price of P1,000 per share on a 30/360-day basis and payable quarterly in arrears, whenever approved by the Board.

On November 7, 2014, the Company declared cash dividends of (i) P2.82 per share to the 2010 preferred shareholders for the fourth quarter of 2014 and the first quarter of 2015, (ii) P 15.75 per share to the Preferred Series 2A shareholders for the first quarter of 2015, and (iii) P 17.14575 per share Preferred Series 2B shareholders for the first quarter of 2015.

On August 6, 2014, the Company declared cash dividends of P2.82 per share to preferred shareholders for the third quarter of 2014. On March 24, 2014 and May 6, 2014, the Company declared cash dividends of P0.05 per share to common shareholders and P2.82 per share to preferred shareholders for the second quarter of 2014, respectively.

In 2013, the Company paid out a cash dividend of P0.05 per share to common shareholders and a total of P9.528 per share to preferred shareholders.

In 2012, the Company paid out a cash dividend of P0.10 per share to common shareholders and a total of P9.528 per share to preferred shareholders.

#### Appraisal Right

The stockholders have the right to dissent and demand payment of the fair value of their shares in the manner provided for under the Corporation Code under any of the following circumstances: (a) when there is a change or restriction in the rights of any stockholder or class of shares, (b) when the corporation authorizes preferences in any respect superior to those of outstanding shares of any class, (c) when there is an extension or shortening of the term of corporate existence, (d) in case of a sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property or assets, (e) in case of a merger or consolidation and (f) in the event of an investment of corporate funds in any other corporation or business or for any purpose other than the primary purpose for which the corporation is organized.

#### **Rights of Minority Shareholders**

In addition to the stockholders rights discussed above, minority stockholders are granted the right to propose the holding of a meeting, and the right to propose items in the agenda of the stockholders' meeting, provided the items are for legitimate business purposes and in accordance with law, jurisprudence and best practice.

The By-laws specifically provide that a special meeting of the stockholders may be called at the written request of one or more stockholders representing at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote, and which request states the purpose or purposes of the proposed meeting and delivered to and called by the Corporate Secretary at the Company's principal office.

### Shareholders' Meetings and Voting Procedures

All the meetings of the stockholders are held in the principal place of business of the Company or any location within Metro Manila, Philippines as may be designated by the Board.

In 2014 and 2013, the annual stockholders' meeting was held at the Valle Verde Country Club in Pasig City, Metro Manila.

In 2012, the annual stockholders' meeting was held at the Edsa Shangri-La Manila Hotel, 1 Garden Way, Ortigas Center, Mandaluyong City, Metro Manila.

The Company encourages shareholding voting rights and exerts efforts to remove excessive unnecessary costs and other administrative impediments to the meaningful participation in meetings and/or voting in person or by proxy by all its stockholders, whether individual or institutional investors. To encourage attendance and provide convenient transport during the annual stockholders' meetings in 2013 and 2014, the Company provided shuttle services in strategic points in the vicinity of the Valle Verde Country Club to provide free shuttle service to stockholders to and from the meeting venue.

At each stockholders' meeting, a common stockholder is entitled to one vote, in person or by proxy, for each of share of the common capital stock held by such stockholder, subject to the provisions of the By-laws, including the provision on cumulative voting in the case of the election of directors.

Under the By-laws, cumulative voting is allowed in the election of directors. A common stockholder may therefore distribute his/her votes per share to as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or he/she may cumulate his shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of shares he/she has, or he/she may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as he/she shall see fit; provided, that the total number of votes cast by him/her shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him/her as shown in the books of the Company multiplied by the whole number of directors to be elected.

Preferred stockholders have the right to vote on certain corporate acts specified in the Corporation Code.

If at any stockholders' meeting a vote by ballot shall be taken, the By-laws require that a voting committee be created which will adopt its own rules to govern the voting and take charge of the voting proceedings and the preparation and distribution of the ballots. Each member of the voting committee, who need not be stockholders, will subscribe to an oath to faithfully execute his/her duties as an inspector of votes with strict impartiality and according the best of his/her ability. In any event, the external auditor of the Company will be requested to supervise the voting proceedings.

## <u>Disclosure Duties</u> (updated pursuant to the SEC Form 17-C of the Company dated July 3, 2014 in relation to the amendment of its CG Manual)

The Company recognizes that the essence of corporate governance is transparency. The more transparent the internal workings of a corporation are, the more difficult it will be for management and dominant stockholders to mismanage the corporation or misappropriate its assets.

It is the policy of the Company to fully and timely disclose all material information concerning the Company's operations or which could adversely affect the interests of its stockholders and other stakeholders in accordance with applicable laws and rules and regulations. Such information includes earnings results, acquisition or disposal of major assets, changes in the Board, significant related party transactions (excluding the purchase of crude oil in the normal course of business), and shareholdings of directors and changes in ownership exceeding 5% of the corporation's outstanding share capital. Other information that shall be disclosed includes the remuneration (including stock options) of all directors and senior management, the corporate strategy and any off-balance sheet transactions.

It is also the policy of the Company that all disclosed information are released through the appropriate stock exchange procedure or mechanism for announcements of listed companies and submissions to the SEC for the interest of the stockholders and other stakeholders of the Company.

## <u>Board Responsibilities</u> (updated pursuant to the SEC Form 17-C of the Company dated July 3, 2014 in relation to the amendment of its CG Manual)

The Board has the general responsibility of overseeing management of the Company and fostering its longterm success and securing its sustained competitiveness and profitability in a manner consistent with its fiduciary responsibilities, corporate objectives and best interests of the Company, its shareholders and its other stakeholders.

The Board determines and formulates the Company's vision, mission, strategic objectives, policies and procedures, as well as the means to attain the same, guide its activities and effectively monitor Management's performance. Corollary to setting the policies for the accomplishment of the corporate

objectives, the Board provides an independent check on Management.

### Specific Responsibilities of the Board

To ensure a high standard of corporate governance and the application of best practices for the Company, its stockholders and its other stakeholders, the Board shall:

- implement a process for the selection of directors who can add value and contribute independent judgment to the formulation of sound corporate strategies and policies;
- appoint competent, professional, honest and highly motivated management officers and adopt an effective succession planning program for Management;
- provide sound strategic policies and guidelines to the Company on major capital expenditures and other programs to sustain its long-term viability and strength, and periodically evaluate and monitor the implementation of such policies and strategies, including the business plans, operating budgets and Management's overall performance;
- ensure that the Company faithfully complies with all relevant laws and regulations and best business practices;
- identify the Company's stakeholders in the community in which it operates or are directly affected by its operations and formulate a clear policy of accurate, timely and effective communication or relations with them and the agencies regulating the Company through an effective investor relations program;
- adopt a system of internal checks and balances within the Board and conduct a regular review of the effectiveness thereof, including a continuing review of the Company's internal control system;
- identify key risk areas and performance indicators and monitor these factors with due diligence;
- properly discharge Board functions by meeting regularly or at such times and frequency as may be needed with independent views during Board meetings being encouraged and given due consideration;
- formulate and implement policies and procedures that would ensure the integrity and transparency
  of related party transactions between and among the Company, joint ventures, subsidiaries,
  associates, affiliates, major stockholders, officers and directors, including their spouses, children and
  dependent siblings and parents, and of interlocking director relationships by members of the Board;
- exercise board authority within the limits prescribed in the Articles of Corporation and the By-laws and in accordance with existing applicable laws, rules and regulations;
- encourage use of alternative modes of dispute resolution for amicable settlement of conflicts or differences between the Company and its stockholders, and the Company and third parties, including the regulatory authorities;
- constitute an Audit Committee and such other committees necessary to assist the Board in the performance of its duties and responsibilities; and

• appoint a Compliance Officer.

### Internal Control Responsibilities of the Board

The Board shall have the following oversight responsibilities for ensuring the presence of adequate and effective internal control mechanisms:

- select and appoint a Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") who possesses the ability, integrity and expertise for the position and define, with the assistance of the Nomination Committee, the duties and responsibilities of the CEO who is ultimately responsible for the Company's organizational and operational controls;
- evaluate proposed senior Management appointments;
- select and appoint qualified and competent management officers;
- review the Company's human resource policies, conflict of interest situations, compensation program for employees and management succession plan;
- establish a system of effective organizational and operational controls commensurate with, among others, the nature and complexity of the business of the Company and the business culture, volume, size and complexity of transactions, degree of risks involved, degree of centralization and delegation of authority, extent and effectiveness of information technology and extent of regulatory compliance; and
- determine the necessity of establishing an internal audit system to reasonably assure the Board, Management and the stockholders that the key organizational and operational controls of the Company are faithfully complied with.

### (c) How often does the Board review and approve the vision and mission?

The Board periodically reviews and approves the vision and the mission of the Company as the need arises.

#### (d) Directorship in Other Companies

### (i) Directorship in the Company's Group<sup>2</sup>

Identify, as and if applicable, the members of the company's Board of Directors who hold the office of director in other companies within its Group: (updated pursuant to the advisement letters of the Company dated June 17, 2014 and June 30, 2014)

Director's Name	Corporate Name of the Group Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non-Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman.
Ramon S. Ang	<ol> <li>San Miguel Corporation</li> <li>SEA Refinery Corporation</li> </ol>	1. Executive
	<ol> <li>SEA Reinlery Corporation</li> <li>Petron Malaysia Refining &amp; Marketing Berhad (Malaysian-</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Executive (Vice Chairman)</li> <li>Non-Executive (Chairman)</li> </ol>
	registered) 4. Petron Marketing Corporation	4. Executive (Chairman)
	<ol> <li>Petron Freeport Corporation</li> <li>New Ventures Realty Corporation</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Executive (Chairman)</li> <li>Executive (Chairman)</li> <li>Non-Executive (Chairman)</li> </ol>

<sup>2</sup> The Group is composed of the parent, subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures of the Company.

M	
7. Las Lucas Construction and	
Development Corporation	8. Non-Executive (Chairman)
8. Mariveles Landco Corporation	
9. Petrochemical Asia (HK) Ltd.	9. Executive (Chairman)
(Hong Kong-registered)	
10. Philippine Polypropylene Inc.	10. Executive (Chairman)
11. Robinson International	11. Executive (Chairman)
Holdings Ltd. (Cayman Islands-	
registered)	
12. Petron Fuel International Sdn.	12. Executive (Chairman)
Bhd. (Malaysian-registered)	
13. Petron Oil (M) Sdn. Bhd.	13. Non-Executive
(Malaysian-registered)	
14. Petron Oil & Gas Mauritius Ltd.	14. Non- Executive
(Mauritius-registered)	
15. Petron Oil & Gas International	15. Non-Executive
Sdn Bhd. (Malaysian-	
registered)	

Eric O. Recto	1.	Petron Marketing Corporation	1.	Non-Executive
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.		San Miguel Corporation		Executive (Chairman)
Estelito P. Mendoza		San Miguel Corporation		Non-Executive
Aurora T. Calderon	1.	San Miguel Corporation	1.	Executive
	2.	SEA Refinery Corporation	2.	Non-Executive
	3.	Petron Malaysia Refining & Marketing Berhad	3.	Executive
	4.	Petron Oil & Gas Mauritius Ltd.	4.	Non-Executive
	5.	Petron Oil & Gas International Sdn Bhd	5.	Non-Executive
	6.	Petron Marketing Corporation	6.	Non-Executive
	7.	Petron Freeport Corporation	7.	Non-Executive
	8.	New Ventures Realty Corporation	8.	Non-Executive
	9.	Las Lucas Construction	9.	Non-Executive
		Development Corporation		
	10.	Petron Singapore Trading Pte Ltd	10.	Non-Executive
Lubin B. Nepomuceno	1.	Petrogen Insurance Corporation	1.	Non-Executive
	2.	Petron Marketing Corporation	2.	Non-Executive
	3.	Petron Freeport Corporation	3.	Non-Executive
	4.	New Ventures Realty Corporation	4.	Non-Executive
	5.	Mariveles Landco Corporation	5.	Executive
	6.	Las Lucas Constructed and		
		Development Corporation	6.	Non-Executive
	7.	MRGVeloso Holdings, Inc.	7.	Non-Executive
	8.	Petron Singapore Trading Pte Ltd	8.	Non-Executive

	9. Petron Oil & Gas International Sdn Bhd	9. Non-Executive
	10. Petron Fuel International Sdn. Bhd.	10. Non-Executive
	11. Petron Oil (M) Sdn. Bhd.	11. Non-Executive
	12. Petron Oil & Gas Mauritius Ltd.	12. Non-Executive
	13. Petrochemical Asia (HK) Ltd.	13. Non-Executive
	<ol> <li>Robinson International Holdings Ltd.</li> </ol>	14. Non-Executive
	<ol> <li>Overseas Ventures Insurance Corporation Ltd. (Bermuda- registered)</li> </ol>	15. Non-Executive
	16. Philippine Polypropylene Inc.	16. Non-Executive
	17. Manila North Harbour Ports,	17. Non-Executive
	Inc.	
Ma. Romela M. Bengzon	Petron Marketing Corporation	Non-Executive
Margarito B. Teves <sup>*</sup>	San Miguel Corporation	Independent Director

\* Term as director commenced on May 20, 2014 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 21, 2014

### (ii) Directorship in Other Listed Companies

1) Identify, as and if applicable, the members of the company's Board of Directors who are also directors of publicly-listed companies outside of its Group: (updated pursuant to the advisement letters filed by the Company with the SEC on April 7, 2014, March 13, 2014 June 30, 2014 and October 28, 2014)

Director's Name	Name of Listed Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non-Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman.
Ramon S. Ang	<ol> <li>Top Frontier Investment Holdings, Inc.</li> <li>Liberty Telecoms Holdings.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Executive</li> <li>Non-Executive (Chairman)</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Liberty Telecoms Holdings, Inc.</li> </ol>	2. Non-Executive (Chairman)
	3. Ginebra San Miguel Inc.	3. Non-Executive
	4. San Miguel Pure Foods	4. Non-Executive
	Company, Inc.	(Vice Chairman)
	5. Cyber Bay Corporation	5. Non-Executive
	<ol> <li>San Miguel Brewery Hong Kong Limited</li> </ol>	6. Executive (Chairman)
Eric O. Recto	1. Philippine Bank of	1. Executive (Chairman)
	Communications	
	2. Philweb Corporation	2. Non-Executive (Vice Chairman)
	<ol> <li>Atok-Big Wedge Corporation</li> </ol>	3. Non-Executive (Vice Chairman)
	4. ISM Communications Corporation	4. Executive

Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	1. Ginebra San Miguel Inc.	1. Non-Executive (Chairman)	
	2. San Miguel Pure Foods	2. Non-Executive (Chairman)	
	Company, Inc.		
Estelito P. Mendoza	Philippine National Bank	Non-Executive	
Aurora T. Calderon	Top Frontier Investment	Executive	
	Holdings, Inc.		
Nelly Favis-Villafuerte	Top Frontier Investment	Non-Executive	
	Holdings, Inc.		
Artemio V. Panganiban	1. Manila Electric Company	1. Independent	
	2. Bank of the Philippine	2. Independent	
	Islands		
	3. First Philippine Holdings	3. Independent	
	Corp.		
	4. Metro Pacific Investment	4. Independent	
	Corp.		
	5. Robinsons Land Corp.	5. Independent	
	6. GMA Network, Inc.	6. Independent	
	7. Asian Terminals, Inc.	7. Independent	
	8. Philippine Long Distance	8. Independent	
	Telephone Co.		
	9. Jollibee Foods Corporation	9. Non-Executive	
Margarito B. Teves <sup>*</sup>	1. Alphaland Corporation	1. Independent	
	2. Atok-Big Wedge	2. Independent	
	Corporation		

\* Term as director commenced on May 20, 2014 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 21, 2014

### (iii) Relationship within the Company and its Group

**Provide details, as and if applicable, of any relation among the members of the Board of Directors, which links them to significant shareholders in the company and/or in its group:** (updated pursuant to the advisement letter of the Company dated June 17, 2014)

Director's Name	Name of the Significant Shareholder		De	scription of the relationship
Ramon S. Ang	1.	San Miguel Corporation	1.	Director (Vice Chairman),
				President and Chief Operating Officer;
	2.	SEA Refinery Corporation	2.	Director (Chairman)
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.		San Miguel Corporation		Chairman and Chief
				Executive Officer
Eric O. Recto	1.	SEA Refinery Corporation	1.	President
Estelito P. Mendoza		San Miguel Corporation		Director
Aurora T. Calderon	1.	San Miguel Corporation	1.	Director and Senior Vice President and Senior Executive Assistant to the
				President and Chief Operating Officer
	2.	SEA Refinery Corporation	2.	Director

Virgilio S. Jacinto	San Miguel Corporation	Senior Vice President – General Counsel, Corporate Secretary and Compliance Officer
Margarito B. Teves <sup>*</sup>	San Miguel Corporation	Independent Director

\* Term as director commenced on May 20, 2014 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 21, 2014

(iv) Has the company set a limit on the number of board seats in other companies (publicly listed, ordinary and companies with secondary license) that an individual director or CEO may hold simultaneously? In particular, is the limit of five board seats in other publicly listed companies imposed and observed? If yes, briefly describe other guidelines:

While the Company has not particularly set the number of board seats that a director or the CEO may hold in other companies, the CG Manual of the Company has policies and guidelines on multiple board seats as described below.

In addition, the By-laws specifically disqualify for nomination and election as director of the Company any person engaged in the business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Company.

	Guidelines	Maximum Number of Directorships in other companies
Executive Director	The policy and the guidelines of the Company on multiple board seats are set out in the CG Manual. A director is required to exercise due discretion in accepting and holding directorships other than in the Company, provided that, in holding such directorships, such director shall ensure that his capacity to diligently and efficiently perform his duties and responsibilities as a director of the Company is not compromised.	The executive directors are required to submit themselves to a low indicative limit on membership in other corporations' boards and their capacity to serve the Company with diligence should not be compromised.
Non-Executive Director	The policy and the guidelines of the Company on multiple board seats are set out in the CG Manual. A director is required to exercise due discretion in accepting and holding directorships other than in the Company, provided that, in holding such directorships, such director shall ensure that his capacity to diligently and efficiently perform his duties and responsibilities as a director of the	Independent or non-executive directors who serve as full-time executives in other corporations are required to submit themselves to a low indicative limit on membership in other corporations' boards and their capacity to serve the Company with diligence should not be compromised.

	Company is not compromised.	
CEO	The policy and the guidelines of the Company on multiple board seats are set out in the CG Manual. The CEO is required to exercise due discretion in accepting and holding directorships other than in the Company, provided that, in holding such directorships, such director shall ensure that his capacity to diligently and efficiently perform his duties and responsibilities as a CEO of the Company is not compromised.	to submit himself to a low indicative limit on membership in other corporations' boards and his capacity to serve the Company with diligence should

### (e) Shareholding in the Company

Complete the following table on the members of the company's Board of Directors who directly and indirectly own shares in the company:

Name of Director	Number of Direct shares	Number of Indirect shares / Through (name of record owner)	% of Capital Stock
Ramon S. Ang	1,000 common shares	None	0.00%
Eric O. Recto	1 common share	300,000 preferred shares through Philippine Equity Partners 14,000 Preferred Series 2A shares through Philippine Equity Partners, Inc.*	0.003%
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	1,000 common shares	None	0.00%
Estelito P. Mendoza	1,000 common shares	None	0.00%
Lubin B. Nepomuceno	5,000 common shares	2,500 Preferred Series 2A shares through BA Securities, Inc.**	0.00%
Ron W. Haddock	1 common share	None	0.00%
Aurora T. Calderon	1,000 common shares	None	0.00%
Mirzan Mahathir	1,000 common shares	None	0.00%
Romela M. Bengzon	1,000 common shares	None	0.00%
Virgilio S. Jacinto	1,000 common shares	None	0.00%
Nelly Favis-Villafuerte	1,000 common shares	None	0.00%
Reynaldo G. David	1,000 common shares	None	0.00%
Artemio V. Panganiban	1,000 common shares	None	0.00%
Jose P. de Jesus***	500 common shares	125,000 common shares through I. Ackerman & Co., Inc. 100,000 common shares through UPCC Securities Corporation****	0.001%
Margarito B. Teves <sup>***</sup>	500 common shares	None	0.00%
TOTAL	16,002	300,000	0.003%

As reported in an SEC Form 23-B dated November 11, 2014.

\*\* As reported in an SEC Form 23-B dated November 3, 2014.

\*\*\* Term as director commenced on May 20, 2014 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 21, 2014 \*\*\*\* As reported in an SEC Form 23-B dated November 5, 2014.

### 2) Chairman and CEO

(a) Do different persons assume the role of Chairman of the Board of Directors and CEO? If no, describe the checks and balances laid down to ensure that the Board gets the benefit of independent views.

Yes	No 🗹 While the Chairman and
	CEO are the same person, a different person acts as President.

### Identify the Chair and CEO:

Chairman of the Board and CEO	Ramon S. Ang
President	Mr. Lubin B. Nepomuceno*

\*Elected as President on February 19, 2013 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17- C filed on February 20, 2013; re-elected on May 20, 2014 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17- C filed on May 21, 2014

While the Chairman and CEO are the same person, the Company has a different person as President whose role and responsibilities are specifically delineated from the CEO under the By-laws and the CG Manual.

Furthermore, notwithstanding that the positions of Chairman and CEO are presently occupied by the same person, the functions of Chairman and CEO are also delineated in the By-laws and the CG Manual to foster balance of power, increased accountability and better capacity for independent decision-making by the Board.

The CG Manual also provides that the membership of the Board be a combination of executive and nonexecutive directors (which shall include independent directors) in order that no director or small group of directors can dominate the decision-making process. The non-executive directors are also required to possess such qualifications and stature that would enable them to effectively participate in the deliberations of the Board.

In addition, the Company has a sufficient number of directors and executives from diverse backgrounds to come up with balanced and informed collegial decisions.

### (b) Roles, Accountabilities and Deliverables

### Define and clarify the roles, accountabilities and deliverables of the Chairman and CEO.

While the Chairman and CEO of the Company are the same person, the Company has a different person as President whose role and responsibilities are also specifically delineated from the CEO under the By-laws and the CG Manual.

	Chairman	Chief Executive Officer	Petron's President
Role	Under the By-laws and the CG Manual, the Chairman shall preside at all board and stockholders' meetings and shall act as the Chairman of the Executive Committee and the non-voting Chairman of the Compensation Committee.	Under the By-laws and the CG Manual, the CEO shall perform the duties assigned to him by the Board, including the exercise of oversight responsibility over the investor relations programs of the Company.	Under the By-laws and the CG Manual, the President shall perform the duties assigned to him by the Board and act as a non-voting member of the Compensation Committee.
Accountabilities	<ul> <li>Under the CG Manual, the Chairman shall:</li> <li>(i) ensure that the meetings of the Board are held in accordance with the By- laws or as the Chairman may deem necessary;</li> <li>(ii) supervise the preparation of the agenda of the meeting in coordination with the Corporate Secretary, taking into consideration the suggestions of the CEO, Management and the directors; and</li> <li>(iii) maintain qualitative and timely lines of communication and information between the Board and Management.</li> </ul>	Under the CG Manual, if so assigned to perform the task, the CEO shall exercise oversight responsibility over the investor relations program of the Company.	Under the CG Manual, the President shall have operational responsibility of the Company and be ultimately accountable for the Company's organizational and procedural controls.
Deliverables	Under the CG Manual and applicable laws and regulations, the Chairman helps prepare the agenda and signs several corporate and financial documents of the Company, including the SEC Form 17-A, the Statement of Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements of the Company, and the minutes of meetings (and beginning 2013, the Annual Corporate Governance Report).	Under applicable laws and regulations, the CEO signs several corporate and financial documents of the Company, including the SEC Form 17-A and the Statement of Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements of the Company (and beginning 2013, the Annual Corporate Governance Report).	Under applicable laws and regulations, the President signs several corporate and financial documents of the Company, including the SEC Form 17-A and the Statement of Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements of the Company (and beginning 2013, the Annual Corporate Governance Report).

## 3) Explain how the board of directors plans for the succession of the CEO/Managing Director/President and the top key management positions?

The Company has a management succession program in place to ensure an adequate reserve of highly qualified candidates who can respond to immediate and long-term replacements for top key management positions. The program provides a rational system and approach to identify and select candidates for movement to executive positions, supported by deliberate training programs to address the development needs of high potential candidates.

### 4) Other Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors

## Does the company have a policy of ensuring diversity of experience and background of directors in the board? Please explain.

Yes. The CG Manual provides for the general policy that that the membership of the Board be of such a combination of directors to make sure that no director or small group of directors can dominate the decision-making process and that the non-executive directors have such qualifications and stature that would enable them to effectively participate in the deliberations of the Board. The pre-screening and short-listing by the Nominations Committee of candidates to the Board aims to bring together directors with diverse backgrounds to ensure balanced and informed collegial decisions in the Board.

## Does it ensure that at least one non-executive director has an experience in the sector or industry the company belongs to? Please explain.

Yes. The Company has non-executive directors who have experience in the oil industry.

Mr. Ron W. Haddock is a director of Alon Energy USA. He also held various positions in the Exxon Group, including, Manager of Baytown Refinery, Corporate Planning Manager, Vice President for Refining, Executive Assistant to the Chairman, and Vice President and Director of Esso Eastern, Inc.

Atty. Estelito P. Mendoza was former Chairman of Alcorn Petroleum and Minerals Corporation.

**Define and clarify the roles, accountabilities and deliverables of the Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors:** (updated pursuant to the SEC Form 17-C of the Company dated July 3, 2014 in relation to the amendment of its CG Manual)

	Executive	Non-Executive	Independent Director
Role	An executive director	A non-executive director	An independent director
	forms part of the Board	also forms part of the	also forms part of the
	through which the	Board through which the	Board through which the
	corporate powers of the	corporate powers of the	corporate powers of the
	Company are exercised,	Company are exercised,	Company are exercised,
	all business of the	all business of the	all business of the
	Company is conducted,	Company is conducted,	Company is conducted,
	and all property of the	and all property of the	and all property of the
	Company is controlled.	Company is controlled.	Company is controlled.
	An executive director, in		An independent
	addition to the above		director, however,
	role, provides qualitative		further plays the role of

	and timely lines of information and		giving objective and impartial analysis in the
	connection between Management and the Board.		deliberations and decisions of the Board and the committees he belongs to.
			Under the CG Manual, one of the independent directors of the Company is required to be the Chairman of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee. Further, one of them is required to be a member of the Compensation Committee. And in addition to the Chairman of the Audit Committee, another independent director acts as a member of the Audit Committee.
Accountabilities	The CG Manual emphasizes that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director should, therefore, act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and fairness. He shall exercise leadership, prudence and integrity in directing the Company towards sustained progress. The CG Manual also sets out the following duties and responsibilities of a director:	The requirements of the CG Manual for an executive director also apply to a non-executive director.	The requirements of the CG Manual for executive and non-executive directors also apply to an independent director. In addition, the independent director of the Company is expected to be independent of Management and free from any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with his exercise of independent judgment in carrying out his responsibilities as a director.
	1. To conduct fair business transactions with		And while his absence will not affect the quorum requirement for meetings, an

the Company, fully	independent director is
disclose to the Board	enjoined by the CG
any interest he may	Manual to always attend
have in any matter	Board meetings to promote transparency.
or transaction to be	promote transparency.
acted upon by the	
Board and recuse	
himself in the	
Board's decision-	
making process with	
respect thereto and,	
in general, ensure	
that personal	
potential conflict of	
interest with, or bias	
against, the interest	
of the Company or	
does not prejudice	
Board decisions.	
A director who has	
a continuing	
material conflict of	
interest is required	
to seriously	
consider resigning	
from his position. A	
conflict of interest	
is considered	
material if the	
director's personal	
or business interest	
is antagonistic to	
that of the	
Company, or stands	
to acquire or gain	
financial advantage	
at the expense of	
the Company;	
2. To devote the time	
and attention	
necessary to	

	properly and effectively
	discharge his duties
	and responsibilities;
	,
3.	To act judiciously;
4.	To exercise
4.	independent
	judgment;
	juuginent,
5.	To have a working
	knowledge of the
	statutory and
	regulatory
	requirements
	affecting the
	Company, including
	the contents of the
	Articles of
	Incorporation and
	the By-laws, the
	rules and
	regulations or
	requirements of
	the SEC, and where
	applicable, the
	requirements of
	other relevant
	regulatory
	agencies;
~	<b>T</b>
6.	To observe
	confidentiality with
	respect to all matters coming
	before the Board;
	before the bodfu;
7.	To ensure the
	continuing
	soundness,
	effectiveness and
	adequacy of the
	Company's control
	environment; and
8.	To attend

	seminar/s on corporate governance conducted by a duly recognized private or government institute in accordance with applicable laws, rules and regulations.		
Deliverables	An executive director signs several corporate documents of the Company, including the minutes of the meetings of the board committee(s) he belongs to and periodic filings of the Company (such as the annual report (SEC Form 17-A and the new requirement of the SEC for the Annual Corporate Governance Report beginning 2013 for reported year 2012).	A non-executive director signs several corporate documents of the Company, including the minutes of the meetings of the board committee(s) he belongs to.	An independent director is required to submit to the Corporate Secretary a certification confirming that he possesses all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications of an independent director at the time of his election and/or re- election as an independent director. He likewise signs several corporate documents of the Company, including the minutes of the meetings of the board committee(s) he belongs to and good corporate governance periodic filings of the Company (such as the Corporate Governance Scorecard of the Philippine Stock Exchange that was required until 2012 and the new requirement of the SEC for the Annual Corporate Governance Report beginning 2013 for reported year 2012).

### Provide the company's definition of "independence" and describe the company's compliance to the definition.

Under the CG Manual, the independence of an independent director is defined as independence from Management and the lack of any business or other relationship (apart from fees and shareholdings) which could, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with the exercise by such director of independent judgment in carrying out his responsibilities as a director.

To ensure that the independence of an independent director is maintained, an independent director of the Company is required to submit to the Corporate Secretary a certification confirming that he possesses all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications of an independent director at the time of his election and/or re-election as an independent director.

The CG Manual expressly provides as a ground for disqualification and ineligibility of an independent director (or any person aspiring for nomination and election as independent director) the appointment as an officer, employee or consultant of the Company. The disqualification and ineligibility are effective until after the lapse of two (2) years from the termination of his officership, employment and consultancy agreement with the Company.

Further, the CG Manual provides as a temporary disqualification of an independent director (or any person aspiring for nomination and election as independent director) the beneficial equity ownership in the Company or its subsidiaries and affiliates of more than 2% of the subscribed capital stock. The disqualification can only be lifted until after the shareholding limit is complied with.

Does the company have a term limit of five consecutive years for independent directors? If after two years, the company wishes to bring back an independent director who had served for five years, does it limit the term for no more than four additional years? Please explain.

The nomination and election of the independent directors of the Company are made in accordance with law, the Bylaws, and the CG Manual.

5) Changes in the Board of Directors (Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors)

### (a) Resignation/Death/Removal

Indicate any changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that happened during the period:

Name	Position	Date of Cessation	Reason
None			

(b) Selection/Appointment, Re-election, Disqualification, Removal, Reinstatement and Suspension

Describe the procedures for the selection/appointment, re-election, disqualification, removal, reinstatement and suspension of the members of the Board of Directors. Provide details of the processes adopted (including the frequency of election) and the criteria employed in each procedure:

Procedure	Process Adopted	Criteria
a. Selection/Appointment		
a. Selection/Appointment (i) Executive Directors	The By-laws require that the election of the directors of the Company be held at annual stockholders' meeting, except that any vacancy occurring in the Board other than by removal by the stockholders or by expiration of term may be filled by the vote of at least a majority of the remaining directors and such director so elected to fill a vacancy shall be elected only or the unexpired term of his predecessor in office. Pursuant to the provisions of the CG Manual, the Nomination Committee pre- screens and short-lists candidates who have the qualifications set out in applicable laws and regulations, the By-laws and the CG Manual.	<ul> <li>A person to be nominated and elected as a director of the Company should have the following minimum qualifications:</li> <li>1. holder of at least one (1) share of stock of the Company;</li> <li>2. be a college graduate or have sufficient experience in managing a business;</li> <li>3. be at least 21 years old; and</li> <li>4. possesses integrity</li> <li>and should have none of the following disqualifications:</li> <li>1. engaged in any business that competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Company;</li> <li>A person is deemed to</li> </ul>
	In case of the expiration of the term of the directors, the final list of the candidates is set out	engage in competing or antagonistic business if:
	in the Definitive Information	

Statement and the disclosure of the Company for th information and consideratio of the stockholders. Durin the annual stockholders meeting, the 15 nominees wh get the highest votes shall b deemed duly elected a directors. Under the By-laws cumulative voting is allowed i the election of directors. Thus a stockholder may distribut his/her votes per share to a many persons as there ar directors to be elected, o he/she may cumulate hi shares and give one candidat as many votes as the numbe of directors to be electe multiplied by the number of shares he/she has, or he/sh may distribute them on th same principle among as man candidates as he/she shall se fit; provided, that the tota number of votes cast b him/her shall not exceed th number of shares owned b him/her as shown in the book of the Company multiplied b the whole number of director to be elected.	<ul> <li>manager or controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 10% or more of any outstanding class of shares, or similar ownership interest, of any corporation, or other form of business entity (other than one in which the Company owns at least 30% of the total issued and outstanding capital stock or equivalent ownership interest) engaged in a business that the Board determines to be competitive or antagonistic to that of the Company;</li> <li>(b) The person is an officer, manager or controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 10% or more of any outstanding class of shares, or similar</li> </ul>
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	2.	has been convicted by
		final judgment of a competent judicial or administrative body of an offense involving moral turpitude and/or fraud or has been enjoined or restrained by the SEC or other competent judicial or administrative body for violation of the securities, commodities, and other related laws;
	3.	has been determined by the SEC or a court or administrative body to have willfully violated, or willfully aided, abetted, counseled, induced or procured the violation of, any provision of the Securities Regulation Code, the Corporation Code, or any other law administered by the Commission or the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas ("BSP"), or any rule, regulation or order of the SEC or the BSP;
	4.	has been declared insolvent by a competent court;
	5.	has been convicted by final judgment of a competent court or administrative body of an offense punishable by imprisonment for a period exceeding six (6) years, or a violation of the Corporation Code, committed within five (5) years prior to the date of his proposed election or appointment; or

		<ol> <li>has been found guilty by a foreign court or equivalent financial regulatory authority of acts, violations or misconduct similar to any of the acts, violations or misconduct listed in the foregoing paragraphs.</li> </ol>
		The Nomination Committee will also consider the following guidelines in the determination of the number of allowed memberships in other boards of the members of the Board of the Company:
		<ol> <li>the nature of the business of the other companies in which a member of the Board is also a director;</li> <li>age of the director;</li> <li>number of directorships/active memberships and officerships in other corporations or organizations; and</li> <li>possible conflict of interest.</li> </ol>
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	The process adopted for the election of an executive director as above-explained is applicable to the election of a non-executive director.	The criteria required for the election of an executive director as above-explained are applicable to the election of a non-executive director.
(iii) Independent Directors	The process adopted for the election of executive and non- executive directors as above- explained is applicable to the election of an independent director.	The criteria required for the election of executive and non-executive directors as above-explained are applicable to the election of an independent director. In addition, his independence from Management and lack of any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with his exercise of independent judgment in carrying out his responsibilities as a director

		will also be considered
b. Re-appointment		
(i) Executive Directors	The By-laws require that the election of the directors, including any re-appointment be held at annual stockholders' meeting, except that any re-appointment made to fill in a vacancy occurring in the Board other than by removal by the stockholders or by expiration of term may be filled by the vote of at least a majority of the remaining directors and such director so elected to fill the vacancy shall be elected only or the unexpired term of his predecessor in office. Pursuant to the provisions of the CG Manual, the Nomination Committee prescreens and short-lists candidates who have the qualifications and none of the disqualifications set out in applicable laws and regulations, the By-laws and the CG Manual.	The criteria required for the election of an executive director as above-explained are applicable to any re- appointment.
	If the re-appointment will be made at an annual stockholders' meeting, the final list of the candidates is set out in the Definitive Information Statement and the disclosures of the Company for the information and consideration of the stockholders. During the annual stockholders' meeting, the 15 nominees who get the highest votes shall be deemed duly elected as directors. Under the By-laws, cumulative voting is allowed in the election of directors. Thus, a stockholder may distribute his/her votes per share to as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or he/she may cumulate his	

		<u> </u> ]
	shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of shares he/she has, or he/she may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as he/she shall see fit; provided, that the total number of votes cast by him/her shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him/her as shown in the books of the Company multiplied by the whole number of directors to be elected.	
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	The process adopted for the re-appointment of an executive director applies to the re-appointment of a non-executive director.	The criteria required for the election of an executive director as above-explained are applicable to any re-appointment of a non-executive director.
(iii) Independent Directors	The process adopted for the re-appointment of executive and non-executive directors applies to the re- appointment of an independent director.	The criteria required for the re-appointment of executive and non-executive directors as above-explained are applicable to the re- appointment of an independent director. In addition, the independence of the individual from Management and lack of any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with his exercise of independent judgment in carrying out his responsibilities as a director will also be considered. An independent director is required to submit to the Corporate Secretary a certification confirming that he possesses all the qualifications of an independent director at the time of his election and/or re- election as an independent director.

c. Permanent Disqualification		
(i) Executive Directors	The qualifications and disqualifications of the directors of the Company (including the grounds set out in the law) form part of the CG Manual. The Compliance Officer, in the performance of his duty to monitor compliance with the provisions and requirements of the CG Manual, should raise the issue of any permanent disqualification that any director may have so that the necessary procedure for the removal of the concerned director and the nomination and election of the replacement director can be commenced.	<ul> <li>In addition to the disqualifications set out in applicable laws and regulations, the CG Manual provide the following criteria for disqualifying a director or a person aspiring to be a director:</li> <li>1. conviction by final judgment or order of a competent judicial or administrative body of any criminal offense that (a) involves the purchase or sale of securities, as defined in the Securities Regulation Code; (b) arises out of the person's conduct as an underwriter, broker, dealer, investment adviser, principal, distributor, mutual fund dealer, futures commission merchant, commodity trading advisor, or floor broker; or (c) arises out of his fiduciary relationship with a bank, quasi-bank, trust company, investment house or as an affiliated person of any of them;</li> <li>2. If by reason of misconduct and after hearing, such person is permanently enjoined by a final judgment or order of the SEC or any court or administrative body of competent jurisdiction from: (a) acting as underwriter, broker, dealer, investment adviser, principal distributor, mutual fund dealer, futures company, investment house or as an affiliated person of any of them;</li> </ul>

broker; (k director or bank, qua company, house, o company; ( or continuit or practice capacities sub-paragra above, violating t govern so	officer of a asibank, trust investment r investment c) engaging in ng any conduct in any of the mentioned in aphs (a) and (b) or willfully he laws that ecurities and
also apply in currently th order of th court or body denyi suspending registration permit iss under the Code, Regulation other law a	lification shall f such person is the subject of an the SEC or any administrative ng, revoking or any , license or sued to him e Corporation Securities Code or any dministered or
issued by t or has of restrained any activ securities a such perso the subject order of a organization or expellin membershi or associa	nd banking; or on is currently of an effective self-regulatory n suspending ng him from p, participation ation with a participant of
3. conviction judgment court o	by final or order of a r competent tive body of an twolving moral fraud,

	estafa, counterfeiting, misappropriation, forgery, bribery, false affirmation, perjury or other fraudulent acts;
4.	declared by final judgment or order of the SEC, court, or competent administrative body to have willfully violated, or willfully aided, abetted, counseled, induced or procured the violation of any provision of the Corporation Code, Securities Regulation Code or any other law administered by the SEC or BSP, or any of its rule, regulation or order;
5.	If after his election as independent director of the Company, such person becomes an officer, employee or consultant of the Company;
6.	judicially declared as insolvent;
7.	found guilty by final judgment or order of a foreign court or equivalent financial regulatory authority of acts, violations or misconduct similar to any of the acts, violations or misconduct enumerated in sub-paragraphs (1) to (5) above; and
8.	conviction by final judgment of an offense punishable by imprisonment for more than six (6) years, or a violation of the Corporation Code

		committed within five (5) years prior to the date of	
		his election or	
		appointment.	
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	The process for the permanent disqualification of an executive director as above-explained applies to the permanent disqualification of a non- executive director.	The criteria for the permanent disqualification of an executive director as above-explained apply to the permanent disqualification of a non-executive director.	

(iii) Independent Directors	The process for the permanent disqualification of executive and non-executive directors as above-explained applies to the permanent disqualification of an independent director. In addition, a notice of the disqualification must be filed with the SEC within five (5) days of such disqualification pursuant to requirements of the Amended Implementing Rules and Regulations of the Securities Regulation Code	The criteria for the permanent disqualification of executive and non-executive directors as above-explained apply to the permanent disqualification of an independent director.
	(the "SRC Rules").	
d. Temporary Disqualification (i) Executive Directors	The qualifications and disqualifications of the directors of the Company (including the grounds set out in the law) form part of the CG Manual. The Compliance Officer, in the performance of his duty to monitor compliance with the provisions and requirements of the CG Manual, should raise the issue of any temporary disqualification of any director may have so that the necessary procedure for the removal and/or suspension of the concerned director nomination and the election of the replacement director can be commenced.	<ul> <li>The CG Manual provides that any of the following shall be a ground for temporary disqualification of a director, or, if applicable, of any person aspiring for nomination and election to the Board:</li> <li>1. refusal to comply with the disclosure requirements of the Securities Regulation Code and its implementing rand regulations. The disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists;</li> <li>2. absence in more than 50% of all regular and special meetings of the Board during his incumbency, or any 12-month period during the said incumbency, unless the absence is due to illness, death in the immediate family or serious accident. The disqualification shall</li> </ul>

		<ul> <li>succeeding election;</li> <li>dismissal or termination for cause as director of any corporation. The disqualification shall be in effect until he has cleared himself from any involvement in the cause that gave rise to his dismissal or termination;</li> </ul>
		and 4. if any of the judgments or orders cited in the grounds for permanent disqualification has not yet become final.
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	The process for the temporary disqualification of an executive director as above-explained applies to the temporary disqualification of a non- executive director.	The criteria for the permanent disqualification of an executive director as above-explained apply to the permanent disqualification of a non-executive director.
(iii) Independent Directors	The process for the temporary disqualification of executive and non-executive directors as above-explained applies to the temporary disqualification of an independent director. In addition, a notice of the disqualification must be filed with the SEC within five (5) days of such disqualification pursuant to requirements of the SRC Rules.	The criteria for the temporary disqualification of executive and non-executive directors as above-explained apply to the temporary disqualification of an independent director. In addition, the beneficial ownership by an independent director of the Company or its subsidiaries and affiliates exceeding 2% of the subscribed capital stock is a temporarily disqualification of such independent director. The disqualification will be lifted if the limit is later complied with.
e. Removal	The grounds for the removal of	Under the provisions of the
(i) Executive Directors	The grounds for the removal of a director of the Company are the lack of any of the qualifications and/or the possession of any of the disqualifications of the directors of the Company	Under the provisions of the Corporate Code, a director can be removed without or without cause, except that removal without cause may not be used to deprive minority stockholders of the

	(including the grounds set out in the law) as such qualifications and disqualifications form part of the CG Manual. The Compliance Officer, in the performance of his duty to monitor compliance with the provisions and requirements of the CG Manual, should raise the issue of any ground for the removal of any director so that the necessary procedure for removal of such director can be commenced.	right of representation. A cause for removal can either be any ground for the permanent or temporary disqualification of a director as set out in the relevant items above.
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	The process for the removal of an executive director of the Company as above-discussed also applies to the removal of a non-executive director.	The criteria for the removal of an executive director of the Company as above-discussed also apply to the removal of a non-executive director.
(iii) Independent Director	The process for the removal of executive and non-executive directors of the Company as above-discussed also applies to the removal of an independent director.	The criteria for the removal of executive and non-executive directors of the Company as above-discussed also apply to the removal of an independent director.
	In addition, a notice of the disqualification must be filed with the SEC within five (5) days of such disqualification pursuant to requirements of the SRC Rules.	In addition, an independent director can be removed if he subsequently fails to have any of the qualifications and/or possesses any disqualifications specifically applicable to an independent director under the law ( <i>e.g.</i> , beneficial ownership of more than 2% of the equity of the Company and/or its subsidiaries).
f. Re-instatement		
(i) Executive Directors	The reinstatement of any executive director who was previously temporarily disqualified to act as such will require the observance of the procedure described above for the selection and appointment of executive directors. The re-instatement of a director may either be made	A director proposed to be reinstated must possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications for the position of director. And pursuant further to the CG Manual, the re- instatement of a previously disqualified director should be made only after the period

during the annual stockholders' meeting or at	of disqualification described below:
any time by the vote of at least	DEIUW.
	1 in case of any refusal to
a majority of the remaining directors in case of any	1. in case of any refusal to comply with the
1	··· · · · · · · ·
vacancy occurring in the Board	disclosure requirements
other than by removal by the	of the Securities
stockholders or by expiration	Regulation Code and its
of term, and such director so	implementing rules and
elected to fill a vacancy shall	regulations, until the
be elected only or the	compliance with such
unexpired term of his	disclosure requirements;
predecessor in office.	
	2. in case of absence in
Pursuant to the provisions of	more than 50% of all
the CG Manual, the	regular and special
Nomination Committee pre-	meetings of the Board
screens and short-lists	during his incumbency,
candidates who have the	or any 12-month period
qualifications and none of the	during the said
disqualifications set out in	incumbency, unless the
applicable laws and	absence is due to illness,
regulations, the By-laws and	death in the immediate
the CG Manual.	family or serious
	accident, until after the
In case the re-instatement will	succeeding election; and
be made during the annual	
stockholders' meeting, the	3. in case of dismissal or
final list of the candidates is	termination for cause as
set out in the Definitive	director of any
Information Statement and the	corporation, until he has
disclosures of the Company for	cleared himself from any
the information and	involvement in the cause
consideration of the	that gave rise to his
stockholders. During the	dismissal or termination.
annual stockholders' meeting,	
the 15 nominees who get the	
highest votes shall be deemed	
duly elected as directors.	
Under the By-laws, cumulative	
voting is allowed in the	
election of directors. Thus, a	
stockholder may distribute	
his/her votes per share to as	
many persons as there are	
directors to be elected, or	
he/she may cumulate his	
shares and give one candidate	
as many votes as the number	
of directors to be elected	
multiplied by the number of	
shares he/she has, or he/she	
shales he/she has, of he/she	

(ii) Non-Executive Directors	The process adopted for the removal of a non-executive director due to a temporary	The criteria for the removal of a non- executive director due to a temporary
(i) Executive Directors	The process adopted for the removal of an executive director due to a temporary disqualification as explained above will be applicable to the process of suspending an executive director should such suspension be resorted to instead of removal.	The criteria for the removal of an executive director due to a temporary disqualification as explained above will be applicable to the criteria for suspending an executive director should such suspension be resorted to instead of removal.
g. Suspension		
(ii) Non-Executive Directors (iii) Independent Directors	same principle among as many candidates as he/she shall see fit; provided, that the total number of votes cast by him/her shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him/her as shown in the books of the Company multiplied by the whole number of directors to be elected. The process for the reinstatement of an executive director who was previously temporarily disqualified to act as such as above-discussed will apply to the reinstatement of a non-executive director. The process for the reinstatement of executive and non-executive directors who were previously temporarily disqualified to act as such as above-discussed will apply to the reinstatement of an independent director.	The criteria for the reinstatement of an executive director who was previously temporarily disqualified to act as such as above-discussed will apply to the reinstatement of a non- executive director. The criteria for the reinstatement of executive and non-executive directors who were previously temporarily disqualified to act as such as above-discussed will apply to the reinstatement of an independent director. In addition, any disqualification of an independent director due to his beneficial ownership in the Company or its subsidiaries and affiliates of more than 2% of the subscribed capital stock will only be lifted if the equity
	fit; provided, that the total number of votes cast by	

	disqualification as explained above will be applicable to the process of suspending a non- executive director should such suspension be resorted to instead of removal.	disqualification as explained above will be applicable to the criteria for suspending a non-executive director should such suspension be resorted to instead of removal.
(iii) Independent Directors	The process adopted for the removal of an independent director due to a temporary disqualification as explained above will be applicable to the process of suspending an independent director should such suspension be resorted to instead of removal.	The criteria for the removal of an independent director due to a temporary disqualification as explained above will be applicable to the criteria for suspending an independent director should such suspension be resorted to instead of removal.

# Voting Result of the last Annual General Meeting

Based on the Stockholders' Meeting Vote Canvassing Results issued by the stock transfer agent of the Company, SMC Stock Transfer Service Corporation, in connection with the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting held on May 20, 2014, the result of the voting for the election of the directors was as follows:

Name of Director	Votes Received
Ramon S. Ang	7,178,595,079
Eric O. Recto	7,178,595,079
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	7,179,235,677
Estelito P. Mendoza	7,178,595,077
Jose P. De Jesus	7,179,235,677
Lubin B. Nepomuceno	7,179,235,678
Aurora T. Calderon	7,113,111,785
Ron W. Haddock	7,179,235,676
Mirzan Mahathir	7,178,595,076
Romela M. Bengzon	7,179,235,676
Virgilio S. Jacinto	7,179,235,676
Nelly Favis-Villafuerte	7,179,235,676
Reynaldo G. David	7,299,856,049
Artemio V. Panganiban	7,178,595,076
Margarito B. Teves	7,300,496,649

Based on the Stockholders' Meeting Vote Canvassing Results issued by SMC Stock Transfer Service Corporation in connection with the 2013 annual stockholders' meeting held on May 21, 2013, the result of the voting for the election of the directors was as follows:

Name of Director	Votes Received
Ramon S. Ang	7,942,188,365
Eric O. Recto	7,951,981,865
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	7,952,654,965
Estelito P. Mendoza	7,951,981,865
Bernardino R. Abes	7,952,654,965
Roberto V. Ongpin	7,951,981,865
Lubin B. Nepomuceno	7,952,654,965
Aurora T. Calderon	7,939,094,915
Ron W. Haddock	7,952,654,965
Mirzan Mahathir	7,951,981,865
Romela M. Bengzon	7,952,654,965
Virgilio S. Jacinto	7,943,679,115
Nelly Favis-Villafuerte	7,952,654,965
Reynaldo G. David	7,951,981,865
Artemio V. Panganiban	7,951,981,865

Based on the Stockholders' Meeting Vote Canvassing Results issued by SMC Stock Transfer Services Corporation for the 2012 annual stockholders' meeting held on May 15, 2012, the result of the voting for the election of the directors was as follows:

Name of Director	Votes Received
Ramon S. Ang	8,077,929,221
Eric O. Recto	8,078,309,121
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	8,077,929,221
Estelito P. Mendoza	8,078,309,121
Bernardino R. Abes	8,078,309,121
Roberto V. Ongpin	8,078,309,121
Aurora T. Calderon	8,027,055,421
Ferdinand K. Constantino	8,027,055,421
Ron W. Haddock	8,078,309,121
Mirzan Mahathir	8,078,309,121
Romela M. Bengzon	8,078,309,121
Virgilio S. Jacinto	8,078,309,121
Nelly Favis-Villafuerte	8,078,309,121
Reynaldo G. David	8,078,309,121
Artemio V. Panganiban	8,078,309,121

#### 6) Orientation and Education Program

#### i. Disclose details of the company's orientation program for new directors, if any.

The Company conducts an orientation program for new directors immediately after their election. The orientation is a briefing on the Company's business, including tours of the Petron Bataan Refinery and major installations of the Company. The Compliance Officer likewise ensures that the new directors are oriented on the requirements of applicable law on corporate governance if the directors have not yet previously attended a corporate governance seminar.

**ii.** State any in-house training and external courses attended by Directors and Senior Management<sup>3</sup> for the past three (3) years: (updated pursuant to the SEC Form 17-Cs dated August 7, 2014 September 29, 2014 and November 10, 2014 filed by the Company)

### (1) Directors

- Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.
  - September 2014 Corporate Governance Seminar by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City

#### • Ramon S. Ang

- November 2014 Corporate Governance Seminar by Risks, Opportunities, Assessment and Management, Inc. held in Mandaluyong City
- October 2013 Conflicts of Interests and Board Evaluation Seminar conducted by The Hong Kong Institute of Directors in Mandaluyong City
- September 2012 Directors Training: Role of Company Director and Regulatory Framework and Board Practices Overview of Risk Management by The Hong Kong Institute of Directors held in Mandaluyong City
- July 2012 Mandatory Accreditation Programme for Directors of Public Listed Companies by Bursatra Sdn. Bhd. held in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

## • Eric O. Recto

- May 2014 Corporate Governance Seminar by Risks, Opportunities, Assessment and Management, Inc. held in Makati City
- July 2012 Mandatory Accreditation Programme for Directors of Public Listed Companies by Bursatra Sdn. Bhd. held in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
- March 2012 Euromoney Conference: "Philippines Investment Forum: The New Beginning" by Euromoney

#### • Lubin B. Nepomuceno

- August 2014 "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- October 2013 Anti-Trust/Competition Legislation Briefing by The trade Advisory Group held in Mandaluyong City
- > October 2013 Anti-Trust/Competition Legislation Briefing by The trade Advisory Group held in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Senior Management refers to the CEO and other persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company.

Mandaluyong City

- > October 2012 DCS Design & Engineering Study by the Petron Bataan Refinery held in Bataan
- September 2012 Future of Bio-Diesel by the Petron Bataan Refinery held in Bataan
- July 2012 Mandatory Accreditation Programme for Directors of Public Listed Companies by the Bursatra Sdn. Bhd. held in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
- > June 2012 Coking Conference by the Petron Bataan Refinery held in Bataan
- > June 2012 FCC Catalyst Production Study by the Petron Bataan Refinery held in Bataan
- June 2012 Technical Feasibility of Aromatic Plants Study by the Petron Bataan Refinery held in Bataan

### • Aurora T. Calderon

- September 2014 Corporate Governance Seminar by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- October 2013 FINEX Annual Convention "Inspiring Financial Excellence and Integrity Towards Global Competitiveness" by the Financial Executives of the Philippines held in Makati City
- October 2012 FINEX Annual Conference by the Financial Executives of the Philippines held in Makati City
- July 2012 Mandatory Accreditation Programme for Directors of Public Listed Companies by Bursatra Sdn. Bhd. held in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

#### • Estelito P. Mendoza

- September 2014 Corporate Governance Seminar by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- > June 2009 Corporate Governance Orientation Program by the Institute of Corporate Directors
- > June 2009 Seminar on Anti-Money Laundering by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas

#### • Artemio V. Panganiban

- February 2014 Corporate Governance & Risk Management Summit by the Institute of Corporate Directors held in Makati City
- November 2012 Corporate Governance Forum on "Navigating the New World of Business by the First Pacific Leadership Academy held in Pasig City
- December 2011 Board Governance Responsibilities: Risks, Culture Leadership conducted by the CG Education Program of the Philippine Long Distance Telephone Company ("PLDT CG Education Program"), together with Global Compliance Services, Inc. held in Hong Kong
- December 2010 Board of Director's Fiduciary Duties and Role in Relation to ERM: Best Practices in Dealing with the Agency Dilemma and Setting a Company's Risk Appetite by the PLDT CG Education Program, together with the Asia Risk Management Institute held at in Pasig City, Metro Manila
- December 2009 Governing in a Global Crisis: Lessons from the Great Recession by the PLDT CG Education Program, together with the Ethics and Compliance Officers Association, held in Hong Kong

## • Margarito B. Teves

- August 2014 "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- January 2012 Corporate Governance Course by the Bankers Institute of the Philippines held in Makati City

#### • Mirzan Mahathir

- > August 2014 "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- Nelly Favis-Villafuerte
  - > August 2014 "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- Reynaldo G. David
  - > August 2014 "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- Romela M. Bengzon
  - > August 2014 "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- Virgilio S. Jacinto
  - > September 2014 Corporate Governance Seminar by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- Jose P. de Jesus
  - > September 2014 Corporate Governance Seminar by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- Ron W. Haddock
  - > November 2014 Corporate Governance Seminar by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City

#### (2) Senior Management

- Emmanuel E. Eraña Senior Vice President and Chief Finance Officer
  - > August 2014 "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- Susan Y. Yu- Vice President, Procurement
  - August 2014 "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
  - February 2012 Fundamentals of Petroleum Refining A Non-Technical introduction course by the Oxford Princeton Programme (Singapore)
  - February 2012 Fundamentals of Refinery Economics and Blending Course by the Oxford Princeton Programme (Singapore)
  - September 2011 Coal Trading and Risk Management Training Course by Coaltrans Conferences Ltd.
  - June 2010 Advanced Energy Derivatives Pricing, Hedging and Risk Management Course by the Oxford Princeton Programme (New York, USA)
  - June 2010 Energy Derivatives Market, Instruments and Hedging Course by the Oxford Princeton Programme (New York, USA)

#### • Freddie P. Yumang - Vice President, Refinery

- > August 2014 "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- September 2012 Flowserve Decoking Conference held in the United States
- September 2012 Innospec's 2012 Well to Wheels Conference held in Dublin, Ireland
- September 2011 Innospec on the Fuels Additive Program for RMP-2 held in United Kingdom
- September 2010 SINOPEC 2'nd International Technical Conference on Petrochemical Catalysts held in China
- April 2010 Technical Exchanges with PTT Thai Oil Thailand and Petronas Melaka Malaysia Refineries held in Thailand and Malaysia
- > May 2010 70<sup>th</sup> ASCOPE National Committee Meeting held in Brunei Darussalam

### • Rowena O. Cortez - Vice President, Supply

- > August 2014 "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- March 2013 Strategic FSRU and FLNG Operations and Management by Uni Strategic Pte Ltd held in Malaysia
- November 2011 Global Petrochemical Industry Training by Nexant Chemsystems held in Shanghai, China
- > June 2011 Aviation Fuel Handling Seminar by Air Total held in Paris, France
- > June 2010 Executive Decision-Making, an online course by e-Cornell

### • Archie B. Gupalor- Vice President, National Sales

- > August 2014 "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City
- August-November 2010 Management Development Program by the San Miguel Purefoods University and Harvard Business Publishing House held in Pasig City

#### • Efren P. Gabrillo - Vice President, Controllers and Controller

> August 2014 - "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City

## • Albertito S. Sarte - Vice President, Treasurers and Treasurer

> August 2014 - "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City

# • Joel Angelo C. Cruz - Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary

> August 2014 - "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City

# • Rodulfo L. Tablante - Vice President, Operations

> August 2014 - "Creating Advantage Through Governance" by SGV & Co. held in Mandaluyong City

iii. Continuing education programs for directors: programs and seminars and roundtables attended during the year (updated pursuant to the SEC Form 17-Cs dated August 7, 2014, September 29, 2014 and November 10, 2014 filed by the Company)

Name of Director/Officer	Date of Training	Program	Name of Training Institution
Ramon S. Ang	1. November 6, 2014	<ol> <li>Corporate Governance Seminar (Mandaluyong City)</li> </ol>	1.Risks, Opportunities, Assessment and Management, Inc.
	2. October 21, 2013	<ol> <li>Conflicts of Interests and Board Evaluation Seminar conducted</li> </ol>	2. The Hong Kong Institute of Directors
	3. July 11 and 12, 2012	3. Mandatory Accreditation Programme for Directors of Public Listed Companies (Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia)	3. Bursatra Sdn. Bhd.
	4. September 11, 2012	<ul> <li>4. Directors Training: Role of Company Director and Regulatory Framework and Board Practices Overview of Risk Management (Mandaluyong City)</li> </ul>	4. The Hong Kong Institute of Directors
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	September 19, 2014	Corporate Governance Seminar (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Eric O. Recto	1. May 28, 2014	1. Corporate Governance Seminar (Makati City)	1. Risks, Opportunities, Assessment and Management, Inc.
	2. July 11 and 12, 2012	<ol> <li>Mandatory Accreditation Programme for Directors of Public Listed Companies (Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia)</li> </ol>	2. Bursatra Sdn. Bhd.
Lubin B. Nepomuceno	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Aurora T. Calderon	1. September 19, 2014	1. Corporate Governance Seminar (Mandaluyong City)	1. SGV & Co.
	2. July 11 and 12, 2012	2. Mandatory Accreditation Programme for Directors of Public Listed Companies (Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia)	2. Bursatra Sdn. Bhd.
Artemio V. Panganiban	1.February 4, 2014	1. Corporate Governance & Risk Management Summit (Makati City)	1. Institute of Corporate Directors
	2. November 19, 2012	2. Corporate Governance Forum on "Navigating the New World of Business	2. First Pacific Leadership Academy

		(Pasig City)	
Reynaldo G. David	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Mirzan Mahathir	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Nelly Favis-Villafuerte	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Romela M. Bengzon	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Margarito B. Teves	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Estelito P. Mendoza	September 19, 2014	Corporate Governance Seminar (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Virgilio S. Jacinto	September 19, 2014	Corporate Governance Seminar (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Jose P. de Jesus	September 26, 2014	Corporate Governance Seminar (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Ron W. Haddock	November 7, 2014	Corporate Governance Seminar (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Emmanuel E. Eraña	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Susan Y. Yu	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Rowena O. Cortez	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Freddie P. Yumang	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Albertito S. Sarte	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Efren P. Gabrillo	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Joel Angelo C. Cruz	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.
Rodulfo L. Tablante	August 5, 2014	"Creating Advantage Through Governance" (Mandaluyong City)	SGV & Co.

# B. CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT & ETHICS

1) Discuss briefly the company's policies on the following business conduct or ethics affecting directors, senior management and employees:

Business Conduct & Ethics	Directors	Senior Management	Employees
(a) Conflict of Interest	The CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and fairness. He shall exercise leadership, prudence and integrity in directing the Company towards sustained progress. One of the express duties of a director under the CG Manual is to conduct fair business transactions with the Company, fully disclose to the Board any interest he may have in any matter or transaction to be acted upon by the Board and recuse himself in the Board's decision-making process with respect thereto and, in general, ensure that personal interest does not cause actual or potential conflict of interest with, or bias against, the interest of the Company or does not prejudice Board decisions. A director who has a continuing material conflict of interest	The conflict of interest policy of the Company is enunciated in a number of policies of the Company. <u>Personnel Manual</u> The primary conflict of the interest policy of the Company is set out in the Personnel Manual. As a condition for employment, all incoming officers and employees are required to execute a conflict of interest undertaking that they have read the conflict of interest policy and that they will abide by its terms. A conflict between the personal interest of the officer/employee and the interest of the Company in dealing with suppliers, customers, and all other organizations or individuals doing or seeking to do business with the Company or any of its affiliates must be avoided. The following cases are considered to be in conflict with the Company's interest, or a violation of trust, and must be disclosed to	The conflict of interest policy of the Company as described in the preceding column on senior management applies to employees as well.

 n		[
should seriously	Management (through	
consider resigning from	the Conflict of Interest	
his position. A conflict	Committee) :	
of interest is considered		
material if the director's	(1) For officers,	
personal or business	employees or any	
interest is antagonistic	dependent member of	
to that of the Company,	their families to have any	
or stands to acquire or	interest in any	
gain financial advantage	, organization which has,	
at the expense of the	or is seeking to have	
Company.	business dealings with the	
company	Company where there is	
	opportunity for	
	preferential treatment to	
	be given or received	
	_	
	except where such	
	interest comprises	
	ownership of securities in	
	widely-held or publicly	
	listed corporations which	
	are quoted and sold in	
	the open market or	
	where such interest in a	
	private corporation is not	
	material;	
	(2) For officers,	
	employees or any	
	dependent members of	
	their families to buy for	
	any commercial purpose,	
	sell or lease any kind of	
	product, property,	
	facilities or equipment	
	from or to the Company;	
	since is the company)	
	(3) For officers or	
	employees to serve as an	
	officer or director of any	
	other company, or in any	
	management capacity for,	
	or as a consultant to any	
	individual, firm, or other	
	company competing,	
	doing or seeking to do	
	business with the	
	Company or any affiliate.	
	"Dependent member of	
	the family" shall mean an	
	employee's relative by	

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blood or affinity, within the third civil degree, whether or not such relative is actually dependent for his livelihood or support on the employee, or any relative of more remote degree or any other person who is dependent on the employee.
The following situations are prohibited and should not be done in any case: (1) For officers or employees, without proper authority:
a. to give or release to anyone not employed by the Company any data or information of a confidential nature concerning the Company, such as, but not limited to, those relating to decisions, plans, earnings, financial or business forecasts, or competitive bids; and
b. to use such information not generally known to the public for his personal advantage;
c. to acquire or induce others to acquire such information which may be used against the Company;
(2) For officers, employees or any dependent member of their families to accept or to solicit in exchange for a

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favor given or to be
extended, commissions,
share in profits, gifts in
cash, gift certificates or
other payments, loans or
advances (other than
from established banking
or financial institutions),
materials, services,
repairs or improvements
at no cost or at
unreasonably low prices,
manifestly excessive or
extravagant
entertainment, travel or
gifts of merchandise
which are more than
nominal value or
significant value from any
organization, firm or
individual, doing or
seeking to do business
with the Company;
(3) For officers or
employees to engage in
"insider trading" of shares
of stock of the Company
by using material
information not generally
known to the investing
public but acquired by the
officer or the employee
by virtue of his work or
functions in the Company.
The conflict of interest
policy is enforced through
the requirement for the
execution by incoming
officers and employees,
as a condition for
employment, of the
conflict of interest
undertaking conflict of
interest undertaking that
documents the
affirmation by the
signatory that he has read
the policy and agrees to
abide by its terms and
that he is not in a conflict

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of interest situation and,
in the event he that he
will be, he will disclose
the same to Management
through the Conflict of
Interest Committee.
Corporate Policy Manual
The Corporate Policy
Manual of the Company
revised on April 26, 2000
(the "Corporate Policy
Manual") also contains a
policy statement against
conflict of interest that
requires officers and
employees to avoid any
conflict between personal interest and the interest
of the Company in dealing with suppliers, customers
and all other
organizations and
individuals doing to
seeking to do business
with the Company or any
of its affiliates.
Code of Conduct
The Code of Conduct of
Conduct reiterates the
conflict of interest policy
of the Company that
proscribes the
engagement in any
business relationship or
activity which might
detrimentally conflict
with the interest of the
Company.
Under its terms, a conflict
of interest, actual or
potential, may arise
where, directly or
indirectly, where (a) one
engages in a business
relationship or activity
with anyone who is party to a transaction with the
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		Company, (b) one is in a	
		position to derive a	
		personal benefit or a	
		benefit by making or	
		influencing decisions	
		relating to any	
		transaction, (c) an	
		independent judgment of	
		the Company's best	
		interest cannot be	
		exercised, and (d) an	
		employee with close	
		relative(s) is employed by	
		another oil company.	
		A full disclosure of any	
		interest which the	
		director, his immediate	
		family or close relatives	
		and friends may have in	
		the Company is required	
		to be made.	
		The Code of Conduct	
		further generally	
		prohibits against	
		(a) taking a business or	
		financial opportunity that	
		Petron would have an	
		interest in pursuing, (b)	
		using Company property,	
		information or position	
		for personal gain; and (c)	
		competing with the	
		Company.	
(b) Conduct of Business	The CG Manual	Corporate Policy Manual	The conduct of business and
and Fair Dealings	embodies the policy		fair dealings policy of the
	that a director's office is	Under the Corporate	Company as described in
	one of trust and	Policy Manual, it is the	the preceding column on
	confidence.	policy of the Company	senior management applies
		maintain a respectable	to employees as well.
	In any business or	reputation in the business	
	dealing in which a	community in exercising	
	director acts in his	the highest level of	
	capacity as director of	honesty, integrity,	
	the Company, he should	competence and	
	thus act in the best	prudence in the conduct	
	interest of the Company	of its operations.	
	in a manner		
	characterized by	The Corporate Policy	
	transparency,	Manual requires that the	
	accountability and	Company only deal with	

fairness. He shall exercise leadership, prudence and integrity in directing the Company towards sustained progress.	licensed, reputable, reliable, competent and responsible suppliers and contractors which have passed the pre- qualification requirements of the Company. <u>Code of Conduct</u> The Code of Conduct further embodies Petron's commitment to conduct its business affairs fairly, honestly, impartially, in good faith and in an uncompromising ethical and proper manner and requires, among others, the following: 1. Being guided at all times by the Company's vision and mission which highlight professionalism, integrity, fairness commitment to excellence and care of the environment;	
	professionalism, integrity, fairness commitment to excellence and care of	
	3. dealing openly and honestly with customers, suppliers, contractors, financial institutions and joint venture participants of the Company and dealings on arm's length basis with with dealers, contractors, vendors	

and suppliers of the Company; I. supply of goods and services of the highest quality standards
services of the highest
backed by efficient after sales service;
5. conduct of business affairs in a manner that preserves the environment and protects the health and safety of all its employees, customers, suppliers, contractors and the general public;
<ol> <li>competing fairly and ethically within the framework of applicable competition laws; and</li> </ol>
7. except as may be permitted by the Board, not (a) taking a business or financial opportunity that Petron would have an interest in pursuing, (b) using Company property, information or position for personal gain; and (c) competing with the Company.
The Code of Conduct also requires fair dealings with the Company's suppliers, contractors, competitors, officers and employees with no one taking unfair advantage of anyone through manipulation, concealment or abuse of privileged information, misrepresentation of material facts or any

		practice.	
(c) Receipt of gifts from third parties	The CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and fairness. He shall exercise leadership, prudence and integrity in directing the Company towards sustained progress. While there is no specific receipt of gifts policy applicable to directors, the foregoing policy that a director's office is one that demands prudence and integrity already provides the guidelines in the acceptance by a director of gifts that may be prohibited by law or the Company receipt of gifts policy that applies to officers and employees.	Code of Conduct The Code of Conduct expressly provides that the giving or accepting gifts that equal more than the amount that would be considered customary courtesies may be deemed a bribe and that bribes are strictly prohibited by law and are against Company policy. The Company prohibits the solicitation, receipt, offer or making, directly or indirectly, of any illegal payments, remuneration, gifts, favors, commissions, donations, or comparable benefits which are intended or perceived to obtain business or uncompetitive favors for the conduct of business. The Code of Conduct further generally prohibits the solicitation and acceptance of loans, preferential discounts, extended credits, gifts, gratuities, remuneration, commissions, valuable privileges, vacations or trips, entertainment or other treatment special or excessive/extravagant in nature from a person or organization that might influence, or appear to influence, the performance of duties or to favor a dealer, contractor, supplier, vendor or competitor against the best interest of the Company. Lending money to, or	The receipt of gifts rule as described in the preceding column on senior management applies to employees as well.

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borrowing money from,
any customer, dealer,
contractor, vendor or
supplier is also strictly
prohibited.
Under no circumstances
will the acceptance or
giving of gifts in monetary
form be allowed.
Torrit be dilowed.
The Code des summarks
The Code also expressly
provides that anyone who
is offered or receives an
inappropriate gift must
refuse or return it in a
tactful and dignified
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manner, advising the
giver of the Company's
policy that prohibits
acceptance of such gifts.
Personnel Manual
Under the conflict of
interest policy of the
Personnel Manual,
officers, employees or
any dependent member
of their families is
prohibited from accepting
or soliciting in exchange
for a favor given or to be
extended commissions,
share in profits, gifts in
cash, gift certificates or
other payments, loans or
advances (other than
from established banking
=
or financial institutions),
materials, services,
repairs or improvements
at no cost or at
unreasonably low prices,
manifestly excessive or
extravagant
-
entertainment, travel or
gifts of merchandise
which are more than
nominal value or
significant value from any
organization, firm or

that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and fairness. He shall exercise leadership, prudence and integrity in directing the Company towards sustained progress.and respect of and complance with the letter and spirit of applicable laws, rules and regulations of places in which Company conducts its business or those applicable to the Company.described in the prece column on se management applies employees as well.Under the CG Manual, one of the specific duties of a director is to to have a working knowledge of the statutory and regulations or requirements of theInder the company, including the rules and regulations or requirements of theInder the company, including the rules and regulations or requirements of the	(d) Compliance with	The CG Manual	individual, doing or seeking to do business with the Company. The receipt of gift policy of the Company is enforced through the requirement for the execution by incoming officers and employees, as a condition for employment, of the conflict of interest undertaking that specifically includes the undertaking to comply with such receipt of gift policy. The Code of Conduct	The policy on compliance
one of the specific duties of a director is to to have a working knowledge of the statutory and regulatory requirements affecting the Company, including the rules and regulations or requirements of the		that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and fairness. He shall exercise leadership, prudence and integrity in directing the Company towards	and respect of and compliance with the letter and spirit of applicable laws, rules and regulations of places in which Company conducts its business or those applicable to the	with laws and regulations as described in the preceding column on senior management applies to
applicable, the requirements of other relevant regulatory agencies.		one of the specific duties of a director is to to have a working knowledge of the statutory and regulatory requirements affecting the Company, including the rules and regulations or requirements of the SEC, and where applicable, the requirements of other relevant regulatory agencies.		The policy on the use of

Secrets/Lise of Non	policy in the Dersonnal		non public information as
Secrets/Use of Non- public Information	policy in the Personnel Manual, to the extent	The Code of Conduct	non-public information as described in the preceding
public information	that it relates to the	requires the	column on senior
	non-disclosure of	confidentiality of	management applies to
	confidential information,	information entrusted	employees as well.
	is made expressly	by the Company or its	
	applicable to the	customers or business	
	directors of the	partners.	
	Company. The non-	p	
	disclosure obligation	The Code of Conduct also	
	provides the prohibition	requires fair dealings with	
	against (a) giving or	the Company's suppliers,	
	releasing to anyone not	contractors, competitors,	
	employed by the	officers and employees	
	Company any data or	with no one taking unfair	
	information of a	advantage of anyone	
	confidential nature	through manipulation,	
	concerning the	concealment or abuse of	
	Company, such as, but	privileged information,	
	not limited to, those	misrepresentation of	
	relating to decisions,	material facts or any	
	plans, earnings, financial	other unfair dealing	
	or business forecasts, or	practice.	
	competitive bids, (b) the		
	use of such information	The obligation extends to	
	not generally known to	all "Confidential	
	the public for his	information" which	
	personal advantage, or	includes all non-public	
	(c) acquiring or inducing	business, financial,	
	others to acquire such	personnel or technical	
	information which may	information, processes or	
	be used against the	systems, whether or not	
	Company.	in electronic form, related	
	Moreover, the CG	to any portion of Petron's business operations that	
	Manual also sets as a	have been learned,	
	policy that directors	generated or acquired in	
	observe confidentiality	dealings with the	
	with respect to all	Company.	
	matters coming before	company.	
	the Board.	The Code of Conduct	
		provides for the	
		following:	
		Ŭ	
		Company Information	
		• The use of confidential	
		or proprietary	
		information or trade	
		secrets that might be	
		of use to competitors	
		of the Company, or	

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harmful to the Company or its customers or business partners, if disclosed, is prohibited. • No disclosure of any information that, upon its release, would be likely to affect the market price of Petron stock should be made.	
Third Party Information• The confidential or proprietary information or trade secrets belonging or relating to any supplier, vendor, contractor, consultant, former employee or other person or entity should not be solicited, received or used, except as may be lawfully received from the owner or an authorized third party.	
Personnel Manual	
The conflict of interest policy in the Personnel Manual also covers the non-disclosure obligation of officers and employees that provides the prohibition against (a) giving or releasing to anyone not employed by the Company any data or information of a confidential nature concerning the Company, such as, but not limited to, those relating to decisions, plans, earnings,	
	customers or business partners, if disclosed, is prohibited. No disclosure of any information that, upon its release, would be likely to affect the market price of Petron stock should be made. <u>Third Party Information</u> The confidential or proprietary information or trade secrets belonging or relating to any supplier, vendor, contractor, consultant, former employee or other person or entity should not be solicited, received or used, except as may be lawfully received from the owner or an authorized third party. <u>Personnel Manual</u> The conflict of interest policy in the Personnel Manual also covers the non-disclosure obligation of officers and employees that provides the prohibition against (a) giving or releasing to anyone not employed by the Company any data or information of a confidential nature concerning the Company, such as, but not limited to, those relating to

(f) Use of Company       The CG Manual       Forecasts, or competitive bids, (b) the use of such information not generally known to the public for his personal advantage, or (c) acquiring or inducing others to acquire such information which may be used against the Company.         The policy on the non-disclosure of non-public information is enforced through the requirement for the execution by incoming officers and employees, as a condition for employment, of the conflict of interest undertaking includes the agreement not to engage in "insider trading" by using information of the work performed for the company.         (f) Use of Company       The CG Manual embodies the policy information of the company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and fairness. He shall       The policy on the use of adapted to the public and acquired by virtue of the following:			r	1
(f) Use of Company       The CG Manual information of the policic of the south adjusted by virtue of the company.         (f) Use of Company       The CG Manual information of the policy on the used against the comployees, as condition for employees in a control information of the conflict of interest undertaking information of the company not generally available to the public and acquired by virtue of the work performed for the company.         (f) Use of Company       The CG Manual information of the policy on the used against the company not generally available to the public and acquired by virtue of the company.       The policy on the use of company not generally available to the public and acquired by virtue of the responsible use of all thus act in the best interest of the Company that a director's office is one of trust and manner characterized by incoming and intellectual       The cole of conduct of the responsible use of all thus act in the best interest of the Company the responsible use of all thus act in the best interest of the Company the responsible use of all thus act in the best interest of the Company the following:       The cole of conduct of the responsible use of all thus act in the best interest of the Company the following:       The cole of conduct of the responsible use of all thus act in the best interest of the Company the following:       The cole of conduct of and acquired by intreest of the company the responsible use of all thus act in the best interest of the Company the following:       The cole of conduct of the manner characterized by the following:       The policy on the use of all thus act in the best interest of the Company the following:       The cole of conduct of and intellectual the policy for the company the following:				
(f) Use of Company Funds, Assets and Information       The CG Manual embodies the policy transparency, accountability and in a manner       The CG Manual embodies the policy. In a manner       The policy on the non- disclosure of non-public information is enforced through the requirement for the execution by incoming officers and employees, as a condition for employment, of the conflict of interest undertaking that specifically includes the statement that such officers or employees have read the policy. In addition, the undertaking includes the agreement not to engage in "insider trading" by using information			bids, (b) the use of such	
Image: set of the set of			information not generally	
Image: set of the set of			known to the public for	
(f) Use of Company       The CG Manual Information       Code of Conduct         (f) Use of Company       The CG Manual Information of the public and acquired by virtue of the work performed for the company.       The policy on the non-disclosure of non-public information is enforced through the requirement for the execution by incoming officers and employees, as a condition for employment, of the conflict of interest undertaking includes the statement that such officers or employees have read the policy. In addition, the undertaking includes the agreement not to engage in "insider trading" by using information of the Company not generally available to the public and acquired by virtue of the work performed for the Company.         (f) Use of Company       The CG Manual embodies the policy. In addition, the undertaking includes the agreement not to engage in "insider trading" by using information of the Company not generally available to the public and acquired by virtue of the work performed for the Company.       The code of Conduct       The policy on the use of company assets as the policy for the responsible use of all performed for the re			-	
(f) Use of Company       The CG Manual embodies the policy. In addition, the undertaking that specifically includes the agreement not to engage in "insider trading" by using information of the Company.       The policy on the non-disclosure of non-public information is enforced through the requirement for the execution by incoming officers and employees, as a condition for employment, of the conflict of interest undertaking that specifically includes the statement that such officers or employees have read the policy. In addition, the undertaking includes the agreement not to engage in "insider trading" by using information of the Company.         (f) Use of Company Funds, Assets and Information       The CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and       The cole of Conduct of the public and accountability and intellectual       The policy on the use of company.				
(f) Use of Company,         (f) Use of Company,         The CG Manual Information         The CG Manual Information <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
(f) Use of Company,         (f) Use of Company,         The CG Manual Information         Funds, Assets and Information         Information         Company,         (f) Use of Company,         The CG Manual Information         Information         Information         Information         Information         Information         The CG Manual Information         Information         The CG Manual Information				
(f) Use of Company       The CG Manual Information       Company.         (f) Use of Company       The CG Manual Information and acquired by virtue of the company.       The policy on the non-disclosure of non-public information by incoming officers and employees, as a condition for employment, of the conflict of interest undertaking that specifically includes the statement that such officers or employees have read the policy. In addition, the undertaking includes the agreement not to engage in "insider trading" by using information of the Company not generally available to the public and acquired by virtue of the work performed for the Company.         (f) Use of Company       The CG Manual embodies the policy of the a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and       Code of Conduct of company in a manner characterized by transparency.				
(f) Use of Company Funds, Assets and Information       The CG Manual embodies the policy incoming officers or employees have read the policy. In addition, the undertaking includes the agreement not to engage in "insider trading" by using information of the Company not generally available to the public and acquired by virtue of the work performed for the Company.       The policy on the non- disclosure of non-public information generally available to a the public and acquired by virtue of the work performed for the Company.         (f) Use of Company Funds, Assets and Information       The CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office. Shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and       Code of Conduct The Coloning: 1. protection of corporate information and intellectual       The policy on the use of company assets as escribed in the preceding column on senior management applies to employees as well.				
(f)       Use of Company         Funds, Assets and Information       The CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office is one of trust and information       The CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and       The policy on the use of corporate information and intellectual			Company.	
(f)       Use of Company         Funds, Assets and Information       The CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office is one of trust and information       The CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and       The policy on the use of corporate information and intellectual			The policy on the new	
(f) Use of Company Funds, Assets and InformationThe CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office is of the space informationCode of Conduct the conflict of company in comment informationThe policy on the use of company assets as the a maner characterized by in a maner characterized by in a manerThe CG Manual embodies the policy the company in a maner characterized by incountability and and intellectualThe policy on the use of company and intellectual				
(f) Use of Company Funds, Assets and InformationThe CG Manual employee, as director's office is one of trust and interest of the Company, accountability andThe CG Manual corporate informationCode of Conduct highlights the policy for the following:The policy on the use of company that specifically includes the statement that such officers or employees have read the policy. In addition, the undertaking information of the Company not generally available to the public and acquired by virtue of the company.The policy on the use of company assets as described in the preceding corporate information			-	
(f) Use of Company Funds, Assets and InformationThe CG Manual embolies the policy that a director's office is one of trust and Informationfor the execution by incoming officers and employees, as a condition for employment, of the conflict of interest undertaking includes the statement that such officers or employees have read the policy. In addition, the undertaking information of the Company not generally available to the public and acquired by virtue of the work performed for the Company.(f) Use of Company Funds, Assets and InformationThe CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by iransparency, accountability andThe responsible use of all perton property through the following: The policy on the use of company the perton property through the following: 				
(f) Use of Company Funds, Assets and InformationThe CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner comorate informationThe CG Manual confict of conduct The CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office is officers or employees of have read the policy the Company.The policy the use of company not generally available to the public and acquired by virtue of the Company.The policy the use of company not generally available to the public and acquired by virtue of the Company.The policy on the use of company assets as that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability andThe policy on the use of corporate information			through the requirement	
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prudence and integrity 2. use of equipment,				
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The CG Manual also sets as a policy that directors observe confidentiality with respect to all matters coming before the Board. With respect to other forms of Company property, while there is no specific policy on the use thereof applicable to directors, the responsible use of such property forms part of the accountability of the director to the Company.	<ol> <li>lending and disposition of company assets in accordance with appropriate Petron policies;</li> <li>use of Company assets (both tangible assets such as equipment and machinery, systems, facilities, materials,</li> </ol>
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	electronic means.	
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(g)	Employment	&	In lieu of an	The Corporate Manual	The policy on employment
(8)	Labor Laws Policies	&	employment contract, the directors are elected at the annual meeting of stockholders for a one year term until their successors shall have been duly elected and qualified pursuant to the By-laws. Any director elected in the interim will serve for the remaining term until the next annual meeting of the stockholders.	Policy sets out the policy of the Company that only mentally, physically and morally qualified candidates are recruited and hired for each job opening. Present employees of the Company are given priority for suitable job openings or vacancies. In the absence of qualified employees, the Company hires from outside sources.	and labor laws and regulations as described in the preceding column on senior management applies to employees as well.
				It is the general policy of the Company to require of officers and employees knowledge and respect of and compliance with the letter and spirit of applicable laws, rules and regulations of places in which Company conducts its business or those applicable to the Company.	
				The Corporate Manual Policy also provides for specific employment- related policies, such as the following:	
				1. establishment of standard terms and conditions of employment for its employees in any function, location and office which must be observed by all employees;	
				2. respect for the rights of its employees to form organizations in accordance with law for collective	

		bargaining; and	
		<ol> <li>compliance with labor laws and rules in respect of imposing disciplinary action.</li> </ol>	
(h) Disciplinary action	Thebasesfordisciplinaryactionsagainst the directors areset out in the CG Manualwhich provides for thegrounds for temporaryandpermanentdisqualifications.Theprocedureforimplementingthedisqualificationis	Under the Corporate Policy Manual and the Personnel Manual, any regular, probationary or contractual employee in any function or location, irrespective of position or classification, who commits an offense against the Company, its property or its personnel is subject to disciplinary action.	The policy on disciplinary actions as described in the preceding column on senior management applies to employees as well.
	explained in Item A(5)(b) above on "Selection/Appointment, Re-Election, Disqualification, Removal, Reinstatement and Suspension".	Any disciplinary action, which may include suspension and dismissal for a just or authorized cause provided by law or Company regulation, is carried out in accordance with provisions of existing labor laws and rules.	
(i) Whistle Blower	Prior to the adoption by the Board on May 6, 2013 of the Petron Corporation and Subsidiaries Whistle- blowing Policy whistle- blowing policy as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17- C filed on May 9, 2013, the Company, as a subsidiary of San Miguel Corporation, observed the San Miguel Corporation and Subsidiaries Whistle- blowing Policy.	The whistle-blowing policy as described in the preceding column on directors applies to officers as well.	The whistle-blowing policy as described in the preceding columns on directors and officers applies to employees as well.
	The salient terms of both policies are as follows: 1. Accounting, internal		

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	accounting controls, auditing or financial reporting concerns may be communicated to the General Counsel and Compliance Officer (the "Compliance Officer").		
	2. All communications received by the Compliance Officer will be kept confidential and all relevant communications to be distributed to the Audit Committee.		
	3. The Audit Committee will determine necessary or appropriate action or response; and		
	<ol> <li>Retaliation in any form against any interested party who, in good faith, raises a concern or reports a possible violation will not to be tolerated.</li> </ol>		
	The Company also maintains its website and hotlines through which concerns of any party may be relayed to the Company for appropriate investigation and/or action.		
(j) Conflict Resolution	It is the policy of the Company to encourage the use of alternative modes of dispute resolution for amicable settlement of conflicts or differences.	It is the policy of the Company to encourage the use of alternative modes of dispute resolution for amicable settlement of conflicts or differences.	It is the policy of the Company to encourage the use of alternative modes of dispute resolution for amicable settlement of conflicts or differences.

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		regulatory authorities.	

## 2) Has the code of ethics or conduct been disseminated to all directors, senior management and employees?

Yes. Copies of the Code of Conduct were distributed to directors, officers and employees and are readily available with the Human Resources Management and Development Department of the Company. The Code of Conduct is also available on the Petron intranet "*Petron Hub*".

#### 3) Discuss how the company implements and monitors compliance with the code of ethics or conduct.

The Code of Conduct forms part of the orientation of new employees of the Company and copies are distributed during the orientation. Copies of the Code of Conduct are also readily available with the Human Resources Management and Development Department of the Company. Under the terms of the Code of Conduct, every employee and officer has the responsibility, and it is the policy of the Company to encourage employees and officers, to ask questions, seek guidance and report suspected violations of the code. Each employee is required to know, understand and adhere to the Code of Conduct. All supervisors and managers are mandated to ensure that their subordinates comply with its provisions.

A failure to comply with the provisions of the Code of Conduct will subject an employee to discipline that may include counseling, reprimand, suspension and/or termination, in addition to any civil or criminal liability under existing laws. Due process will be followed. Disciplinary measures will depend on the circumstances of the violation and will be made in accordance with the provisions of the Personnel Manual and the Company Rules and Regulations on Discipline.

#### 4) Related Party Transactions

#### (a) Policies and Procedures

Describe the company's policies and procedures for the review, approval or ratification, monitoring and recording of related party transactions between and among the company and its parent, joint ventures, subsidiaries, associates, affiliates, substantial stockholders, officers and directors, including their spouses, children and dependent siblings and parents and of interlocking director relationships of members of the Board.

Related Party Transactions	Policies and Procedures
(1) Parent Company	Transactions between the Company and its parent company are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with non-related parties. Such transactions are made at normal market prices and terms. An assessment is undertaken at each financial year by examining the final position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.
	Pursuant to the requirements of the CG Manual, the Corporation fully and timely discloses all material information concerning its operations, including significant related party transactions (excluding the purchase of crude oil in the normal course of business).
	The Company likewise discloses its related party transactions through its consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards ("PFRS") and in the Definitive Information Statement and the annual report (SEC Form 17-A).
(2) Joint Ventures	Transactions between the Company and its joint ventures are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with non-related parties. Such transactions are made at normal market prices and terms. An assessment is undertaken at each financial year by examining the final position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.
	Pursuant to the requirements of the CG Manual, the Corporation fully and timely discloses all material information concerning its operations, including significant related party transactions (excluding the purchase of crude oil in the normal course of business).
	The Company likewise discloses its related party transactions through its consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS and in the Definitive Information Statement and the annual report (SEC Form 17-A).
(3) Subsidiaries	Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with non-related parties. Such transactions are made at normal market prices and terms. An assessment is undertaken at each financial year by examining the final position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.
	Pursuant to the requirements of the CG Manual, the Company fully and timely discloses all material information concerning its operations, including significant related party transactions (excluding the purchase of crude oil in the

	normal course of husiness)
	normal course of business).
	The Company likewise discloses its related party transactions through its consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS and in the Definitive Information Statement and the annual report (SEC Form 17-A).
(4) Entities Under Common Control	Transactions between the Company and its affiliates are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with non-related parties. Such transactions are made at normal market prices and terms. An assessment is undertaken at each financial year by examining the final position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.
	Pursuant to the requirements of the CG Manual, the Company fully and timely discloses all material information concerning its operations, including significant related party transactions (excluding the purchase of crude oil in the normal course of business).
	The Company likewise discloses its related party transactions through its consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS, the Definitive Information Statement and the annual report (SEC Form 17-A).
(5) Substantial Stockholders	Transactions between the Company and its substantial stockholders are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with non-related parties. Such transactions are made at normal market prices and terms. An assessment is undertaken at each financial year by examining the final position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.
	Pursuant to the requirements of the CG Manual, the Company fully and timely discloses all material information concerning its operations, including significant related party transactions (excluding the purchase of crude oil in the normal course of business).
	The Company likewise discloses its related party transactions through its consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS, the Definitive Information Statement and the annual report (SEC Form 17-A).
(6) Officers including spouse/children/siblings/parents	Transactions of an officer (including his spouse, children, siblings and parents) with the Company are considered a situation of conflict of interest that must be disclosed to Management through the Conflict of Interest Committee. As a condition of employment, officers are required to sign a conflict of interest undertaking that documents the affirmation by the signatory that he is not in a conflict of interest situation and, in the event he that he will be, he will disclose the same to Management through the Conflict of Interest Committee.

	Under the conflict of interest policy of the Company as embodied in the Corporate Policy Manual and the Personnel Manual, the restriction extends to an officer's relative by blood or affinity, within the third civil degree, whether or not such relative is actually dependent for his livelihood or support on such officer, or any relative of more remote degree or any other person who is dependent on such officer.
	Pursuant to the requirements of the CG Manual, the Company fully and timely discloses all material information concerning its operations, including significant related party transactions (excluding the purchase of crude oil in the normal course of business).
	The Company likewise discloses its related party transactions through its consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS, the Definitive Information Statement and the annual report (SEC Form 17-A).
	Further to the above, and in compliance with the requirements of the Corporation Code for contracts between the Company and an officer, the Company ensures that any such contract is fair and reasonable under the circumstances, the presence of such director in the meeting to approve the transaction should not be required for quorum purposes, his vote should not be necessary to approve such transaction, and the Board should have approved such transaction.
	In 2013 and 2012, the Company did not have any transaction with any officer of the Company.
(7) Directors including spouse/children/siblings/parents	The CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and fairness. He shall exercise leadership, prudence and integrity in directing the Company towards sustained progress.
	One of the express duties of a director under the CG Manual is to conduct fair business transactions with the Company, fully disclose to the Board any interest he may have in any matter or transaction to be acted upon by the Board and recuse himself in the Board's decision-making process with respect thereto and, in general, ensure that personal interest does not cause actual or potential conflict of interest with, or bias against, the interest of the Company or does not prejudice Board decisions.
	A director who has a continuing material conflict of interest should seriously consider resigning from his position. A conflict of interest is considered material if the director's

	personal or business interest is antagonistic to that of the Company, or stands to acquire or gain financial advantage at
	the expense of the Company.
	And pursuant to the requirements of the CG Manual, the Company fully and timely discloses all material information concerning its operations, including significant related party transactions (excluding the purchase of crude oil in the normal course of business).
	The Company likewise discloses its related party transactions through its consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS, the Definitive Information Statement and the Annual Report (SEC Form 17-A).
	Further to the above, and in compliance with the requirements of the Corporation Code for contracts between the Company and a director, the Company ensures that any such contract is fair and reasonable under the circumstances, the presence of such director in the meeting to approve the transaction should not be required for quorum purposes and his vote should not be necessary to approve such transaction.
	In 2013 and 2012, the Company did not have any transaction with any director of the Company.
(8) Interlocking director relationship of Board of Directors	The CG Manual embodies the policy that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall thus act in the best interest of the Company in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and fairness. He shall exercise leadership, prudence and integrity in directing the Company towards sustained progress.
	One of the express duties of a director under the CG Manual is to conduct fair business transactions with the Company, fully disclose to the Board any interest he may have in any matter or transaction to be acted upon by the Board and recuse himself in the Board's decision-making process with respect thereto and, in general, ensure that personal interest does not cause actual or potential conflict of interest with, or bias against, the interest of the Company or does not prejudice Board decisions.
	A director who has a continuing material conflict of interest should seriously consider resigning from his position. A conflict of interest is considered material if the director's personal or business interest is antagonistic to that of the Company, or stands to acquire or gain financial advantage at the expense of the Company.

And in compliance with the requirements of the Corporation Code for contracts between the Company and another company with which the Company has interlocking directors, the Company ensures that any such contract is fair and reasonable under the circumstances and that, in the event
the interest of the interlocking director in the other
corporation exceeds 20% of the outstanding capital stock and his interest in the Company is merely nominal, the Company
should also ensure that the presence of such interlocking
director in the meeting to approve the transaction should
not be required for quorum purposes and his vote should
not be necessary to approve such transaction.

#### (b) Conflict of Interest

#### (i) Directors/Officers and 5% or more Shareholders

Identify any actual or probable conflict of interest to which directors/officers/5% or more shareholders may be involved.

While the arrangements listed below may be deemed conflict of interest situations simply because of the relationship between the Company and its substantial holder, it is the policy and practice of the Company that transactions between the Company and its parent, subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with non-related parties.

Such transactions are therefore made at normal market prices and terms. Furthermore, an assessment is undertaken at each financial year by examining the final position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

	Details of Conflict of Interest (Actual or Probable)
Name of Director/s	None.
Name of Officer/s	None.
Name of Significant Shareholders	
1. San Miguel Corporation	1. The Company pays its parent company, San Miguel Corporation, a share in common expenses such as utilities and management fees.
2. Petron Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan	2. The Company advanced certain monies to Petron Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan.

# (ii) Mechanism

Describe the mechanism laid down to detect, determine and resolve any possible conflict of interest between the company and/or its group and their directors, officers and significant shareholders.

	Directors/Officers/Significant Shareholders		
Company	The conflict of interest policy of the Company as embodied in the Corporate Policy Manual and the Personnel Manual requires the execution by each officer and employee of an undertaking under which he expressly states that he is in compliance with such policy, will conduct himself according with the terms thereof and is not presently in violation of it, with the further undertaking to inform Management through the Conflict of Interest Committee in the event he becomes involved in a conflict of interest situation.		
	A Conflict of Interest Committee (composed of the Vice Presidents for Human Resources and Management Department, Corporate Planning, National Sales, and Refinery, and the Treasurer or the Controller) is formed to assist the Chairman and the President in the implementation of the conflict of interest policy by performing the following responsibilities:		
	1. review and make recommendations on the application of the conflict of interest policy and associated procedures to assure consistent application;		
	2. review and make recommendations on any specific conflict of interest situation raised; and		
	3. investigate any violation of the policy and recommend to the Chairman and the President the appropriate course of action (any situation that poses remote or insignificant danger or prejudice to the Company need not be elevated to the Chairman and the President, except when the officer involved is a member of the Conflict of Interest Committee).		
	The General Counsel of the Company as the secretary of the Conflict of Interest Committee reviews all conflict of interest undertakings executed and reports to the committee any relevant conflict of interest situation.		
	The conflict of interest policy provides that any violation thereof may result in disciplinary action, including termination for cause.		
	Related party transactions of Company are on an arm's		
L			

	length basis in a manner similar to transactions with non- related parties. Such transactions are made at normal market prices and terms. An assessment is undertaken at each financial year by examining the final position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.
Group	The discussion on the implementation of the conflict of interest policy of the Company as above-discussed in the immediately preceding row in relation to the Company applies to conflict of interest situations in the rest of the Petron Group as well.

- 5) Family, Commercial and Contractual Relations
  - (a) Indicate, if applicable, any relation of a family,<sup>4</sup> commercial, contractual or business nature that exists between the holders of significant equity (5% or more), to the extent that they are known to the company:

Names of Related Significant Shareholders	Type of Relationship	Brief Description of the Relationship
San Miguel Corporation and	Parent-Subsidiary	San Miguel Corporation wholly
SEA Refinery Corporation		owns SEA Refinery
		Corporation.

(b) Indicate, if applicable, any relation of a commercial, contractual or business nature that exists between the holders of significant equity (5% or more) and the company:

Names of Related Significant Shareholders	Type of Relationship	Brief Description
San Miguel Corporation	Shared Services	The Company pays San Miguel Corporation a share in common expenses such as utilities and management fees.
Petron Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan	Advances	The Company advanced certain monies to Petron Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan

(c) Indicate any shareholder agreements that may impact on the control, ownership and strategic direction of the company:

Name of Shareholders	% of Capital Stock affected (Parties)	Brief Description of the Transaction
None.	None.	None.

The Company is not aware of any.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Family relationship up to the fourth civil degree either by consanguinity or affinity.

# 6) Alternative Dispute Resolution

Describe the alternative dispute resolution system adopted by the company for the last three (3) years in amicably settling conflicts or differences between the corporation and its stockholders, and the corporation and third parties, including regulatory authorities.

	Alternative Dispute Resolution System
Corporation & Stockholders	It is the policy of the Company under the CG Manual to encourage the use of alternative modes of dispute resolution for amicable settlement of conflicts or differences between the Company and its stockholders, and the Company and third parties, including the regulatory authorities. To this end, the Company encourages negotiations with stockholders to settle differences. The Company has its Office of the Corporate Secretary, investor relations unit under the CFO, and stock transfer agent to reply to concerns of stockholders.
Corporation & Third Parties	It is the policy of the Company under the CG Manual to encourage the use of alternative modes of dispute resolution for amicable settlement of conflicts or differences between the Company and its stockholders, and the Company and third parties, including the regulatory authorities. In pursuance of this policy, the Company encourages negotiations with third parties to settle differences. The Company likewise has agreed under certain contractual arrangements to resolve issues through alternative modes of dispute resolution other than litigation, such as arbitration.
Corporation & Regulatory Authorities	It is the policy of the Company under the CG Manual to encourage the use of alternative modes of dispute resolution for amicable settlement of conflicts or differences between the Company and its stockholders, and the Company and third parties, including the regulatory authorities. To this end, the Company works closely with relevant government agencies and maintains strong lines of communication with them.

# C. BOARD MEETINGS & ATTENDANCE

#### 1) Are Board of Directors' meetings scheduled before or at the beginning of the year?

Yes, board meetings are scheduled before the beginning of the year. The schedule of the board meetings for 2012 was presented to the Board at the board meeting held on December 1, 2011. The schedule of the board meetings for 2013 was presented to the Board at the board meeting held on November 12, 2012. For 2014, the schedule of the board meetings was presented to the Board at the board meeting held on November 4, 2013. The schedule of the board meetings for 2015 was presented to the Board at the board at the board meeting held on November 4, 2013. The schedule of the board meetings for 2015 was presented to the Board at the board meeting held on November 7, 2014.

**2)** Attendance of Directors (updated pursuant to the advisement letter on attendance of directors at meetings held in 2014, which was filed by the Company with the SEC on January 6, 2014, and meetings held in 2013, which was filed by the Company with the SEC on January 28, 2014)

Board	Name	Date of Election	No. of Board Meetings Held during the year (2014)	No. of Meetings Attended	%
Chairman	Ramon S. Ang	January 8, 2009	7	7	100
Member	Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	January 8, 2009	7	7	100
Member	Roberto V. Ongpin	July 31, 2008	3 (during his term)	2	67
Member	Estelito P. Mendoza	January 8, 2009	7	5	71
Member	Bernardino R. Abes	July 31, 2001	3 (during his term)	2	67
Member	Eric O. Recto	July 31, 2008	7	7	100
Member	Lubin B. Nepomuceno	February 19, 2013	7	7	100
Member	Mirzan Mahathir	August 13, 2010	7	7	100
Member	Ron W. Haddock	December 2, 2008	7	7	100
Member	Virgilio S. Jacinto	August 13, 2010	7	7	100
Member	Aurora T. Calderon	August 13, 2010	7	7	100
Member	Romela M. Bengzon	August 13, 2010	7	7	100
Member	Nelly Favis-Villafuerte	December 1, 2011	7	7	100
Member	Jose P. de Jesus	May 20, 2014	4 (during his term)	3	75
Independent	Reynaldo G. David	May 12, 2009	7	7	100
Independent	Artemio V. Panganiban	October 21, 2010	7	7	100
Independent	Margarito B. Teves	May 20, 2014	4 (during his term)	4	100

#### 2013

Board	Name	Date of Election	No. of Board Meetings Held during the year (2013)	No. of Meetings Attended	%
Chairman	Ramon S. Ang	January 8, 2009	6	6	100
Member	Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	January 8, 2009	6	6	100
Member	Roberto V. Ongpin	July 31, 2008	6	5	83
Member	Estelito P. Mendoza	January 8, 2009	6	5	83
Member	Bernardino R. Abes	July 31, 2001	6	6	100
Member	Eric O. Recto	July 31, 2008	6	6	100
Member	Lubin B. Nepomuceno*	February 19, 2013	5 (during his term)	5 (during his term)	100
Member	Mirzan Mahathir	August 13, 2010	6	3	50
Member	Ron W. Haddock	December 2, 2008	6	5	83
Member	Ferdinand K. Constantino*	August 13, 2010	1 (during his term)	1 (during his term)	100
Member	Virgilio S. Jacinto	August 13, 2010	6	6	100
Member	Aurora T. Calderon	August 13, 2010	6	6	100
Member	Romela M. Bengzon	August 13, 2010	6	5	83
Member	Nelly Favis-Villafuerte	December 1, 2011	6	5	83
Independent	Reynaldo G. David	May 12, 2009	6	5	83
Independent	Artemio V. Panganiban	October 21, 2010	6	6	100

\*Mr. Ferdinand K. Constantino was replaced by Mr. Lubin B. Nepomuceno as a director on February 19, 2013 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on February 20, 2013.

Board	Name	Date of Election	No. of Meetings Held during the year	No. of Meetings Attended	%
Chairman	Ramon S. Ang	January 8, 2009	5	5	100
Member	Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	January 8, 2009	5	5	100
Member	Estelito P. Mendoza	January 8, 2009	5	5	100
Member	Roberto V. Ongpin	July 31, 2008	5	5	100
Member	Eric O. Recto	July 31, 2008	5	5	100
Member	Mirzan Mahathir	August 13, 2010	5	3	60
Member	Bernardino R. Abes	July 31, 2001	5	5	100
Member	Ron W. Haddock	December 2, 2008	5	5	100
Member	Ferdinand K. Constantino	August 13, 2010	5	5	100
Member	Virgilio S. Jacinto	August 13, 2010	5	5	100
Member	Aurora T. Calderon	August 13, 2010	5	3	60
Member	Romela M. Bengzon	August 13, 2010	5	5	100
Member	Nelly Favis-Villafuerte	December 1, 2011	5	5	100
Independent	Reynaldo G. David	May 12, 2009	5	5	100
Independent	Artemio V. Panganiban	October 21, 2010	5	5	100

# 3) Do non-executive directors have a separate meeting during the year without the presence of any executive? If yes, how many times?

No meeting of all the non-executive directors without any executive was held between 2012 and 2014.

#### 4) Is the minimum quorum requirement for Board decisions set at two-thirds of board members? Please explain.

The By-laws provide that the quorum for board meetings is a majority of the directors. Nevertheless, in 2014, of the six (6) board meetings held, four (4) meetings had 100% attendance by the directors and the remaining meetings had at least 87% attendance. In 2012, three (3) meetings had 100% attendance by the directors. The other two (2) meetings had an attendance of 87%, more than two-thirds of the membership of the Board and more than the majority number required by the By-laws. In 2013, of the six (6) board meetings held, two (2) meetings had 100% attendance and the rest had at least 80% attendance.

#### 5) Access to Information

#### (a) How many days in advance are board papers<sup>5</sup> for Board meetings provided to the board?

To ensure that ample time to review them is afforded the directors, board papers are distributed no later than one day in advance of board meetings.

#### (b) Do board members have independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary?

Yes, the directors can independently communicate and get in touch with Management and the Corporate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Board papers consist of complete and adequate information about the matters to be taken in the board meeting. Information includes the background or explanation on matters brought before the Board, disclosures, budgets, forecasts and internal financial documents.

Secretary. This independent access is set out as a specific policy of the Company under the CG Manual.

# (c) State the policy of the role of the company secretary. Does such role include assisting the Chairman in preparing the board agenda, facilitating training of directors, keeping directors updated regarding any relevant statutory and regulatory changes, etc?

Section 10 of Article V of the By-laws sets out the role of the Corporate Secretary of (i) keeping corporate books and records and the minutes of the meetings of the stockholders and the, (ii) giving notice of all meetings of stockholders and directors and all other notices required by law or the By-laws, (iii) being the custodian of the records and of the seal of the Company, (iv) keeping a register of the addresses the stockholders, and (v) performing all duties incident to the office of Secretary, and such other duties as may, from time to time, be assigned to him by the Board.

In addition to his duties and responsibilities set forth above in the by-laws, Section 2.5 of the CG Manual further prescribes the role of the Corporate Secretary as follows:

- informs the directors and stockholders of the agenda of their meetings and gives all other notices required by law or by the B-laws;
- ensures that the members of the Board have before them accurate information that will enable them to arrive at intelligent decisions on matters that require their approval;
- attends all board meetings, except when justifiable causes, such as illness, death in the immediate family and serious accidents prevent him from doing so; and
- ensures that all board procedures, rules and regulations are strictly followed by the members.

# (d) Is the company secretary trained in legal, accountancy or company secretarial practices? Please explain should the answer be in the negative.

Yes. Atty. Joel Angelo C. Cruz, the Corporate Secretary of the Company, is at the same time the Vice President - General Counsel<sup>6</sup> and Compliance Officer of the Company. With his present position and legal and professional background, he has the legal skills of a general counsel and the knowledge of pertinent laws, rules and regulations necessary in the performance of duties and responsibilities of a Corporate Secretary and Compliance Officer. Atty. Cruz further possesses the following qualifications required for the position of Corporate Secretary: (1) Filipino citizenship and Philippine residence, (2) loyalty to the mission, vision and objectives of the Company, (3) willingness and ability to work fairly and objectively with the Board, Management and the stockholders of the Company, (4) appropriate administrative and interpersonal skills, and (5) working knowledge of the operations of the Company.

#### (e) Committee Procedures

Disclose whether there is a procedure that Directors can avail of to enable them to get information necessary to be able to prepare in advance for the meetings of different committees:

Yes

No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Atty. Cruz was Assistant Vice President - General Counsel during year 2012 and was promoted to Vice President - General Counsel on March 18, 2013 effective February 2013 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on March 19, 2013.

Committee	Details of the procedures	
Executive	Under the CG Manual, Management is required to provide	
Audit	complete, adequate and timely information about the matters	
Nomination	to be taken during the meetings.	
Remuneration		
Others (specify) Governance Committee	In addition, the directors, individually or as a Board, may seek independent professional advice in the discharge of their duties at the expense of the Company.	
	The directors are also given independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary.	
	Each of the board committees is also allowed to appoint an advisor who can attend and participate in meetings, but not to vote.	

# 6) External Advice

Indicate whether or not a procedure exists whereby directors can receive external advice and, if so, provide details:

Procedures	Details
Under the CG Manual, the directors, individually	Upon reasonable request, the directors may
or as a Board, may seek independent professional	engage professional advisers to assist them in
advice in the discharge of their duties, with the	the discharge of their duties as director of the
reasonable expenses therefor to be borne by the	Company at the expense of the Company,
Company.	provided such expense is reasonable.
The Audit, Nomination, and Compensation	Atty. Virgilio S. Jacinto was appointed as advisor
Committees are allowed to appoint advisor(s) to their respective committees. Advisors can attend	of the Nomination Committee. Atty. Jacinto is the Senior Vice President & General
and participate in the meetings of the committees	Counsel/Compliance Officer of San Miguel
they serve but have no right to vote.	Corporation. On May 21, 2013, Atty. Jacinto was
	appointed as a member of the Nomination
The appointment of advisors is specifically	Committee as disclosed through an SEC Form 17-
provided in the charter of the Audit Committee.	C filed with the SEC on May 22, 2013 and re-
	appointed to the same position on May 20, 2014
While the charters of the Nomination and the	appointed as such on May 20, 2014 as disclosed
Compensation Committee (which also specifically	through an SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on
allow the appointment of advisors) were only	May 21, 2014.
formally adopted by the Board on May 6, 2013,	
the appointment of advisors was nevertheless a	Mr. Ferdinand K. Constantino was appointed as
recognized prerogative of the committees as	advisor of both the Audit Committee and the
exemplified by the appointment by the	Compensation Committee on February 19, 2013
Nomination Committee of its own advisor.	then re-appointed as such on May 21, 2013 and
	May 20, 2014 as disclosed through SEC Form 17- Cs filed with the SEC on February 20, 2013, May
	22, 2013 and May 21, 2014, respectively.
	22, 2013 and May 21, 2014, respectively.

7) **Change/s in existing policies** (updated pursuant to the SEC Form 17-C filed by the Company dated July 3, 2014 in relation to the amendment of its CG Manual)

*Indicate, if applicable, any* change/s introduced by the Board of Directors (during its most recent term) on existing policies that may have an effect on the business of the company and the reason/s for the change:

Existing Policies	Changes	Reason
Audit Committee Charter	Amendments approved were for purposes of complying with the requirements of the SEC Memorandum Circular No 4, Series of 2012 relating to the assessment of the performance of the Audit Committees of listed companies.	The Audit Committee Charter was revised to comply with the requirements of applicable regulation.
Nomination Committee Charter	On May 5, 2013, the Board adopted the Nomination Committee Charter.	The Nomination Committee Charter was adopted to provide, in addition to the provisions of the CG Manual, the roles, responsibilities, and authority of the Nomination Committee and the rules of procedure that will guide the function of the Nomination Committee.
Compensation Committee Charter	On May 5, 2013, the Board adopted the Compensation Committee Charter.	The Compensation Committee Charter was adopted to provide, in addition to the provisions of the CG Manual, the roles, responsibilities, and authority of the Compensation Committee and the rules of procedure that will guide the function of the Compensation Committee.
CG Manual	On July 3, 2014, the Board approved the amendments to the CG Manual to comply with SEC Circular Memorandum No, 14, Series of 2014 and other relevant SEC circulars and guidelines.	The changes were primarily in compliance with the requirements of applicable circulars and guidelines issued by the SEC.

# **REMUNERATION MATTERS**

#### 1) Remuneration Process

Disclose the process used for determining the remuneration of the CEO and the four (4) most highly compensated management officers:

Process	CEO	Top 4 Highest Paid Management Officers
(1) Fixed remuneration (2) Variable remuneration	The remuneration of the Company's top executives is determined based on achievement of corporate targets and their individual performance and contribution. The Company is committed to ensuring retention of top caliber talents for its critical positions, as such, the executives' remuneration is also anchored on movements in the labor market and industry, validated by a third party consultant through an annual total rewards survey. A variable pay package is also part and parcel of the executives' total compensation	The remuneration of the Company's top executives is determined based on achievement of corporate targets and their individual performance and contribution. The Company is committed to ensuring retention of top caliber talents for its critical positions, as such, the executives' remuneration is also anchored on movements in the labor market and industry, validated by a third party consultant through an annual total rewards survey. A variable pay package is also part and parcel of the executives' total compensation
	package that aims to provide contingent financial incentives to achieve the Company's annual business goals and objectives. It is designed to encourage and reward superior performance, achievements and behavior based on pre- established goals and objectives.	package that aims to provide contingent financial incentives to achieve the Company's annual business goals and objectives. It is designed to encourage and reward superior performance, achievements and behavior based on pre- established goals and objectives.
(3) Per diem allowance	None.	None.
(4) Bonus	Same as variable pay above- discussed.	Same as variable pay above- discussed.
(5) Stock Options and other financial instruments	None.	None.
(6) Others (specify)	None.	None.

### 2) Remuneration Policy and Structure for Executive and Non-Executive Directors

Disclose the company's policy on remuneration and the structure of its compensation package. Explain how the compensation of Executive and Non-Executive Directors is calculated.

	Remuneration Policy	Structure of Compensation Packages	How Compensation is Calculated
Executive Directors	It is the policy of the Company, as set out in its CG Manual, to ensure, through the Compensation Committee, that the salaries and other remuneration of directors are set at a level adequate to attract and retain directors and officers with the qualifications and experience needed to manage the Company.	Executive directors receive fixed and variable remuneration consistent with the policy of the Company to set such remuneration at a level adequate to attract and retain executive directors with the qualifications and experience needed to manage the Company.	The compensation is based on achievement of corporate targets and individual performance and contribution.
Non-Executive Directors	It is the policy of the Company, as set out in its CG Manual, to ensure, through the Compensation Committee, that the salaries and other remuneration of directors are set at a level adequate to attract and retain directors and officers with the qualifications and experience needed by the Company.	Non-executive directors receive such amount as is adequate to attract and retain directors with the qualifications and experience needed by the Company.	The amounts received by non- executive directors are set at an amount as is adequate to attract and retain directors with the qualifications and experience needed by the Company.

# Do stockholders have the opportunity to approve the decision on total remuneration (fees, allowances, benefits-in-kind and other emoluments) of board of directors? Provide details for the last three (3) years.

There have been no changes to the remunerations scheme of the directors for the last three (3) years.

# 3) Aggregate Remuneration

Complete the following table on the aggregate remuneration accrued during the most recent year:

2013

Remuneration Item Executive Directors		Non-Executive Directors (other than independent directors)	Independent Directors
(a) Fixed Remuneration	P59.9M	P5.0M	P0.87M
(b) Variable Remuneration	None	N/A	N/A
(c) Per diem Allowance	N/A	P5.3M	P1.6M
(d) Bonuses	P9.9M	N/A	N/A
(e) Stock Options and/or other financial instruments	N/A	N/A	N/A
(f) Others (Specify)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	P69.8M	P10.3M	P2.47M

	Other Benefits	Executive Directors	Non-Executive Director (other than independent directors)	Independent Directors
1)	Advances	N/A	N/A	N/A
2)	Credit granted	N/A	N/A	N/A
3)	Pension Plan/s Contributions	N/A	N/A	N/A
(d)	Pension Plans, Obligations incurred	N/A	N/A	N/A
(e)	Life Insurance Premium	N/A	N/A	N/A
(f)	Hospitalization Plan	P0.99M	N/A	N/A
(g)	Car Plan	P9.0M	N/A	N/A
(h)	Others (Specify)	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Total	P9.99M	N/A	N/A

	Remuneration Item	Executive Directors	Non-Executive Directors (other than independent directors)	Independent Directors
(g)	Fixed Remuneration	P41.02M	P4.6M	P0.8M
(h)	Variable Remuneration	15.12	N/A	N/A
(i)	Per diem Allowance	N/A	P5.8M	P1.1M
(j)	Bonuses	P6.34M	N/A	N/A
(k)	Stock Options and/or other financial instruments	N/A	N/A	N/A
(I)	Others (Specify)	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Total	P62.48M	P10.4M	P1.9M

	Other Benefits	Executive Directors	Non-Executive Director (other than independent directors)	Independent Directors
4)	Advances	N/A	N/A	N/A
5)	Credit granted	N/A	N/A	N/A
6)	Pension Plan/s Contributions	N/A	N/A	N/A
(g)	Pension Plans, Obligations incurred	N/A	N/A	N/A
(h)	Life Insurance Premium	N/A	N/A	N/A
(i)	Hospitalization Plan	P33M	N/A	N/A
(h)	Car Plan	P6M	N/A	N/A
(i)	Others (Specify)	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Total	P39M	N/A	N/A

Page 84

### 7) Stock Rights, Options and Warrants

#### (a) Board of Directors

Complete the following table, on the members of the company's Board of Directors who own or are entitled to stock rights, options or warrants over the company's shares:

Director's Name	Number of Direct Option/Rights/ Warrants	Number of Indirect Option/Rights/ Warrants	Number of Equivalent Shares	Total % from Capital Stock
None.				

#### (b) Amendments of Incentive Programs

Indicate any amendments and discontinuation of any incentive programs introduced, including the criteria used in the creation of the program. Disclose whether these are subject to approval during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting:

Incentive Program	Amendments	Date of Stockholders' Approval
None.		

#### 8) Remuneration of Management

Identify the five (5) members of management who are <u>not</u> at the same time executive directors and indicate the total remuneration received during the financial year:

2013

Name of Officer/Position	Total Remuneration
Emmanuel E. Eraña – Senior Vice President and Chief Finance Officer	
Efren P. Gabrillo – Vice President, Controllers & Controller	P45.5M
Freddie P. Yumang – Vice President, Refinery	P45.5IVI
Susan Y. Yu – Vice President, Procurement	
Archie B. Gupalor – Vice President, National Sales Division	

Name of Officer/Position	Total Remuneration
Lubin B. Nepomuceno – Senior Vice President and General Manager*	
Emmanuel E. Eraña – Senior Vice President and Chief Finance Officer	P75M
Efren P. Gabrillo – Assistant Vice President, Controllers & Controller	
Freddie P. Yumang – Vice President, Refinery	-
Susan Y. Yu – Vice President, Procurement	

\* Elected as President on February 19, 2013 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17- C filed on February 20, 2013.

# **BOARD COMMITTEES**

# 1) Number of Members, Functions and Responsibilities

**Provide details on the number of members of each committee, its functions, key responsibilities and the power/authority delegated to it by the Board:** (updated pursuant to the SEC Form 17-C of the Company dated July 3, 2014)

	No. of Members						
Committee	Executive Director (ED)	Non- executive Director (NED)	Indepen- dent Director (ID)	Committee Charter	Functions	Key Responsibilities	Power
Executive	2	1	0	Without	Under the By-	The Executive	Under the By-laws
	(in 2012)	(in 2012)	(in 2012)		laws and the CG	Committee is	and the CG Manual,
					Manual, the	responsible for	the Executive
	2	1	0		Executive	the	Committee shall
	<b>ک</b> (in 2013)	L (with 2	U (in 2013)		Committee shall	management of	have and may
	( 2010)	alternate)	( 2010)		have and may	the business	exercise the powers
		(in 2013)			exercise the	and affairs of	of the Board when
					powers of the	the Company	the Board is not in
		1			Board when the	when the Board	session in respect of
	2	L (with 2	0		Board is not in	is not in	the management of
	(in 2014)	alternate)	(in 2014)		session in	session.	the business and
		(in 2014)			respect of the		affairs of the
					management of		Company, except
					the business and		with respect to: (1)
					affairs of the		the approval of any action for which
					Company,		stockholders'
					except with		
					respect to: (1) the approval of		approval is also required; (2) the
					any action for		filling of vacancies
					which		in the Board; (3) the
					stockholders'		amendment or
					approval is also		repeal of B-laws or
					required; (2) the		the adoption of new
					filling of		by-laws;
					vacancies in the		(4) the amendment

					Board; (3) the		or repeal of any
					amendment or		resolution of the
					repeal of B-laws		Board which by its
					or the adoption		express terms is not
					of new by-laws;		so amendable or
					(4) the		repealable; (5) a
					amendment or		distribution of cash
					repeal of any		dividends to the
					resolution of the		stockholders; and
					Board which by		(6) such other
					its express terms		matters specifically
					is not so		excluded or limited
					amendable or		by the Board.
					repealable; (5) a		sy the bound
					distribution of		
					cash dividends		
					to the		
					stockholders;		
					and (6) such		
					other matters		
					specifically		
					excluded or		
					limited by the		
					, Board.		
Audit	0	3	2	With	Under the CG	Under its	Under the Audit
	(in 2012)	(in 2012)	(in 2012)		Manual and the	charter, the	Committee Charter,
					Audit Committee	Audit	the Audit
			_		Charter, the	Committee will	Committee is
	0 (in 2013)	<b>3</b> (in 2013)	<b>2</b> (in 2013)		Audit Committee	carry out the	empowered to
	(11/2013)	(11 2013)	(111 2013)		assists the Board	following duties	(i) select and
					in fulfilling its	and	recommend the
					oversight	responsibilities:	appointment or
	1	2	2		responsibility of		replacement of the
	(in 2014)	(in 2014)	(in 2014)		the Company's	I. Financial	external auditors to
					corporate	Statement	the Board; (ii)
					governance	and	approve all auditing
					processes	Disclosure	and non-audit
					relating to the	Matters	services to be
					(i) quality and	_	provided by and all
					integrity of the	Reviews all	fess to be paid to
					Company's	financial	the external
					financial	statements	auditors; (iii)
					statements and	against their	resolve any
					financial	compliance	disagreements
					reporting	with	between
					process and the	pertinent	Management and
					Company's	accounting	the auditor
					systems of	standards,	regarding financial
					internal	internal	reporting; (iv)
					accounting and	financial	seek any information it
					financial controls; (ii)	management, as well as tax,	information it requires from
	1		1				TEDUTES TROM

performance of	-	employees all of
the internal	other	whom are directed
auditors;	regulatory	to cooperate with
(iii) annual	requirements	the committee's
independent		requests; (v) meet
audit of the	<ul> <li>Reviews with</li> </ul>	with company
Company's	management	officers, external
financial	and the	auditors or outside
statements, the	external	counsel, as
engagement of	auditors the	necessary; (vi)
the independent	results of the	conduct and
auditors and the	audit,	authorize
evaluation of the	including any	investigations into
independent	difficulties	any matter within
auditors'	encountered	the committee's
qualifications,	and issues	scope of
independence	warranting	responsibilities
and	the attention	
performance;	of the Audit	
(iv) compliance	Committee.	
by the Company	Reviews with	
with legal and	management,	
regulatory	internal	
requirements,	auditors and	
including the	the external	
Company's	auditors all	
disclosure	matters	
controls and	required to	
procedures; and	be	
(v) evaluation of	communicated	
Management's	to the Audit	
process to assess	Committee	
and manage the	under	
Company's	generally	
enterprise risk	accepted	
issues.	auditing	
155465.	standards.	
	Standard3.	
	II. Performance	
	of the	
	Internal	
	Controls	
	Controls	
	• Considers the	
	• Considers the effectiveness of	
	the	
	Company's	
	internal	
	control	
	system,	
	including	
	information	
	<u></u>	1

technology
security
Understands
the scope of
internal and
external
auditor's
review of
internal
controls
over
financial
reporting
and obtain
reports on
significant
findings and
recommend
ations,
together
with
Manage-
ment's
response
III. Internal
Audit
Function
Reviews
with
Management
and the
head of
Internal
Audit the
charter,
activities,
and
organization
al structure
of the
internal
audit
function
Confirms the
appointment
or
replacement
by
management
of the head
of the

Internal
Audit
organization
Reviews and
confirms the
annual audit
and strategic
plans
prepared by
Internal
Audit in
consultation
with
Management,
and major
changes to
the plans, if
any
Reviews
significant
findings and
Management's
response
including
timetable
for
implementat
ion to
correct
weaknesses;
and any
difficulties
encountered
by the
auditors in
the course
of their
audit (such
as
restrictions
on the scope
or access to
information)
Supports the
internal
audit
function and
provides
high-level
follow-up of
audit
recommend

		(		I	
				ations when	
				such action	
				is needed	
				Reviews the	
				effectiveness	
				of the	
				internal	
				audit	
				function,	
				including	
				compliance	
				with the	
				Standards	
				for the	
				Professional	
				Practice of	
				Internal	
				Auditing	
				-	
				IV. External	
				Auditor's	
				Qualifications,	
				Independence	
				and	
				Performance	
				Reviews and	
				evaluates, at	
				least	
				annually, the	
				performance	
				of the	
				external	
				auditors	
				(including	
				lead	
				partner) and	
				makes	
				recommend	
				ations to the	
				Board of	
				Directors	
				each year	
				with respect	
				to the	
				appointment	
				of the	
				External	
				Auditor	
				Reviews the	
	l				

 <u> </u>		ir I	
		external	
		auditor's	
		proposed	
		audit scope	
		and	
		approach,	
		including	
		coordination	
		effort with	
		internal	
		audit	
		Reviews and	
		confirms the	
		independenc	
		e of the	
		external	
		auditors by	
		obtaining	
		statements	
		from the	
		auditors on	
		relationships	
		between the	
		auditors and	
		the	
		Company,	
		including	
		non-audit	
		services and	
		discusses	
		the	
		relationship	
		with the	
		auditors	
		Meets with	
		the external	
		auditors to	
		discuss	
		matters that	
		the Audit	
		Committee	
		or internal	
		audit	
		believes	
		should be	
		deliberated	
		privately.	
		V. Compliance	
		with Legal	
		and	
		Regulatory	
I	И		

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		Requirements	
		Ascertains	
		whether the	
		Company	
		has an	
		effective	
		process for	
		determining	
		risks and	
		exposure	
		from	
		litigation	
		and claims	
		from non-	
		compliance with laws	
		and	
		regulations	
		<ul> <li>Reviews the</li> </ul>	
		results of	
		Management's	
		investigation	
		and follows	
		up on any	
		instance of	
		non- compliance	
		(including	
		disciplinary	
		action)	
		Reviews	
		findings	
		resulting	
		from	
		examination	
		by	
		regulatory	
		agencies as well as	
		well as internal and	
		external	
		audits, if any	
		VI. Reporting	
		Reports	
		regularly to	
		the Board	
		about Audit	
		Committee	
		activities,	

I	 		
		issues and	
		related	
		recom-	
		mendations	
		<ul> <li>Provides</li> </ul>	
		open avenue	
		of	
		communication	
		between	
		internal	
		audit, the	
		external	
		auditors,	
		and the	
		Board	
		<ul> <li>Provides</li> </ul>	
		reports	
		required by	
		SEC to be	
		included in	
		the	
		Company's	
		annual	
		report,	
		including	
		approval of	
		other audit	
		services	
		<ul> <li>Reviews any</li> </ul>	
		other	
		reports the	
		Company	
		issues that	
		relate to	
		Audit	
		Committee	
		responsibilities	
		report of the	
		Compliance	
		Officer, if	
		any,	
		concerning	
		employee	
		and director	
		conflicts of	
		interest/com	
		pliance with	
		the	
		Company's	
		conflict of	
1 1		connict of	

interest
program; and receives
updates, as
appropriate
VII. Other
Responsibilities
Institutes
and oversees
special
investigations
as needed
Confirms
annually
that all responsibilities
outlined in
the charter
have been
carried out
Conducts
annual evaluation
of the Audit
Committee's
performance
and reports
the results
to the Board
Assesses the
adequacy of
its charter
annually or
as
conditions
dictate
Undergoes
continuous
training and
education
needed for
the effective
performance
of assigned
responsibilities

Nomination       1       1       1       Image: State of the state o							<ul> <li>Performs other activities related to the charter of the</li> </ul>	
Nomination         1         1         1         1         1         Management           Nomination         1							as requested by the Board without interference or censorship	
	Nomination	(in 2012) 1 (in 2013 0	(in 2012) 1 (in 2013) 2	(in 2012) 1 (in 2013)  1	(until May 6,	Manual, the Nomination Committee has functions of (i) pre-screening and shortlisting candidates nominated to become members of the Board and other appointments that require Board approval; (ii) in consultation with the appropriate executive or Management committee/s and with the supervision of the Board, redefining the role, duties and responsibilities of the CEO; and (iii) assessing the effectiveness of the Board's processes and procedures in	Management Under the CG Manual and the Nomination Committee Charter, the Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the qualifications and the disqualifications of candidates nominated to become directors or officers. Under the CG Manual, It is also tasked to redefine the role, duties and responsibilities of the CEO and review the process for the election or replacement of	disqualify a candidate for election as director or officer who does not possess any of the required qualifications for election as such or who possesses any of the

Remuneration	<b>2</b> (in 2012)	<b>2</b> (in 2012)	1 (in 2012)	Without (until	Under the CG Manual, the	Under the CG Manual and the	The Remuneration Committee has the
				May 6, 2013)	Compensation Committee has the	Compensation Committee	power to fix salary structures of
	2	2	1	-010,	function of	Charter, the	relevant officers, set
	(in 2013)	(in 2013)	(in 2013)		considering and	Compensation	compensation
					approving (i) salary	Committee is	polices and propose
					structures and	tasked to	the promotion of
	<b>2</b> (in 2014)	2	1 (in 2014)		modifications thereto for	consider and	officers.
	(111 2014)	(in 2014)	(1112014)		thereto for individuals in the	approve the salary structures	
					positions of Vice	for the positions	
					President, or its	of Vice	
					equivalent, and	President, or its	
					above; (ii)	equivalent, and	
					promotions to	above, the	
					positions of Division Head and	promotions to positions of	
					the salary increases	Division Head	
					to be granted	and the salary	
					concurrently with	increases to be	
					such promotions;	granted	
					and (iii) other	concurrently	
					compensation	with such promotions and	
					policy matters such as the adoption,	other	
					modification and	compensation	
					interpretation of	policy matters	
					corporate benefit	such as the	
					plans.	adoption,	
						modification and	
						interpretation of corporate	
						benefit plans.	
						Under the	
						Compensation	
						Committee	
						Charter, the	
						Compensation	
						Committee further ensures	
						that the	
						Company's	
						annual reports,	
						information and	
						proxy	
						statements clearly, concisely	
						and	
						understandably	

Governance	newly created at the board meeting held on July 3, 2014 with members comprised of 2 non-executive	Under the CG Manual, the Governance	disclose the compensation of its executive officers as required by applicable laws or rules and regulations. Under the CG Manual, the Governance	Pursuant to the provisions of the CG Manual, the
	directors and chaired by an independent director	Committee shall have the following functions: (i) assisting the Board in the development and implementation of the corporate governance policies, structures and systems of the Company, including the review of their adequacy and effectiveness; and . (ii) overseeing the adoption and implementation of systems or mechanisms for the assessment and improvement of the performance of the Board, the Directors and the Board Committees, and the evaluation of the compliance by the Company with the CG Manual.	Committee has the responsibility of promoting and furthering the corporate governance of the Company.	Governance Committee has the power to pursue the development, implementation and review of the corporate governance policies, structures and systems of the Company.

**Committee Members** (updated pursuant to the SEC Form 17-C of the Company dated May 21, 2014 and July 3, 2014)

# (a) Executive Committee\*

# <u>2014</u>

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee (in years) <sup>**</sup>
Chairman	Ramon S. Ang	February 27, 2009	4	4	100	4.84
Member (ED)	Lubin B. Nepomuceno	February 19, 2013	4	4	100	1.86
Member (NED)	Aurora T. Calderon	May 20, 2014	5 (during her term)	5 (during her term)	100	0.62
Member (NED)	Roberto V. Ongpin	July 31, 2008	5 (during his term)	2 (during his term)	40	5.42
Alternate Member (NED)	Eric O. Recto	May 21, 2013	4	N/A	N/A	1.61 (as alternate director)
Alternate Member (NED)	Virgilio S. Jacinto	May 20, 2014	4	N/A	N/A	0.62

# <u>2013</u>

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee (in years) <sup>***</sup>
Chairman	Ramon S. Ang	February 27, 2009	4	4	100	3.84
Member (ED)	Lubin B. Nepomuceno	February 19, 2013	4	4	100	0.86
Member (NED)	Aurora T. Calderon <sup>*</sup>	May 20, 2014	newly elected			
Alternate Member (NED)	Eric O. Recto ****	May 21, 2013	4	N/A	N/A	0.61 (as alternate director)
Alternate Member (NED)	Virgilio S. Jacinto <sup>*</sup>	May 20, 2014	newly elected			

# <u>2012</u>

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee (in years)****
Chairman	Ramon S. Ang	February 27, 2009	10	10	100	3.84
Member (ED)	Eric O. Recto	November 7, 2008	10	10	100	4.15
Member (NED)	Roberto V. Ongpin	May 12, 2009	10	10	100	3.64

- \* At the organizational meeting held on May 21, 2013, the following were elected as members of the Executive Committee: Mr. Ramon S. Ang, Mr. Lubin B. Nepomuceno and Mr. Roberto V. Ongpin and as alternate members: Ms. Aurora T. Calderon and Mr. Eric O. Recto, as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 22, 2013. At the organizational meeting held on May 20, 2014, the following were elected as members of the Executive Committee: Mr. Ramon S. Ang, Mr. Lubin B. Nepomuceno and Ms. Aurora T. Calderon and as alternate members: Mr. Eric O. Recto and Atty. Virgilio S. Jacinto, as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 21, 2014.
- \*\* Reckoned until December 31, 2014
- \*\*\* Reckoned until December 31, 2013
- \*\*\*\* Reckoned until December 31, 2012
- \*\*\*\*\* Mr. Eric O. Recto was replaced by Mr. Lubin B. Nepomuceno as a member of the Executive Committee on February 19, 2013 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on February 20, 2013.

#### (b) Audit Committee\*

# 2014

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee (in years) <sup>**</sup>
Chairman (ID)	Reynaldo G. David	May 12, 2009	5	5	100	5.64
Member (NED)	Estelito P. Mendoza	February 27, 2009	3	5	60	5.84
Member (NED)	Aurora T. Calderon	July 12, 2010	5	5	100	4.47
Member (NED)	Lubin B. Nepomuceno	May 21, 2013	5	5	100	1.61
Member (ID)	Artemio V. Panganiban	December 1, 2010	5	5	100	4.08

### 2013

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee (in years)
Chairman (ID)	Reynaldo G. David	May 12, 2009	4	4	100	4.64
Member (NED)	Estelito P. Mendoza	February 27, 2009	4	4	100	4.84
Member (NED)	Aurora T. Calderon	July 12, 2010	4	4	100	3.47
Member (NED)	Lubin B. Nepomuceno <sup>*</sup>	May 21, 2013	4	3 (during his term)	100 (during his term)	0.61
Member (ID)	Artemio V. Panganiban	December 1, 2010	4	4	100	3.08
Member (NED)	Ferdinand K. Constantino*****	July 12, 2010	4	0	N/A (no meeting held during his term)	2.61 (until the end of his term)

# <u>2012</u>

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee (in years)
Chairman (ID)	Reynaldo G. David	May 12, 2009	4	4	100	3.64
Member (NED)	Estelito P. Mendoza	February 27, 2009	4	4	100	3.84

Member (NED)	Aurora T. Calderon	July 12, 2010	4	4	100	2.47
Member (NED)	Ferdinand K. Constantino*****	July 12, 2010	4	4	100	2.47
Member (ID)	Artemio V. Panganiban	December 1, 2010	4	4	100	2.08

\* At the organizational meeting held on May 21, 2013, the following were elected as members of the Audit Committee: Mr. Reynaldo G. David, Atty. Estelito P. Mendoza, Mr. Lubin B. Nepomuceno, Mr. Artemio V. Panganiban and Ms. Aurora T. Calderon, and as advisor: Mr. Ferdinand K. Constantino, as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 22, 2013. At the organizational meeting held on May 20, 2014, the following were re-elected as members of the Audit Committee: Mr. Reynaldo G. David, Atty. Estelito P. Mendoza, Mr. Lubin B. Nepomuceno, Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban and Ms. Aurora T. Calderon, and as advisor: Mr. Ferdinand K. Constantino, as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 22, 2013. At the organizational meeting held on May 20, 2014, the following were re-elected as members of the Audit Committee: Mr. Reynaldo G. David, Atty. Estelito P. Mendoza, Mr. Lubin B. Nepomuceno, Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban and Ms. Aurora T. Calderon, and as advisor: Mr. Ferdinand K. Constantino, as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 21, 2014.

\*\* Reckoned until December 31, 2014

\*\*\* Reckoned until December 31, 2013

- \*\*\*\* Reckoned until December 31, 2012
- \*\*\*\*\* Mr. Ferdinand K. Constantino resigned as a member of, and was appointed as an advisor of, the Audit Committee on February 19, 2013 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C on February 20, 2013.

# **Disclose the profile or qualifications of the Audit Committee members** (updated pursuant to the advisement letter filed by the Company with the SEC on April 7, 2014 and another advisement letter dated June 17, 2014)

#### <u>Chairman</u>

Reynaldo G. David, Filipino, born 1942, has served as an Independent Director of the Company since May 12, 2009. He is also the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Compensation Committee. He has previously held among others, the following positions: President and Chief Executive Officer of the Development Bank of the Philippines; Chairman of NDC Maritime Leasing Corporation; and Director of DBP Data Center, Inc. and Al-Amanah Islamic Bank of the Philippines. Other past positions include: Independent director of ISM and ATOK, Chairman of LGU Guarantee Corporation, Vice Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Committee Chairman of Export and Industry Bank (September 1997-September 2004), Director and Chief Executive Officer of Unicorp Finance Limited and Consultant of PT United City Bank (concurrently held from 1993-1997), Director of Megalink Inc., Vice President and FX Manager of the Bank of Hawaii (April 1984-August 1986), various directorships and/or executive positions with The Pratt Group (September 1986-December 1992), President and Chief Operating Officer of Producers Bank of the Philippines (October 1982-November 1983), President and Chief Operation Officer of International Corporation Bank (March 1979-September 1982), and Vice President and Treasurer of Citibank N. A. (November 1964-February 1979). A TOYM Awardee for Offshore Banking in 1977, he was also awarded by the Association of Development Financing Institutions in Asia & the Pacific as the Outstanding Chief Executive Officer in 2007. A certified public accountant since 1964, he graduated from the De La Salle University with a Liberal Arts degree in Commerce in 1963 and has attended the Advance Management Program of the University of Hawaii (1974). He was conferred with the title Doctor of Laws, *honoris causa*, by the Palawan State University in 2005.

#### **Members**

**Lubin B. Nepomuceno**, Filipino, born 1951, has served as the President of the Company since February 19, 2013. He is also a member of the Company's Executive Committee, Audit Committee and Compensation Committee. He holds the following positions, among others: President of PMC; Director of PMRMB, PFISB, POMSB, LLCDC, NVRC, PFC, PPI, PAHL, Mariveles Landco Corporation, Robinson International Holdings, Ltd. and Petron Singapore Trading Pte. Ltd.; Trustee of PFI; Director of San Miguel Paper Packaging Corporation and Mindanao Corrugated Fibreboard Inc.; Independent Director of MNHPI and President of Archen Technologies, Inc. Mr. Nepomuceno has held various board and executive positions in the San Miguel Group. He started with San Miguel Corporation ("SMC") as a furnace engineer at the Manila Glass Plant in 1973 and rose to the ranks to become the General Manager of the San Miguel Packaging Group in 1998. He was also formerly the Senior Vice President and General Manager of the Company from September 2009 to February 2013. Mr. Nepomuceno holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Chemical Engineering and Masters Degree in Business Administration from the De La Salle University. He also attended Advanced Management Program at

the University of Hawaii, University of Pennsylvania and Japan's Sakura Bank Business Management.

**Estelito P. Mendoza**, Filipino, born 1930, has served as a Director of the Company since January 8, 2009. He is also a member of the Nomination Committee. He holds the following positions, among others: Head of Estelito P. Mendoza and Associates; and Director of SMC and Philippine National Bank ("PNB"). Mr. Mendoza was formerly the Philippine Solicitor General (1972-1986), Philippine Minister of Justice (1984-1986), Member of the Philippine Batasang Pambansa (1984-1986) and Governor of Pampanga Province (1980-1986). He also served as the Chairman of Dutch Boy Philippines, Inc., Alcorn Petroleum and Minerals Corporation, the Sixth (Legal) Committee, 31<sup>st</sup> Session of the UN General Assembly and the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization, and a Director of East West Bank. He was also a Professional Lecturer of law at the University of the Philippines. Atty. Mendoza took his pre-law course and Bachelor of Laws degree at the University of the Philippines. He also holds a Master of Laws degree from the Harvard Law School.

Aurora T. Calderon, Filipino, born 1954, has served as a Director of the Company since August 13, 2010. She is also a member of the Executive Committee and the Compensation Committee. She holds the following positions, among others: Director and Senior Vice President and Senior Executive Assistant to the President and Chief Operating Officer of SMC; Director of Petron Malaysia Refining & Marketing Bhd, Petron Oil & Gas Mauritius Ltd., Petron Oil & Gas International Sdn Bhd, Petron Marketing Corporation, Petron Freeport Corporation, SEA Refinery Corporation, New Ventures Realty Corporation, Las Lucas Construction and Development Corporation, Thai San Miguel Liquor Co., Ltd., SMC Global Power Holdings Corp., Rapid Thoroughfares Inc., Trans Aire Development Holdings Corp., Vega Telecom, Inc., Bell Telecommunications Company, Inc., A.G.N. Philippines, Inc. and various subsidiaries of SMC; and Treasurer of Top Frontier Investment Holdings Inc. She has served as a Director of Manila Electric Company ("MERALCO") (January 2009-May 2009), Senior Vice President of Guoco Holdings (1994-1998), Chief Financial Officer and Assistant to the President of PICOP Resources (1990-1998) and Assistant to the President and Strategic Planning at the Elizalde Group (1981-1989). A certified public accountant, Ms. Calderon graduated magna cum laude from the University of the East in 1973 with a degree in Business Administration major in Accounting and earned her Master's degree in Business Administration from the Ateneo de Manila University in 1980. She is a member of the Financial Executives and the Philippine Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

**Artemio V. Panganiban**, Filipino, born 1936, has served as an Independent Director of the Company since October 21, 2010. He holds the following positions, among others: Independent Director of MERALCO, Bank of the Philippine Islands, First Philippine Holdings Corp., Metro Pacific Investment Corp., Metro Pacific Tollways Corp., Robinsons Land Corp., GMA Network, Inc., GMA Holdings, Inc. and Asian Terminals, Inc.; Director of Jollibee Foods Corporation; columnist for the Philippine Daily Inquirer; and officer, adviser or consultant to several business, civic, educational and religious organizations. Mr. Panganiban was formerly the Chief Justice of the Philippine Supreme Court (2005-2006); Associate Justice of the Philippine Supreme Court (1995-2005); Chairperson of the Philippine House of Representatives Electoral Tribunal (2004-2005); Senior Partner of Panganiban Benitez Parlade Africa & Barinaga Law Office (1963-1995); President of Baron Travel Corporation (1967-1993); and professor at the Far Eastern University, Assumption Convent and San Sebastian College (1961-1970). He is an author of several books and has received various awards for his numerous accomplishments, most notably the "Renaissance Jurist of the 21<sup>st</sup> Century" conferred by the Supreme Court in 2006 and the "Outstanding Manilan" for 1991 by the City of Manila. Justice Panganiban earned his Bachelor of Laws degree, *cum laude*, from the Far Eastern University in 1960 and placed sixth in the bar exam that same year.

### Describe the Audit Committee's responsibility relative to the external auditor.

Under the CG Manual and its charter, the Audit Committee exercises oversight responsibility over the annual independent audit of the Company's financial statements, the engagement of the independent auditors and the evaluation of the external auditors' qualifications, independence and performance. The Audit Committee, thus, selects and recommends the appointment or replacement of the external auditors to the Board, approves all auditing and non-audit services to be provided by and all fees to be paid to the external auditors, resolves any disagreements between Management and the auditor regarding financial reporting and meets with the external auditors, as necessary. In the determination of the qualification of the external auditor the company is changed or rotated every five (5) years or as required under applicable laws and regulations.

# (c) Nomination Committee\*

# <u>2014</u>

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee (in years)**
Chairman (ID)	Reynaldo G. David	May 12, 2009	3	3	100	5.64
Member (NED)	Estelito P. Mendoza	February 27, 2009	3	2	67	5.84
Member (NED)	Atty. Virgilio S. Jacinto	May 21, 2013	3	3	100	1.61

# <u>2013</u>

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee (in years)***
Chairman (ID)	Reynaldo G. David	May 12, 2009	4	4	100	4.64
Member (ED)	Eric O. Recto	July 31, 2008	4	1	100 (during his term)	<b>4.56</b> (until the end of his term)
Member (NED)	Estelito P. Mendoza	February 27, 2009	4	3	75	4.84
Member (NED)	Atty. Virgilio S. Jacinto	May 21, 2013	4	1	100 (during his term)	0.61

# <u>2012</u>

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee (in years)*****
Chairman (ID)	Reynaldo G. David	May 12, 2009	2	2	100	3.64
Member (ED)	Eric O. Recto	July 31, 2008	2	2	100	4.42
Member (NED)	Estelito P. Mendoza	February 27, 2009	2	2	100	3.84

- \* At the organizational meeting held on May 21, 2013, the following were elected as members of the Nominations Committee: Mr. Reynaldo G. David, Atty. Estelito P. Mendoza, and Atty. Virgilio S. Jacinto as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 22, 2013. At the organizational meeting held on May 20, 2014, the following were re-elected as members of the Nominations Committee: Mr. Reynaldo G. David, Atty. Estelito P. Mendoza, and Atty. Estelito P. Mendoza, and Atty. Virgilio S. Jacinto as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 20, 2014, the following were re-elected as members of the Nominations Committee: Mr. Reynaldo G. David, Atty. Estelito P. Mendoza, and Atty. Virgilio S. Jacinto as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 21, 2014.
- \*\* Reckoned until December 31, 2014
- \*\*\* Reckoned until December 31, 2013
- \*\*\*\* Mr. Eric O. Recto resigned as a member of the Nomination Committee on February 19, 2013 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on February 20, 2013.
- \*\*\*\*\* Reckoned until December 31, 2012

#### (d) Remuneration Committee\*

### <u>2014</u>

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee (in years)**
Chairman	Ramon S. Ang (non-voting)	February 27, 2009	0	0	0	5.84
Member (ED)	Lubin B. Nepomuceno	February 20, 2013	0	0	0	1.87
Member (NED)	Aurora T. Calderon	July 12, 2010	0	0	0	3.47
Member (NED)	Virgilio S. Jacinto	May 20, 2014	0	0	0	0.62
Member (ID)	Reynaldo G. David	May 12, 2009	0	0	0	4.64

#### <u>2013</u>

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee (in years)
Chairman	Ramon S. Ang (non-voting)	February 27, 2009	0	0	0	4.84
Member (ED)	Lubin B. Nepomuceno	February 20, 2013	0	0	0	0.87%
Member (ED)	Eric O. Recto (non-voting) <sup>****</sup>	July 31, 2008	0	0	0	4.56 (until the end of his term)
Member (NED)	Aurora T. Calderon	July 12, 2010	0	0	0	2.47
Member (ID)	Reynaldo G. David	May 12, 2009	0	0	0	3.64

### 2012

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee (in years)*****
Chairman	Ramon S. Ang (non-voting)	February 27, 2009	0	0	0	3.84
Member (ED)	Eric O. Recto (non-voting)****	July 31, 2008	0	0	0	4.42
Member (NED)	Roberto V. Ongpin	May 12, 2009	0	0	0	3.64
Member (NED)	Aurora T. Calderon	July 12, 2010	0	0	0	2.47
Member (ID)	Reynaldo G. David	May 12, 2009	0	0	0	3.64

- \* At the organizational meeting held on May 21, 2013, the following were elected as members of the Remuneration Committee: Mr. Ramon S. Ang, Mr. Lubin B. Nepomuceno, Mr. Roberto V. Ongpin, Mr. Reynaldo G. David, and Ms. Aurora T. Calderon, and as advisor: Mr. Ferdinand K. Constantino as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 22, 2013. At the organizational meeting held on May 20, 2014, the following were elected as members of the Remuneration Committee: Mr. Ramon S. Ang, Mr. Lubin B. Nepomuceno, Mr. Reynaldo G. David, Atty. Virgilio S. Jacinto, and Ms. Aurora T. Calderon, and as advisor: Mr. Ferdinand K. Constantino as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 21, 2014.
- \*\* Reckoned until December 31, 2014
- \*\*\* Reckoned until December 31, 2013
- \*\*\*\* Mr. Eric O. Recto resigned as a member of the Remuneration Committee on February 19, 2013 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on February 20, 2013.
- \*\*\*\*\* Reckoned until December 31, 2012

#### (e) Governance Committee

On July, 3 2014, the Board approved the creation of the Governance Committee.

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman (ID)	Margarito B. Teves	July 3, 2014	N/A: newl	y created b	oard	committee
Member (NED)	Virgilio S. Jacinto	July 3, 2014	N/A: newl	y created b	oard	committee
Member (NED)	Nelly Favis-Villafuerte	July 3, 2014	N/A: newly created board committe		committee	

#### 2) Changes in Committee Members

#### Indicate any changes in committee membership that occurred during the year and the reason for the changes:

There was no change in committee membership in 2012.

Name of Committee	Name	Reason
Executive	N/A	
Audit	N/A	
Nomination	N/A	
Remuneration	N/A	
Others (specify)	N/A	

The following were the changes in committee membership in 2013 as disclosed to the SEC through SEC Form 17-Cs filed on February 20, 2013 and May 22, 2013:

Name of Committee	Name	Reason		
Executive	Appointment as member: Lubin B.	To replace Eric O. Recto upon his		
	Nepomuceno	resignation		
	Appointment as alternate member: Eric O. Recto	To fill in vacant position		
	Appointment as alternate member:	To fill in vacant position		
	Aurora T. Calderon			
Audit	Appointment as member: Lubin B.	To replace Ferdinand K. Constanting		
	Nepomuceno	upon his resignation		
Nomination	Appointment as member: Virgilio S.	To replace Eric O. Recto upon his		
	Jacinto	resignation		

Remuneration	Appointment as member: Lubin B. Nepomuceno	To replace Eric O. Recto upon his resignation
Others (specify)	N/A	

The following are the changes in committee membership as of May 20, 2014 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 21, 2014:

Name of Committee	Name	Reason
Executive	Appointment as member: Aurora T. Calderon	To fill in vacant position arising from the expiration of the term of Roberto V. Ongpin as director
	Appointment as alternate member: Virgilio S. Jacinto	To fill in vacant position arising from the appointment of Aurora T. Calderon as regular member of the committee
Audit	N/A	
Nomination	N/A	
Remuneration	Appointment as member: Virgilio S. Jacinto	To fill in vacant position arising from the expiration of the term of Roberto V. Ongpin as director
Others (specify)	N/A	

#### 3) Work Done and Issues Addressed

Describe the work done by each committee and the significant issues addressed during the year.

Name of Committee	Work Done	Issues Addressed
Executive	The Executive Committee had 10 meetings in 2012 and approved corporate actions requiring board approval in between sessions of the Board.	The Executive Committee reviewed and assessed, and approved, if thought fit, proposed corporate actions requiring board approval in between sessions of the Board.
	The Executive Committee had four (4) meetings in 2013 and approved corporate actions requiring board approval in between sessions of the Board.	
	The Executive Committee had 10 meetings in 2014 and approved corporate actions requiring board approval in between sessions of the Board.	
Audit	The Audit Committee had five (5) meetings in 2012.	There were no significant issues noted that had a material effect on the Company's financial statements and its operations. The work reported to have been done by the

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As reported in the Information	Audit Committee was in compliance
Statement for the 2013 annual	with the scope of its mandate.
stockholders' meeting and the	
annual report (SEC Form 17-A) for	
2012, the Audit Committee	
accomplished the following in 2012:	
(i) review of the quarterly and	
annual financial statements of the	
Company and endorsement of the	
same for Board approval,	
(ii) endorsement of Manabat San	
Agustin & Co., CPAs a the Company's	
external auditor for 2012, (iii) review	
with Manabat San Agustin & Co.,	
CPAs of the scope and timing of their	
methodology and focus areas in	
relation to their review of the	
financial statements, (iv) review with	
Manabat San Agustin & Co., CPAs	
the audit observations and	
recommendations of the Company's	
internal audit controls and	
Management's response to issues	
raised, (v) review with the Internal	
Audit Head and approval of the	
annual internal audit plan; and (vi)	
reviewed on a quarterly basis the	
report of the Internal Audit	
Department on the adequacy and	
effectiveness of the internal and	
control environment in the areas	
covered during the covered period.	
covered during the covered period.	
The Audit Committee had four (4)	
meetings in 2013.	
As reported in the information	
As reported in the Information	
Statement for the 2014 annual	
stockholders' meeting and the	
annual report (SEC Form 17-A) for	
2013, the Audit Committee	
accomplished the following in 2013:	
(i) review of the quarterly and	
annual financial statements of the	
Company and endorsement of the	
same for Board approval,	
(ii) endorsement of Manabat San	
Agustin & Co., CPAs (as the	
Company's external auditor for	
2013, (iii) review with Manabat San	
Agustin & Co., CPAs of the scope and	

Nomination	timing of their annual audit plan, audit methodology and focus areas in relation to their review of the financial statements, (iv) review with Manabat San Agustin & Co., CPAs the audit observations and recommendations of the Company's internal audit controls and Management's response to issues raised, (v) review with the Internal Audit Head and approval of the annual internal audit plan; and (vi) review on a quarterly basis of the report of the Internal Audit Department on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal and control environment in the areas covered during the covered period; and (vii) review and approval of the provision by the Internal Audit Department of audit services to Petron Malaysia. The Audit Committee had five (5) meetings in 2014. The Nomination Committee held two (2) meetings in 2012. The meetings were held to pre-screen and short-list candidates for the election of the directors and the appointment of officers of the Company. The Nomination Committee also held four (4) meetings in 2013 to pre-screen and short-list candidates for the election of the directors and the appointment of officers of the Company. The Nomination Committee also held three (3) meetings in 2014 to pre-screen and short-list candidates for the election of the directors and the appointment of officers of the Company.	No particular work was needed to be done by the Nomination Committee to address any significant issue that required resolution. The work done by the Nomination Committee was in pursuance of its regular functions of qualifying nominees to be elected as directors and/or officers of the Company.
Remuneration	The Compensation Committee did not hold any meeting in 2012, 2013 and 2014.	No particular work was needed to be done by the Remuneration Committee to address any significant issue that required resolution.
Governance	The Governance Committee was newly created on July 3, 2014 and	No particular work was needed to be done by the Governance Committee

did not hold any meeting in 2014.	to address any significant issue that required resolution.
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#### 4) Committee Program (updated pursuant to the SEC Form 17-C of the Company dated July 3, 2014)

Provide a list of programs that each committee plans to undertake to address relevant issues in the improvement or enforcement of effective governance for the coming year.

Name of Committee	Planned Programs	Issues to be Addressed
Executive	Continued availability to approve corporate actions requiring board action in between sessions of the Board	This will ensure that the necessary corporate approvals are timely obtained to pursue transactions requiring such approvals during the period in between sessions of the Board.
Audit	<ol> <li>Review of manpower complement of terminal and depots.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>This program will address the recurring minor audit findings by determining and putting the right number and skill sets of personnel manning these facilities.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Operations' Back-to-Basics Program for the continuous review of the depot/terminal's processes and procedures</li> <li>Continuous communication of</li> </ol>	2. The objective of this program is to ensure adequate controls and standardize and update systems and procedure vital to the accomplishment of the depots/terminals' business objectives.
	Company's Policy on Internal Control.	<ol> <li>This is intended to continuously educate the employees on the importance of internal control systems and procedures for the attainment of their respective business objectives.</li> </ol>
Nomination	Adopt the Nomination Committee Charter	This charter will set out the roles, responsibilities, and authority of the Nomination Committee, including the rules of procedures that will guide the function of the committee.
		(The Nomination Committee Charter was adopted by the Board on May 6, 2013 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 9, 2013).
Remuneration	Adopt the Compensation Committee Charter	This charter will set out the roles, responsibilities, and authority of the Compensation Committee, including the rules of procedures that will

		guide the function of the committee.
		(The Compensation Committee Charter was adopted by the Board on May 6, 2013 as disclosed to the SEC through an SEC Form 17-C filed on May 9, 2013).
Governance	Adopt the Governance Committee Charter (this committee was newly created o July 3, 2014)	This charter will set out the roles, responsibilities, and authority of the Governance Committee, including the rules of procedures that will guide the function of the committee.

#### D. RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

#### 1) Disclose the following:

#### (a) Overall risk management philosophy of the company;

Under the Corporate Policy Manual, Management recognizes that the Company faces risks that have consequential losses. For this reason, the Company has adopted the policy of having a risk management program consistent with its corporate objectives as well as its financial resources. As disclosed in the Definitive Information Statement and the annual report (SEC Form 17-A), Petron follows an enterprise-wide risk management framework for identifying, mapping and addressing the risk factors that affect or may affect its businesses.

The Company's risk management process is a bottom-up approach, with each division mandated to conduct regular assessment of its risk profile and formulate action plans for managing identified risks. As Petron's operation is an integrated value chain, risks emanate from every process and some can cut across divisions. The results of these activities flow up to the Management Committee and eventually the Board through the Company's annual business planning process.

Oversight and technical assistance is likewise provided by corporate units and subsidiaries with special duties. The Risk and Insurance Management Group is mandated with the overall coordination and development of the enterprise-wide risk management process. The Financial Risk Management Unit of the Treasurers Department is in charge of foreign exchange hedging transactions. The Transaction Management Unit of the Controller's Department provides backroom support for all financial transactions. The Corporate Technical & Engineering Services Group oversees compliance with the domestic and international standards set for health, safety and environment. The Internal Audit Department is tasked with the implementation of a risk-based auditing. Petron Singapore Trading Pte. Ltd. executes the hedging transactions involving crude and product imports on behalf of the Company.

## (b) A statement that the directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management system and commenting on the adequacy thereof;

The regular assessment by each division of its risk profile and its formulation of action plans for managing identified risks are eventually reported to the Management Committee which, in turn, brings the same for the approval by the Board through the presentation and approval of the annual business plan.

The Audit Committee of the Board, in its audit report for each year, states whether it has conducted a review of the report of the Internal Audit Department on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal and control environment of the Company. The Audit Committee issued its audit report for 2012 and 2013, a copy of each of which appears in (i) the 2012 annual report (SEC Form 17-A) and the Definitive Information Statement for

the 2013 annual stockholders' meeting and (ii) the 2013 annual report (SEC Form 17-A) and the Definitive Information Statement for the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting, respectively, which states that the committee has reviewed on a quarterly basis the report of the Internal Audit Department on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal and control environment in the areas covered during the covered period.

#### (c) Period covered by the review;

The years covered are 2012 and 2013.

## (d) How often the risk management system is reviewed and the directors' criteria for assessing its effectiveness; and

The Audit Committee of the Board, in its audit report for each year, states whether it has conducted a review of the report of the Internal Audit Department on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal and control environment of the Company. The Audit Committee issued its audit reports for 2012 and 2013, a copy of each which appears in (i) the 2012 annual report (SEC Form 17-A) and the Definitive Information Statement for the 2013 annual stockholders' meeting and (ii) the 2013 annual report (SEC Form 17-A) and the Definitive Information Statement for the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting, respectively, which states that the committee has reviewed on a quarterly basis the report of the Internal Audit Department on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal and control environment in the areas covered during the covered period.

#### (e) Where no review was conducted during the year, an explanation why not.

Not applicable.

- 2) Risk Policy
  - (a) Company

Give a general description of the company's risk management policy, setting out and assessing the risk/s covered by the system (ranked according to priority), along with the objective behind the policy for each kind of risk:

The major risks of the Company are set out in the Definitive Information Statement and the SEC Form 17-A of the Company. The list below does not represent a ranking in the order of priority but covers the risks identified by the Company using a matrix of risks measurement based on probability and quantified amount (in Php) of possible adverse effect on its finances.

Risk Exposure	Risk Management Policy	Objective
Foreign exchange risk	1. Hedging of dollar-denominated liabilities using forwards and other derivative instruments and generation of dollar- denominated sales; currency hedging, by policy, is limited to the extent of 100% of the underlying exposure.	1. Hedging allows the Company to manage its currency exposure.
	<ol> <li>Daily recording of dollar- denominated assets and liabilities and the resulting potential foreign exchange</li> </ol>	2. The monitoring of foreign exchange risk allows real-time awareness and response to contain losses posed by foreign exchange exposure. Such

	losses through software that monitors financial transactions under the Company's enterprise resource planning system	software is also capable of tracking risk exposures arising from other market sensitive financial variables, such as interest rates and commodity prices.
Risk of operational disruptions	Implementation of a corporate- wide health, safety and environment ("HSE") program and effective maintenance practices and the inculcation of a culture of continuous process improvement	The HSE program involves extensive employee training and management and monitoring systems that help achieve a dual purpose: (i) for the employees and other stakeholders, a safe environment and (ii) for the Company, substantive manhours without lost time accident.
Profit margin and cash flow risk	Use of (i) margin hedging strategies for some US dollar- based contracts, (ii) long-term contracts for some of its fuel and petrochemical products whenever these are financially attractive, and (iii) a cash flow projection software	The policy allows the Company to eliminate the risk of profit margin compression due to changes in crude and product prices with a margin hedge simultaneously fixing the future dollar prices of Dubai crude oil and that of a selected product (contracted to be sold at the future date) manufactured from the crude. Long-term sales contracts provide a partial hedge on future cash flow uncertainty. The cash flow projection software enables the Company to proactively respond to potential future cash flow imbalances and maintain access to credit lines in excess of typical requirements so that funds can be readily tapped in case of a cash flow squeeze.
Regulatory risk	Compliance with applicable laws and regulations and active involvement in stakeholder consultation with government regulatory agencies and relevant stakeholder groups	Compliance with applicable law and regulation ensures that no legal actions are filed against, and no substantive fines or non-monetary sanctions are imposed on, the Company. Working closely with stakeholders in the oil and energy industry helps facilitate the mutual understanding of laws and the development of strategic initiatives for the oil and energy sector that, in turn, result in the twin goals of industry leadership and nation-building.

#### (b) Group

Give a general description of the Group's risk management policy, setting out and assessing the risk/s covered by the system (ranked according to priority), along with the objective behind the policy for each kind of risk:

The major risks of the Company and its group are set out in the Definitive Information Statement and the SEC Form 17-A of the Company. The list below does not represent a ranking in the order of priority but covers the risks identified by the Company using a matrix of risks measurement based on probability and quantified amount (in Php) of possible adverse effect on its finances.

Risk Exposure	Risk Management Policy	Objective
Foreign exchange risk	1. Hedging of dollar-denominated liabilities using forwards and other derivative instruments and generation of dollar- denominated sales; currency hedging, by policy, is limited to the extent of 100% of the underlying exposure.	<ol> <li>Hedging allows the Company to manage its currency exposure.</li> </ol>
	2. Daily recording of dollar- denominated assets and liabilities and the resulting potential foreign exchange losses through software that monitors financial transactions under the Company's enterprise resource planning system	2. The monitoring of foreign exchange risk allows real-time awareness and response to contain losses posed by foreign exchange exposure. Such software is also capable of tracking risk exposures arising from other market sensitive financial variables, such as interest rates and commodity prices.
Risk of operational disruptions	Implementation of a corporate- wide HSE program and effective maintenance practices and the inculcation of a culture of continuous process improvement	The HSE program involves extensive employee training and management and monitoring systems that help achieve a dual purpose: (i) for the employees and other stakeholders, a safe environment and (ii) for the Company, substantive manhours without lost time accident.
Profit margin and cash flow risk	Use of (i) margin hedging strategies for some US dollar- based contracts, (ii) long-term contracts for some of its fuel and petrochemical products whenever these are financially attractive, and (iii) a cash flow projection software	The policy allows the Company to eliminate the risk of profit margin compression due to changes in crude and product prices with a margin hedge simultaneously fixing the future dollar prices of Dubai crude oil and that of a selected product (contracted to be sold at the future date) manufactured from the crude. Long-term sales contracts provide a partial hedge on future cash flow uncertainty. The cash flow projection

		software enables the Company to proactively respond to potential future cash flow imbalances and maintain access to credit lines in excess of typical requirements so that funds can be readily tapped in case of a cash flow squeeze.
Regulatory risk	egulatory risk Compliance with applicable laws and regulations and active involvement in stakeholder consultation with government regulatory agencies and relevant	Compliance with applicable law and regulation ensures that no legal actions are filed against, and no substantive fines or non-monetary sanctions are imposed on, the Company.
	stakeholder groups	Working closely with stakeholders in the oil and energy industry helps facilitate the mutual understanding of laws and the development of strategic initiatives for the oil and energy sector that, in turn, result in the twin goals of industry leadership and nation-building.

#### (c) Minority Shareholders

Indicate the principal risk of the exercise of controlling shareholders' voting power.

#### **Risk to Minority Shareholders**

Inherent in the one-share-one-vote policy set out in Philippine laws is the risk that minority stockholders may generally be unable to prevent the approval of any resolution requiring stockholders' approval that is proposed and voted in the affirmative by the majority stockholders.

#### 3) Control System Set Up

#### (a) Company

Briefly describe the control systems set up to assess, manage and control the main issue/s faced by the company:

Risk Exposure	Risk Assessment (Monitoring and Measurement Process)	Risk Management and Control (Structures, Procedures, Actions Taken)
Key risks	Bottom up approach with each division conducting a regular self-assessment of its risk profile	Petron follows an enterprise-wide risk management framework for identifying, mapping and addressing the risk factors that affect or may affect its businesses.
		The Company's risk management process is a bottom-up approach, with each division mandated to conduct regular assessment of its risk profile and formulate action plans for managing identified risks. As Petron's operation is an integrated value chain, risks emanate from every process and some can cut across divisions. The results of these activities flow up to the Management Committee and eventually the Board of

Directors through the Company's annual business planning process.
Oversight and technical assistance is likewise provided by corporate units with special duties. The Risk and Insurance Management Group is mandated with the overall coordination and development of the enterprise-wide risk management process. The Financial Risk Management Unit of the Treasurers Department is in charge of foreign exchange hedging transactions. The Transaction Management Unit of the Controller's Department provides backroom support for all financial transactions. The Corporate Technical & Engineering Services Group oversees compliance with the domestic and international standards set for health, safety and environment. The Internal Audit Department is tasked with the
implementation of a risk-based auditing. Petron Singapore Trading Pte Ltd executes the hedging transactions involving crude and product imports on behalf of the Company.

### (b) Group

Briefly describe the control systems set up to assess, manage and control the main issue/s faced by the company:

Risk Exposure	Risk Assessment (Monitoring and Measurement Process)	Risk Management and Control (Structures, Procedures, Actions Taken)
Key risks	Bottom up approach with each division conducting a regular self- assessment of its risk profile	Petron follows an enterprise-wide risk management framework for identifying, mapping and addressing the risk factors that affect or may affect its businesses.
		The Company's risk management process is a bottom-up approach, with each division mandated to conduct regular assessment of its risk profile and formulate action plans for managing identified risks. As Petron's operation is an integrated value chain, risks emanate from every process and some can cut across divisions. The results of these activities flow up to the Management Committee and eventually the Board of Directors through the Company's annual

business planning process.
business planning process. Oversight and technical assistance is likewise provided by corporate units with special duties. The Risk and Insurance Management Group is mandated with the overall coordination and development of the enterprise-wide risk management process. The Financial Risk Management Unit of the Treasurers Department is in charge of foreign exchange hedging transactions. The Transaction Management Unit of the Controller's Department provides backroom support for all financial transactions. The Corporate Technical & Engineering Services Group oversees compliance with the domestic and international standards set for health, safety and environment. The Internal Audit Department is tasked with the implementation of a risk- based auditing. Petron Singapore Trading Pte Ltd executes the hedging transactions involving crude and
product imports on behalf of the Company.

#### (c) Committee

Identify the committee or any other body of corporate governance in charge of laying down and supervising these control mechanisms, and give details of its functions:

Committee/Unit	Control Mechanism	Details of its Functions	
Board of Directors	Review of the annual business plan and the effectiveness of the Company's internal control system	Reviews and evaluates the annual plan of the Company, which includes the report of the Management Committee on the risk profile of the Company and the proposed action plans; through the Audit Committee, considers the	
		effectiveness of the Company's internal control system	
Management Committee	Review of the report of the Risk and Insurance Management Group	Presents to the Board the risk profile of the Company and recommends action plans for managing identified risks	

Internal Audit	Provision of independent evaluation	Undertakes independent regular audit reviews of the Company's internal control system to provide reasonable assurance that such systems are operating effectively
Corporate units and subsidiaries with special duties (Risk and Insurance Management Group , Financial Risk Management Unit of the Treasurers Department, Corporate Technical & Engineering Services Group and Petron Singapore Trading Pte. Ltd.)	Provision of technical assistance and coordination and	<ul> <li>The Risk and Insurance Management Group provides the overall coordination and development of the enterprise-wide risk management process.</li> <li>The Financial Risk Management Unit of the Treasurers Department is in charge of foreign exchange hedging transactions.</li> <li>The Transaction Management Unit of the Controller's Department provides backroom support for all financial transactions.</li> <li>The Corporate Technical &amp; Engineering Services Group oversees compliance with the domestic and international standards set for health, safety and environment.</li> <li>Petron Singapore Trading Pte Ltd. executes hedging transactions involving crude and product imports on behalf of the Company.</li> </ul>
Each division as risk owner	Self-assessment	Conducts a regular assessment of its risk profile and formulates action plans for managing identified risks

#### E. INTERNAL AUDIT AND CONTROL

#### 1) Internal Control System

#### Disclose the following information pertaining to the internal control system of the company:

#### (a) Explain how the internal control system is defined for the company;

Petron is committed to ensuring the highest standard of corporate governance in its conduct of its business affairs and activities in pursuit of its goals and objectives. The Board and Management consider this as a vital part of it responsibilities and commitments to safeguard and enhance stakeholders' value.

To live up with this commitment, the Company, through its Board and Management, has developed a comprehensive internal control system designed not only to ensure efficient and effective management of its activities, so as to meet the organization's objectives, but also to create and support a strong system of corporate governance. This internal control system has strong management support, including the involvement of the Board and the Audit Committee, and is designed to manage the risks to which the Company is exposed to.

The internal control system of the Company encompasses the formulation of Company's vision and mission, objectives, strategic directions and thrusts, plans and programs, policies/guidelines/procedures, and management systems. The policies are the Code of Conduct and Ethical Policy Manual, which is considered as the foundation policy, the Corporate Policy Manual, the Good Governance Policy Manual, the Integrated Management Policy Manual, and the ISO Policy on Health, Safety & Environment Manual. A clear organizational structure with well defined duties and responsibilities, clear lines of accountability and delegation of authority for each level is part of the manuals. These series of policies, procedures and management systems are communicated to the Company's employees, contractors, vendors , customers and other concerned stakeholders, so that each has a clear understanding of the Company's expectations. Each component of the internal control system is designed to achieve high standards of performance in the areas of safety, operations, financial results, internal control, risk management, good governance, internal and external legal and environmental regulatory compliance, and corporate social responsibility.

The Board and the Audit Committee ensure that these policies and management systems are updated and fully implemented and consistently enforced. They are supported by the Management team, various internal committees and the Internal Audit Department.

The Internal Audit Department undertakes independent regular audit reviews of the Company's internal control system to provide reasonable assurance that such systems are operating effectively. The internal audit process involves the audit of the all Company's facilities, core processes, and operations, and quarterly review with the Audit Committee of the audit results and status of the audit plan as well as the audit plan for the subsequent year. The internal audit group reports functionally to the Audit Committee. This structure provides independence for the internal audit group in carrying its audit function. The Corporate Technical and Engineering Services Group performs periodic technical and/or compliance audits on safety, health and environment, among others.

Weekly and monthly meetings are held at various levels of the organization (Management team meetings with the CEO and the President, Vice Presidents' meetings, managers' meetings and staff meetings) as part of the Company's monitoring system to ensure the each unit's respective business objectives are controlled and achieved.

## (b) A statement that the directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system and whether they consider them effective and adequate;

The Audit Committee of the Board, in its audit report for each year, states whether it has conducted a review of the report of the Internal Audit Department on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal and control environment of the Company. The Audit Committee issued its audit report for 2012 and 2013, a copy of each of which appears in (i) the 2012 annual report (SEC Form 17-A) and the Definitive Information Statement for the 2013 annual stockholders' meeting and (i) the 2013 annual report (SEC Form 17-A) and the Definitive Information Statement for the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting, respectively, which states that the committee has reviewed on a quarterly basis the report of the Internal Audit Department on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal and control environment in the areas covered during the covered period.

#### (c) Period covered by the review;

The years covered are 2012 and 2013.

## (d) How often internal controls are reviewed and the directors' criteria for assessing the effectiveness of the internal control system; and

As above explained, the Audit Committee of the Board, in its audit report for each year, states whether it has conducted a review of the report of the Internal Audit Department on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal and control environment of the Company. The Audit Committee issued its audit report for 2012 and 2013, a copy of each of which appears in (i) the 2012 annual report (SEC Form 17-A) and the Definitive Information Statement for the 2013 annual stockholders' meeting and (ii) the 2013 annual report (SEC Form 17-A) and the Definitive Information Statement for the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting, respectively, which states that the committee has reviewed on a quarterly basis the report of the Internal Audit Department on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal and control environment in the areas covered during the covered period.

#### (e) Where no review was conducted during the year, an explanation why not.

Not applicable.

#### 2) Internal Audit

#### (a) Role, Scope and Internal Audit Function

Give a general description of the role, scope of internal audit work and other details of the internal audit function.

Role	Scope	Indicate whether In- house or Outsource Internal Audit Function	Name of Chief Internal Auditor/Auditin g Firm	Reporting process
The Internal Audit	The scope of work of the	In-house with	Audit Head:	The Internal Audit
Department of the	Internal Audit	outsourcing	Ronaldo T.	Department reports
Company provides	Department is to assist		Ferrer	functionally to the
independent,	the Board and			Audit Committee to
objective assurance	Management in			ensure and maintain

		the independence of
and consulting	determining whether the	the independence of internal audit
services designed to	risk management,	internal audit function.
add value and improve the	control, and governance processes within the	Tunction.
operations of the		The Internal Audit
	17	
· · ·	designed and	Department (i) conducts audit
subsidiaries, and help	represented by	
the Petron Group accomplish its	Management, are adequate and effective in	activities in accordance with the
•		International
objectives by bringing a systematic,	a manner to ensure that:	Standards for the
disciplined approach	• significant expection	Professional Practice
to evaluate and	<ul> <li>significant exposures to risks are</li> </ul>	of Internal Auditing
improve the		formulated by The
effectiveness of risk	appropriately identified and	Institute of Internal
		Auditors, (ii)
management, control,	adequately managed;	conducts assurance
and governance processes.	<ul> <li>significant financial, managerial</li> </ul>	services by
piocesses.	managerial, and	evaluating and
	operating information is	contributing to the
		improvement of risk
	accurate, reliable,	management,
	and timely;	internal control and
	<ul> <li>employees' and the</li> </ul>	governance systems,
	Company's actions	(iii) reports the
	are in compliance	results of review to
	with policies,	concerned members
	standards,	of Management who
	procedures, and	are held responsible
	applicable laws and	for insuring that
	regulations;	corrective action is
	<ul> <li>resources are</li> </ul>	taken within a
	acquired	reasonable period
	economically, used	after a deficiency is
	efficiently, and	reported, (iv) reports
	adequately	to the Audit
	protected;	Committee, the
	<ul> <li>objectives and goals</li> <li>for approximations</li> </ul>	Chairman and the
	for operations or	President the status
	programs are	of audit activities,
	achieved; and	major observations
	• effectiveness,	and
	efficiency and	recommendations,
	continuous	and all identified
	improvement are	potential conflicts of
	promoted in the	interest, (v) submits
	Company's operating	annual audit plans to
	systems and	the Audit Committee
	processes.	and Management
		for their approval,
		and (vi) coordinates
		with the external
		with the external

		adequate coverage	to ensure audit and to duplicate
			duplicate
		efforts.	

## (b) Do the appointment and/or removal of the Internal Auditor or the accounting /auditing firm or corporation to which the internal audit function is outsourced require the approval of the audit committee?

Yes, all Internal Audit projects to be outsourced are approved by the Audit Committee. Any award to winning service provider/s is endorsed by the Internal Audit Head during the Audit Committee meeting for the members' approval.

# (c) Discuss the internal auditor's reporting relationship with the audit committee. Does the internal auditor have direct and unfettered access to the board of directors and the audit committee and to all records, properties and personnel?

Yes, the internal auditor has direct and unfettered access to the Board and the Audit Committee and to all records, properties and personnel of the Company. This is embodied in the CG Manual and the Internal Audit Charter that both require the Audit Committee to perform oversight functions over both the Company's internal and external auditors to ensure that they act independently from each other or from interference of outside parties and that they are given unrestricted access to all records, properties and personnel necessary in the discharge of their respective audit functions.

The CG Manual also provides that the Internal Audit Department report functionally to the Audit Committee. Further, the Internal Audit Manager, the Controller and the external auditor are each authorized to report directly to the Audit Committee without interference or censorship by Management as to any and all matters which they believe fall within the jurisdiction or concern of the Audit Committee, including significant accounting, reporting and tax issues and irregularities, control deficiencies, and Management plans for corrective action.

In pursuit of the duties and responsibilities of the Audit Committee in respect of the internal auditor as provided in the Audit Committee Charter, the Audit Committee performed the following activities for the years 2012 and 2013 to ensure the independence of the internal auditor through direct and unfettered access to the Board, as well as to Company records, properties and personnel in the conduct of internal audit function:

- reviewed and discussed with Controllers management the quarterly and annual financial statements of Petron Corporation and Subsidiaries and endorsed these for approval by the Board;
- endorsed the re-appointment of Manabat Sanagustin/KPMG as the company's independent auditors for 2013;
- reviewed with Manabat Sanagustin/KPMG the scope and timing of their annual audit plan, audit methodology, and focus areas related to their review of the financial statements;
- reviewed with Manabat Sanagustin/KPMG, the audit observations and recommendations on the Company's internal controls and management's response to the issues raised;
- reviewed with the Internal Audit Head and approved the annual internal audit plan and satisfied itself as to the independence of the internal audit function;

- reviewed on a quarterly basis Internal Audit's report on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control environment in the areas covered during the period; and
- and for 2013, reviewed and approved the proposal for the Internal Audit to provide the audit service requirements of Petron Malaysia.

#### (d) Resignation, Re-assignment and Reasons

Disclose any resignation/s or re-assignment of the internal audit staff (including those employed by the third-party auditing firm) and the reason/s for them.

Name of Audit Staff	Reason
Ma. Isabel L. Dyangko (with resignation effective August 10, 2012)	Resignation due to migration
Francis F. Bulaun (with resignation effective July 1, 2013)	Resignation due to transfer to another company in the San Miguel Group
Jon Stephen T. Lazol (with resignation effective June 30, 2013)	Resignation to transfer employment
Shella P. Malabanan (with resignation effective November 18, 2013)	Resignation to transfer employment
Rowela B. Lascano (with resignation effective December 31, 2013)	Resignation to start own business

#### (e) Progress against Plans, Issues, Findings and Examination Trends

State the internal audit's progress against plans, significant issues, significant findings and examination trends.

Progress Against Plans	Completed the 2012 and 2013 projects in the Audit Plan	
Issues <sup>7</sup>	There were no significant issues noted that had a material effect on the Company's financial statements and its operations.	
Findings <sup>8</sup>	There were no significant findings noted that had a material effect on the Company's financial statements and its operations. Findings in general though are documented in the 2012 quarterly Internal Audit Report to the Audit Committee	
Examination Trends	Generally adequate and effective internal control	

[The relationship among progress, plans, issues and findings should be viewed as an internal control review cycle which involves the following step-by-step activities:

- 1) Preparation of an audit plan inclusive of a timeline and milestones;
- 2) Conduct of examination based on the plan;
- 3) Evaluation of the progress in the implementation of the plan;
- 4) Documentation of issues and findings as a result of the examination;
- 5) Determination of the pervasive issues and findings ("examination trends") based on single year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> "Issues" are compliance matters that arise from adopting different interpretations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> "Findings" are those with concrete basis under the company's policies and rules.

result and/or year-to-year results;

- 6) Conduct of the foregoing procedures on a regular basis.]
- (f) Audit Control Policies and Procedures

Disclose all internal audit controls, policies and procedures that have been established by the company and the result of an assessment as to whether the established controls, policies and procedures have been implemented under the column "Implementation."

Policies & Procedures	Implementation
Policies and Guidelines on Revenue Cycle	Generally in order
Policies and Guidelines on Procurement Cycle	Generally in order
Policies and Guidelines on Supply Chain – Logistics Cycle	Generally in order

The Internal Control Policy of the Company was formalized and endorsed by the Audit Committee for the signature of the Chairman and President for dissemination to all offices of the Company.

#### (g) Mechanism and Safeguards

State the mechanism established by the company to safeguard the independence of the auditors, financial analysts, investment banks and rating agencies (example, restrictions on trading in the company's shares and imposition of internal approval procedures for these transactions, limitation on the non-audit services that an external auditor may provide to the company):

Auditors (Internal and External)	Financial Analysts	Investment Banks	Rating Agencies
The Audit Committee,	The Company obtains	The Company obtains	The Company obtains
through the functions	the relevant board	the relevant board	the relevant board
and powers granted to	approvals for the	approvals for the	approvals for the
it under the CG Manual	engagement of	engagement of	engagement of rating
and the Audit	financial analysts and	investment banks and	agencies and the
Committee Charter,	the Company engages	the Company engages	Company engages only
performs oversight	only reputable financial	only reputable	reputable agencies
functions over the	analysts with proven	investment banks with	with proven
Company's internal	independence and	proven independence	independence and
and external auditors	expertise in their field	and expertise in their	expertise in their field
to ensure that they act	of practice.	field of practice.	of practice.
independently from			_
each other or from	Financial analysts form	Investment banks form	Rating agencies form
interference of outside	part of the public.	part of the public.	part of the public.
parties, and that they	They are not given	They are not given	They are not given
are given unrestricted	non-public information	non-public information	non-public information
access to all records,	concerning the	concerning the	concerning the
properties and	Company until such	Company until such	Company until such
personnel necessary in	information is	information is	information is
the discharge of their	disclosed by the	disclosed by the	disclosed by the
respective audit	Company to the public	Company to the public	Company to the public
functions.	in general. In the event a financial	in general. In the	in general. In the
The Audit Committee		event an investment	event a rating agency is engaged by the
reviews and confirms	analyst is engaged by	bank is engaged by the Company for a	0.0.0
	the Company for a particular transaction,	Company for a particular transaction,	
the independence of	particular transaction,	particular transaction,	particular transaction,

the external auditors	such analyst is obliged	such bank is obliged to	such agency is obliged
by obtaining	to keep the transaction	keep is obliged to keep	to keep is obliged to
statements from the	confidential until	the transaction	keep the transaction
auditors on	disclosed by the	confidential until	confidential until
relationships between	Company.	disclosed by the	disclosed by the
the auditors and the		Company.	Company.
Company, including			
non-audit services, and			
discusses the			
relationship with the			
auditors.			

(h) State the officers (preferably the Chairman and the CEO) who will have to attest to the company's full compliance with the SEC Code of Corporate Governance. Such confirmation must state that all directors, officers and employees of the company have been given proper instruction on their respective duties as mandated by the Code and that internal mechanisms are in place to ensure that compliance.

It is the Compliance Officer of the Company who is mandated under the CG Manual to sign and submit the certification on the compliance with the CG Manual.

#### F. ROLE OF STAKEHOLDERS

#### 1) Disclose the company's policy and activities relative to the following:

	Policy	Activities
Customers' welfare	The Code of Conduct requires that Petron deal openly and honestly with its customers and that Petron is committed to supply goods and services of the highest quality standards backed by efficient after sales service consistent with the requirements of its customers to ensure their total satisfaction. The quality standards are required to at least meet the required national and applicable international standards.	Petron complies with all applicable laws and regulations in connection with the refining and marketing of its products. The Company's continued network expansion ensures the availability of the Company's products even in the most remote areas of the country. The improvement of existing service stations through various engineering and maintenance projects resulted in upgraded facilities. The installation of CCTV cameras in service stations was also commenced in 2012 in Metro Manila for the safety and protection of customers and service station personnel. Through its Research and Development team, the Company ensures the continuous enhancement of its products, services and processes to meet

		the requirements of the industry, delight customers and achieve competitive advantage. The Marketing Department endeavors to ensure the integrity of the Company's brands and the responsible product labeling and advertising of its products. Petron maintains its website and has a hotline number and an email address through which customers can relay their queries and complaints.
Supplier/contractor selection practice	Supplier Selection It is the policy of the Company, as embodied in the Corporate Policy Manual, that it deal only with licensed, reputable, reliable, competent and responsible suppliers who pass the pre- qualification requirements of the Company and, in order to ensure the availability of economical and superior materials, supplies and equipment, that it preferably deals with producers, manufacturers, exclusive or franchised distributors, direct importers and authorized dealers. The Corporate Policy Manual further requires the Company to give appropriate disciplinary measures to all erring suppliers in order to keep the integrity of the purchasing system and to maintain a pool of competent and dependable accredited suppliers. <u>Contractor Selection</u> It is the policy of the Company, also as embodied in the Corporate Policy Manual, that it deal only with licensed, reputable, reliable, competent and financially sound	Supplier Selection The procedure for soliciting and evaluating offers from suppliers and the award for an order as set out in the Corporate Policy Manual is observed. Negotiations and/or spot crude procurement are alternatively resorted in accordance with the Corporate Policy Manual. <u>Contractor Selection</u> The Corporate Policy Manual sets the procedure for soliciting and evaluating offers from contractors and the award for the order and the circumstances when negotiations and/or modified bidding may be resorted to. Any activity requiring contractor selection will undergo such procedure.
	contractors who pass the pre- qualification requirements of the Company in order to assure that only the most favorable services are	

	secured by the Company.	
Environmentally friendly value- chain	The Corporate Policy Manual also imposes appropriate disciplinary measures to all erring contractors to uphold the integrity of the Company's bidding system and maintain a pool of competent and dependable accredited contractors. It is the Company's policy under its Corporate Policy Manual to promote	Affirming its commitment to environmental management,
	and implement environmentally sound practices, taking into account government laws and regulations, the community's interest, consumer needs and technological innovations.	Petron established its Environmental Council in 2011 which is tasked to help spread awareness on new environmental regulations and standards and corporate policies.
	It is part of the sustainability policy of the Company that sustaining its leadership in the local oil industry also means being at the forefront of sustainable development.	Petron's environmental management is integrated throughout the value chain. The Petron Bataan Refinery is currently implementing and maintaining an Integrated Management System ("IMS") composed of Quality Management System (ISO 9001:2008); Occupational Health and Safety Management System (OHSAS or ISO 18001:2007); Environmental Management System (ISO-14001:2004), certified and recertified since July, June and May 2009, respectively, up to present. Depot operations continued their certification in environmental management system in various locations. A total of 32 locations are covered by ISO 9001 certification. Of these locations, a total of 20 have been migrated to the ISO 9001:2008 certification. As of March 2013, 23 locations had been certified to the IMS. Operations' commitment is to have all the depots certified to the IMS by 2015.

Community interaction	The Code of Conduct embodies	The Company also implemented various programs such as water conservation and greenhouse gas reduction programs. The Company reduced its greenhouse gas emissions by 17% from 2011 mainly due to the Flare Gas Recovery Unit it installed that re- directs waste gases back to the refinery to be used as fuel gas for its operations. And the over-all water consumption of the Company was reduced by over 8% from 2011 through an increased use of recycled water. The Company Head Office also observes a solid waste segregation system. In February 2012, Petron was
	Petron's commitment to be a good corporate citizen not only by complying with all relevant laws and regulations but also by actively assisting in the improvement of the quality of life or the people in the communities in which it operates with the objective of enhancing their quality of life. The Company also encourages volunteerism among its employees. It is part of the sustainability policy of the Company that sustaining its leadership in the local oil industry also means being at the forefront of sustainable development.	<ul> <li>honored by the Management Association of the Philippines with the prestigious Integral CSR Award which recognized Petron's earnest efforts to make social responsibility an integral function of the entire organization manifested in every aspect of its business operations.</li> <li>Petron also received the Special Award for Environment and Sustainable Development for its entry <i>Measuring, Managing and</i> <i>Minimizing Our Environment</i> <i>Footprint in Bataan</i> for the Company's initiatives to preserve and protect the environment and promote sustainable development in the Province of Bataan.</li> <li>In 2013, Petron received from the Public Relations Society of the Philippines Anvil Awards of Excellence for <i>Tulong Aral ng</i> <i>Petron: A Decade of Fueling Hope,</i></li> </ul>
		Sustainability: Petron's Way of Life, and the Boracay Beach Management Program, as well as Anvil Awards of Merit for Managing our Environmental

Footprint in Bataan and our 2011
Petron Sustainability Report.
Petron also received three (3)
Awards of Excellence for Tulong
Aral ng Petron: A Decade of
Fueling Hope, Sustainability:
Petron's Way of Life, and the
Boracay Beach Management
Program. Petron was also
recognized with the prestigious
Gold Award for Best
Environmental Excellence during
the fifth Global CSR Awards
organized by Singapore-based
The Pinnacle Group International.
Petron Foundation, Inc. ("PFI")
continued to be at the forefront
of Petron's efforts to make a
sustainable impact to society and
the environment, while at the
same time helping the Company
attain its business goals.
Among the CSR and sustainability
activities of Petron and PFI are
the following:
Tolena Andrea Deterministic
• Tulong Aral ng Petron. Tulong
Aral ng Petron ("Tulong Aral")
is a long-term, strategic
initiative that helps send poor
children to school, keep them
there and make sure they
learn. This is the centerpiece
corporate social responsibility
("CSR") program that defines
what Petron stands for socially
- to FUEL H.O.P.E. (Helping the
Filipino children and youth
Overcome Poverty through
Education). Tulong Aral has
scholarship programs for
elementary, high school and
college/vocational students.
At the end of 2012, Tulong
Aral, in partnership with the
Department of Social Welfare
and Development ("DSWD"),
the Department of Education
("DepEd") and the World

Vision Development Foundation, had a total of 3,486 scholars enrolled from Grades one to six. In March of 2012, 1,100 Tulong Aral scholars graduated, comprised the fourth batch of children who started the program in 2006. The end of school year 2011-2012 also produced 433 outstanding students, 16 of whom graduated with first honors. A significant majority of the scholars (95.5%) were able to complete their primary education, while the drop-out rate was kept to a mere 4.5%, below the national way average of 8%. At the end of 2013, Tulong Aral ng Petron had a total of 2,687 scholars enrolled from Grades three to six. Seven hundred twenty-one graduated in March 2013. A significant majority of our scholars (98.2%) were able to complete their primary education, while the drop-out rate was kept to a mere 2% below the national way average of 6.38%. In partnership with DepEd,

DSWD, and the Land Bank of the Philippines, a total of 372 youths received scholarships to go to high school in 26 public schools in Metro Manila. The program is being implemented for Petron by the Philippine Business for Social Progress.

For the school year 2012-2013, Petron sponsored the college education of 24 scholars pursuing different degrees from various academic institutions, the qualified of whom who can eventually earn the opportunity to be employed by Petron.

	A total of 442 children are receiving scholarships to go to high school in 25 public schools in Metro Manila. For the school year 2013-2014, Petron sponsored the college education of 24 scholars pursuing different degrees from various academic institutions, the qualified of whom can eventually earn the opportunity to be employed by Petron.
	<ul> <li>Petron Schools. As a parallel effort and in support of DepEd's Adopt-A-School Program, PFI continued to pursue its school building program. In 2012, Petron was able to build a total of eight (8) new classrooms or four (4) Petron Schools in areas close to its depots located in Zamboanga del Norte, General Santos City and Tagbilaran City. In 2013, Petron was able to build a Petron School of four (4) new classrooms in San Miguel, Compostela Valley which was badly hit by Typhoon Pablo. This brings the total number of classrooms or 80 schools, since 2002.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Petron also sponsored the establishment of classrooms called <i>Silid Pangarap</i> for the pre-school level in support of SMC's commitment to the AGAPP (Aklat, Gabay, Aruga Tungo sa Pag-angat at Pag-asa) Foundation's program of building pre-schools. In 2013 Petron was building 39 classrooms, with 19 having already been turned over in Bataan, Compostela Valley, Samar, Tagaytay, Negros Oriental, South Cotabato, and Sultan Kudarat.</li> </ul>

<ul> <li>Youth in Entrepreneurship and Leadership Development ("YIELD") Program. One hundred third year students of the Muntinlupa Business High School ("MBHS") learned the business of business through the YIELD program. PFI implemented the YIELD for the seventh year. YIELD has a total of 827 graduates. Under the YIELD program, the qualified MBHS students spent their summer at certain Petron company-operated ("COCO") stations to learn about the operations at the forecourt and back office and the rudiments of food service and business in COCO locators.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Skills Training Program for FEJODAP. Eight-five members of the Federation of Jeepney Operators and Drivers Association of the Philippines ("FEJODAP") and their dependents had been given technical/vocational skills training courses since July 2012, 25 of whom have already completed their courses this year. Throughout 2013, 140 more will receive vouchers to complete the 200 FEJODAP members to receive training as pledged by the Technical Education and Skills Development Authority and PFI.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Promotion of Environmental Sustainability. In 2012, PFI continued to take a leading role in the implementation of the Bataan Integrated Coastal Management ("ICM") Program in partnership with the Provincial Government of Bataan and the Global</li> </ul>

Environment Facility-United Nations Development Programme-United Nations Office for Project Services Partnerships on Environmental Management for the Seas of East Asia ("GEF-UNDP-UNOPS PEMSEA"). Its activities included guiding local government units ("LGUs") in developing the respective zoning plans in accordance with the Bataan Coastal Land and Sea Use Zoning Plan.

Through a partnership among PFI, the Municipality of Malay in the Province of Aklan, SMC and the Boracay Foundation, Inc., the Boracay Beach Management Program ("BBMP") was adopted to attain а sustainable development of Boracay Island. The BBMP celebrated its second year anniversary in September 2012 with key accomplishments that include increased water reliability (98%) and service coverage (96%), the acquisition of two (2) seacraft for sea patrol and emergency use and upgrading of communication equipment for better risk management, the establishment of coral nurseries near depleted coral reefs around the island, mangrove reforestation to preserve and ensure the survival of the island's mangrove areas, and reforestation of the Nabaoy River Watershed. The two-year efforts of the BBMP have contributed to a host of local and international recognitions received by the island in 2012. As part of the celebration of BBMP's second anniversary celebration, Petron signed a Memorandum of Agreement

with the Department of
Natural Resources ("DENR")
and the Municipality of Malay
to reforest and rehabilitate 20 bectares of the Nabaoy
hectares of the Nabaoy Watershed for the next three
(3) years. This commitment is
also aligned with Petron's
support to the DENR's National
Greening Program.
Greening Hogram.
Petron also partnered with the
DENR and the City Government
of Marikina to support the
Adopt-An-Estero/Water
Program for the Marikina River
and the DENR's National
Greening Program. In 2012,
the program was commenced
along the 3.1 kilometer stretch
of the Concepcion Creek, a
major tributary of the Marikina
River and identified by the
Marikina City Environmental
Management Office as a
program pilot site with a river cleanup. The dredging and
rehabilitation of the creek
banks and easements and
repair of bike lanes
commenced on identified areas
of the Concepcion Creek and
was completed in February
2013.
Petron is also committed to
have its network of facilities
nationwide adopt rivers and
other water bodies within the
proximity of their respective
areas. As of 2012, the following
Petron facilities have instituted
their own Adopt-An-Estero
activities:
➢ Nasipit Depot (Talisay
Creek)
<ul> <li>Davao Depot (Pampanga</li> </ul>
Creek)
<ul> <li>➢ Gasul Operations, San</li> </ul>
Fernando, Pampanga (Dela
Paz Norte Creek)
· ····· · ·····,

<ul> <li>Gasul Operations, Legazpi</li> <li>City (Reniilisan Road</li> <li>Creek)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Palawan Depot (City Estero)</li> </ul>
For the National Greening Program, Petron undertook to contribute to the DENR's goal of planting 1.5 billion trees from 2011 to 2016. Together with Depot and Plant Operations, PFI established commitments to the greening campaign by the Roxas Depot (20 hectares in Nabaoy Watershed in Malay, Aklan) and the Iloilo Depot (five (5) hectares in Maasin Watershed, Iloilo Province).
Petron also continued to work with Petron Gasul in the dredging of the two-kilometer stretch where the Marikina and Pasig Rivers meet. As of the end of 2012, the operations were more than halfway through their target, with 81% or approximately 103,000 m <sup>3</sup> of the waterway dredged.
Community-Based Programs.     PFI and the PBR undertook     strategic community programs     that benefitted thousands of     residents in the province such     as the (a) Sulong KaBataan     program that provided values     formation, technical skills and     leadership training to the     youth and (b) Sulong     KaBarangay program, a public-     private partnership among the     local government of Limay,     DSWD, PFI, the PBR, and     PinoyME Foundation, that     helped establish four (4)
community sub-projects and one livelihood sub-project by resident volunteers of

Barangays Alangan and Lamao. In 2012, a total of 101 out of school youths and 24 graduating college students from Balanga City, Municipalities of Orion and Abucay underwent values formation workshops under the Sulong KaBataan program and volunteers from Barangay Alangan and Lamao now supply the rug requirements of the PBR and produces doormats for local markets.

The Petron Community Health Center within the compound of the Pandacan Terminal served a total of 1,201 patients in 2012, bringing the total number to 2,637 since March 2010.

Petron continued to support the development of Rosario, Cavite through various CSR initiatives including the (a) rehabilitation of the waters off the coast of Rosario through the use of the artificial reef technology called REEFbuds in partnership with Yes2Life Foundation and the Rosario LGU and (b) donation of seed money to the Municipality of Rosario that allowed a total of 693 residents to secure loans to start or enhance their livelihood activities.

• Responding to Crises. Petron demonstrated its commitment anew to caring for the community when it immediately mobilized to assist hundreds of families displaced by several major typhoons that hit the country. It conducted relief operations in several cities and municipalities in Manila Metro and the provinces of Bataan, Bulacan,

and Rizal when Typhoon Gener and the southwest monsoon rains caused massive flooding in Metro Manila and the Central Luzon region in August 2012. In December 2012, its relief operations were brought to Compostela Valley and Davao Oriental when Typhoon Pablo hit the southern part of Relief the Philippines. operations were also conducted in (i) Zamboanga due to the siege in September 2013, (ii) Bohol and Cebu after the major earthquake in October 2013, and (iii) Leyte, Oriental Mindoro, Iloilo, Capiz and Cebu after Typhoon Yolanda (Haiyan) in November 2013.

In partnership with San Miguel Corporation, PFI also continued to support rehabilitation efforts being implemented jointly by Habitat for Humanity Philippines, Inc. and Gawad Kalinga to build houses for those displaced by Typhoon Sendong in December 2011. Petron's commitment is to help put up approximately 1,250 houses in the cities of Cagayan de Oro and Iligan.

And in line with efforts to help enhance business continuity and contribute to resilient communities, Petron partnered with the Corporate Network for Disaster Response for the Noah's Project Ark in enhancing the capabilities of LGUs and stakeholders to build disaster-resilient communities with the ultimate goal of attaining zero casualties. PFI adopted Barangay Nangka in Marikina City, one of the most disaster-prone areas in the country, for its first Noah's Ark

I	
	Project.
	Petron also formalized a
	partnership with the
	Department of Science and
	Technology to implement
	Project NOAH or National Operational Assessment of
	Hazards in its key facilities
	nationwide, in support of the
	directive of President Benigno
	S. Aquino III for the country to
	establish a responsive program
	for nationwide disaster
	prevention and mitigation with a monitoring and early warning
	system along the Philippines'
	18 major river basins. The aim
	is to be able to provide a six
	(6)-hour lead-time warning to
	vulnerable communities
	against impending floods utilizing advanced technology.
	Advancing Sustainability
	Management and Reporting.
	Petron published its 2012 and
	2011 Petron Sustainability
	Reports (each an "SR"). The 2012 SR is Petron's 5th year of
	publishing an SR that presents
	the Company's triple
	bottomline accounting of its
	business as it impacts on the
	economy environment and
	society. It follows the Global Reporting Initiative ("GRI")
	international guidelines on
	Sustainability Reporting, with a
	B+ level, and checked by an
	independent external review
	committee. The 2011 and 2012 SRs were checked by the GRI
	Head Office in Amsterdam for
	an Application Level Check for
	conformity to the guidelines.
	Petron is only one of a handful
	of companies that are producing an SR, the first
	producing an SR, the first Filipino company to attain a B+
	Level GRI Report, and the first

		undergo a GRI Application Level Check using the G3 Guidelines. Furthermore, the 2012 SR identified key indicators vis-à-vis the ISO 26000 standard on social responsibility.
Anti-corruption programmes and procedures?	The Code of Conduct expressly provides that bribes are against Petron policy and that Petron and its employees and officers shall neither solicit, receive nor offer or make, directly or indirectly, any illegal payments, remuneration, gifts, favors, commissions, donations, or comparable benefits which are intended or perceived to obtain business or uncompetitive favors for the conduct of its business.	Anti-corruption is also specifically set out as a policy in the Code of Conduct and is an offense punishable by disciplinary action under the Company Rules and Regulations on Discipline. Training on anti-corruption is included in the values and leadership training seminars and employee orientation programs.
Safeguarding creditors' rights	The Code of Conduct expressly requires employees and officers at all times to be guided by the Company's vision and mission which highlight professionalism, integrity, fairness, commitment to excellence, and care of the environment as the core values of the Company. Petron insists that these values be observed in all aspects of business and expects the same in its relationships with all those with whom it does business.	Petron ensures that is able to meet its commitment as they arise. It also ensures that reports required under its facility agreements are timely delivered to the creditors.

## 2) Does the company have a separate corporate responsibility (CR) report/section or sustainability report/section?

Yes, Petron published its 2011 Petron Sustainability Report ("SR") in 2012 and its 2012 SR in 2013. The 2012 SR is the Company's 5th year of publishing an SR that presents the Company's triple bottomline accounting of its business as it impacts on the economy environment and society. It follows the Global Reporting Initiative ("GRI") international guidelines on Sustainability Reporting, with a B+ level, and checked by an independent external review committee. The 2011 SR and the 2912 SR were checked by the GRI Head Office in Amsterdam for an Application Level Check for conformity to the guidelines. Petron is only one of a handful of companies that are producing an SR, the first Filipino company to attain a B+ Level GRI Report, and the first company to successfully undergo a GRI Application Level Check using the G3 Guidelines. Furthermore, the 2012 SR identified key indicators vis-à-vis the ISO 26000 standard on social responsibility.

After four years of publishing its annual report and sustainability report separately, the Company integrated the reports for 2013 into one report entitled "*Going the Extra Mile (2013 Annual Report)*". As in the previous years, the 2013 annual report was subjected to independent scrutiny and reviewed in accordance with the GRI. The Company maintained its B+ Level GRI Report.

The Definitive Information Statement, the 2012 annual reports (both the SEC Form 17-A and the glossy version entitled "Forging Ahead, Thinking Big"), the 2013 annual report on SEC Form 17-A, , and the website of the Company each also has a separate CR/sustainability section.

#### 3) Performance-enhancing mechanisms for employee participation.

#### (a) What is the company's policy for its employees' safety, health, and welfare?

It is the policy of the Company to promote the safety, health and welfare of its employees. The Company has a corporate-wide health, safety and environment program. It also continues to conduct employee engagement programs that enable the employees to get fully involved in activities that both further their development and promote the interests of the Company.

To strengthen the coordination of health and safety in the Company, the Petron Safety Council was established to promote safe operations and improve the Company's safety and reliability performance. Petron also launched in 2010 its Behavior-Based Safety program that aims to cultivate a culture of *malasakit* ("looking out for each other"). It is an innovative training initiative that motivates employees to adopt safety-conscious actions and behaviors.

The Company recognizes that work life balance positively affects the employees' attitude towards their job, strengthens synergies among work groups, and fosters loyalty among employees, encouraging them to establish long-term careers with the Company. Work/life balance activities for Petron employees, such as the Art Club's painting exhibit, photography sessions, and brown bag session, were also conducted. The Company also participated in activities that continued the cultural assimilation of the Company with the San Miguel Group and provided more synergy and productive exchanges of best practices and information. Petron employees participated in various events of the San Miguel Group that fostered camaraderie and promoted healthy such as Night Market, Valentine's/Halloween parties, Human Resources Summit, Fun Olympics, Battle of the Bands, X Factor, and the integrated Christmas party for more than 5,000 employees of the San Miguel Group. There were also inter-company sports events such as basketball, bowling, futsal, darts, badminton and billiards.

#### (b) Show data relating to health, safety and welfare of its employees.

The Supply and Operations Group of the Company ("S&O") achieved several milestones in their operations as well as recognitions from local government agencies. S&O achieved a significant safety milestone attaining zero Loss Time Incident ("LTI") posting a combined record of 49.4 million safe-man-hours milestone covering the whole division and its contractors as of December 31, 2012. On December 6, 2012, all 31 terminals and depots of the Company were conferred with the 2011 *Safety Milestone* ("Smile") award by the Department of Labor and Employment - Bureau of Working Conditions.

On the other hand, the Petron Bataan Refinery attained 1.4 million man-hours or 41 integrated man-days of safe refinery operations, inspite of the increased number of activities at the Petron Bataan Refinery during the year due to major turnaround and construction of pressure vessels and atmospheric tanks. Hazards and unsafe behaviors identified were addressed immediately to prevent them from causing accidents/incidents. With further regular training, safety audits and drills, the Petron Bataan Refinery attained 1,379 days work, or equivalent to 18.9 million man-hours, without loss time accident starting September 1, 2008 up to June 12, 2012.

Safety inspections were conducted at 25 depots and terminals and five (5) LPG mini refilling plants by the Company's Operations Safety Group to ensure that the plants adhere to the Company's standards on health and safety of all its employees, customers, suppliers, contractors and the general public. Safety inspections of sites at the contractors' were also done. The Company's Corporate Technical & Engineering Services Group

completed safety and mechanical inspections in eight (8) depots/terminals, 60 service stations and five (5) LPG-filling plants as part of the task force assigned to check on dealers' facilities.

The Company's Operations Health, Safety and Environment rigorously required all depots and terminals to conduct drills on emergency response to enhance the competency of its personnel to a level comparable with noted disaster response organizations. A total of 72 fire drills, six (6) oil spill drills and 38 other emergency drills which includes earthquake, flood, first aid response, bomb threat and evacuation drills were conducted in all facilities nationwide.

Depots and terminals receive, store and distribute finished petroleum products and various grades of lube oils and additives. All 31 depots and terminals attained zero LTI in 2011. Depot operations subscribe to Quality, Safety and Environment Management Systems to guide personnel in maintaining the quality, safe handling and delivery of products to customers.

#### (c) State the company's training and development programmes for its employees. Show the data.

The Company is committed to provide its employees a work environment that helps promote their development and potential, including through the provision of training programs that will enrich competencies, develop capabilities and skills and improve knowledge.

In 2013, the Company offered more than 700 programs and trainings to its officers and employees for total training hours of 69,996 or about 33 training hours per employee. While formal training was reduced, it was replaced by alternative online learning facilities focusing on, among others, leadership and personaly effectiveness.

In 2012, the Company provided various in-house, local and foreign trainings to its officers and employees and trainings specific to the Petron Bataan Refinery for total training hours of 155,187. This translates to about 9.94 training days per employee.

The programs covered by the trainings include leadership, strategic management, service excellence, technical training and safety, professional skills development, supervisory skills, creativity and innovation. Fifty-five (55) sessions of developmental interventions such as *Raise the Bar, Unleash Your Creativity in the Workplace, Corporate Image* and *Labor Management Relations* were conducted to help employees demonstrate skills, attitudes and behaviors that are in accordance with the Company's core competencies. Moreover, 26 customized training programs on leadership and management development (*e.g., Entrepreneurial Development, Strategic Management in a Global Environment,* and *Finance for Strategic Decision Making*) were conducted to boost leaders' ability to lead and manage change.

In addition to trainings, the Company also encourages continuing education in accredited universities and colleges through the Company's Educational Reimbursement Program.

## (d) State the company's reward/compensation policy that accounts for the performance of the company beyond short-term financial measures

What the Company maintains is a variable pay program that is a vital component of the employees' total compensation package aimed at providing incentives for the workforce for the achievement of the Company's business goals and objectives. It encourages and rewards superior performance, achievements and behaviors based on pre-established goals and objectives, and encourages teamwork and accountability within the organization.

## 4) What are the company's procedures for handling complaints by employees concerning illegal (including corruption) and unethical behaviour? Explain how employees are protected from retaliation.

#### Whistle-blowing Policy

Prior to the adoption by the Board on May 6, 2013 of the Company's own whistle-blowing policy, the Company, as a subsidiary of San Miguel Corporation, observed the *San Miguel Corporation and Subsidiaries Whistle-blowing Policy*. The salient terms of both policies are as follows:

- 1. Accounting, internal accounting controls, auditing or financial reporting concerns may be communicated to the General Counsel and Compliance Officer (the "Compliance Officer").
- 2. All communications received by the Compliance Officer will be kept confidential and all relevant communications to be distributed to the Audit Committee.
- 3. The Audit Committee will determine necessary or appropriate action or response; and
- 4. Retaliation in any form against any interested party who, in good faith, raises a concern or reports a possible violation will not to be tolerated.

#### Company Rules and Regulations on Discipline

It is the policy of the Company under the Company Rules and Regulations on Discipline to subject to disciplinary action any regular, probationary or casual/project employee, irrespective of position or classification, who commits an offense against the Company, its property or its property.

The Company Rules and Regulations on Discipline provides implementation guidelines that primarily require that any disciplinary action be imposed only in accordance with applicable law and regulation and subject to the requirements of due process. Any third party or employee who has knowledge of an incident covered by the Company Rules and Regulations on Discipline may report the incident to the Company. The Vice President, Department Head or immediate supervisor of the subject employee will administer the policy and secure all acts and evidence material to the reported incident (the "Administrator").

In case of any infraction meriting a penalty of grave suspension or dismissal, the Administrator can recommend the formation of a fact-finding committee to purse the investigation, which, in turn, can recommend the formation of a Disciplinary Action Hearing Committee if the investigation reveals substantial evidence to support the imposition of grave suspension or dismissal. The concerned employee will be informed of the charges against him and given ample opportunity to be heard and defend himself. All findings and conclusions should be supported by substantial evidence. The decision should also be communicated to the employee.

#### Code of Conduct

The Code of Conduct of Conduct sets out Petron's policy requiring the highest possible standards of ethical and business and conduct (and also specifically covers illegal activities such as bribery). The failure to comply with the terms of the Code of Conduct will subject an employee to discipline that may include counseling, reprimand, suspension and/or termination, in addition to any civil or criminal liability under existing laws. Disciplinary measures will depend on the circumstances of the violation and due process will be followed in the process.

The Code of Conduct requires as the responsibility of every employee and officer and the policy of the Company to encourage employees and officers to ask questions, seek guidance and report suspected violations. Any individual having information of knowledge of any prohibited act is mandated to promptly report such matters to the Department Head, Vice President, Human Resources Management Department, Internal Audit or the General

Counsel.

### Others Means to Report

The Company also maintains its website and hotlines through which concerns of any person may be relayed to the Company for appropriate investigation and/or action.

# G. DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY

### 1) Ownership Structure

(a) Holding 5% shareholding or more (updated pursuant to the SEC Form 17-C filed by the Company with the SEC on March 28, 2014 and the notice filed by the Petron Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan with the SEC on April 4, 2014, the disclosure to the PSE dated August 18, 2014, and the acquisition by Petron Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan of common shares on December 5, 2014 )

Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percent	Beneficial Owner
SEA Refinery Corporation	4,696,885,564	50.10	SEA Refinery Corporation
San Miguel Corporation	1,702,870,560	18.16	San Miguel Corporation
Petron Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan	1,386,156,097	7.80%	Petron Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan

Name of Senior Management	Number of Direct shares	Number of Indirect shares / Through (name of record owner)	% of Capital Stock
None.			
TOTAL			

#### 2) Does the Annual Report disclose the following:

Key risks	Yes.
Corporate objectives	Yes.
Financial performance indicators	Yes.
Non-financial performance indicators	Yes.
Dividend policy	Yes.
Details of whistle-blowing policy	Yes.
Biographical details (at least age, qualifications, date of first appointment, relevant experience, and any other directorships of listed companies) of directors/commissioners	Yes.
Training and/or continuing education programme attended by each director/commissioner	Yes.
Number of board of directors/commissioners meetings held during the year	Yes.
Attendance details of each director/commissioner in respect of meetings held	Yes.
Details of remuneration of the CEO and each member of the board of directors/commissioners	Yes.

Should the Annual Report not disclose any of the above, please indicate the reason for the non-disclosure.

### 3) External Auditor's fee

Name of auditor	Audit Fee in 2012 (in Pesos)	Non-Audit Fee in 2012 (professional fees for due diligence and study of various internal projects and tax consulting services; in Pesos)
Manabat Sanagustin & Co., CPAs/KPMG	5,737,000.00	7,847,039

Name of auditor	Audit Fee in 2013 (in Pesos)	Non-Audit Fee in 2013 (professional fees for due diligence and study of various internal projects and tax consulting services; in Pesos)
Manabat Sanagustin & Co., CPAs/KPMG	6,026,150	8,038,492

#### 4) Medium of Communication

### List down the mode/s of communication that the company is using for disseminating information.

The Company has the following modes of communication for the dissemination of information:

#### External modes of communication

- Company website www.petron.com.
- Email and hotline telephone
- Disclosures made with the PSE and the SEC (including periodic structured reports such as the definitive information statement, the annual report and the quarterly reports and unstructured reports)
- Regular quarterly briefings and investor conferences
- Social networking sites
- Glossy annual report
- Interview of or correspondence with Management
- Print, radio and TV announcements/communications/releases

### Internal modes of communication

- the modes above-listed
- intranet (PetHub)
- corporate newsletter (PetroNews)
- email blasts
- internal memoranda

### 5) Date of release of audited financial report:

Audited Financial Statements for year ended December 31, 2012: April 15, 2013 Audited Financial Statements for year ended December 31, 2013: April 15, 2014

### 6) Company Website

### Does the company have a website disclosing up-to-date information about the following?

Business operations	Yes.
Financial statements/reports (current and prior years)	Yes.
Materials provided in briefings to analysts and media	Yes.
Shareholding structure	Yes.
Group corporate structure	Yes.
Downloadable annual report	Yes.
Notice of AGM and/or EGM	Yes.
Company's constitution (company's by-laws, memorandum and articles of association)	Yes.

#### Should any of the foregoing information be not disclosed, please indicate the reason thereto.

### 7) Disclosure of RPT

Transactions between the Company and its parent, subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with non-related parties. Such transactions are made at normal market prices and terms. An assessment is undertaken at each financial year by examining the final position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Pursuant to the requirements of the CG Manual, the Company fully and timely discloses all material information concerning its operations, including significant related party transactions (excluding the purchase of crude oil in the normal course of business).

The Company likewise discloses its related party transactions through its consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS and in the Definitive Information Statement and the annual report (SEC Form 17-A).

The list of the Company's related party transactions is as follows:

RPT	Relationship	Nature	Value
San Miguel Corporation	Ultimate parent	Purchase of services	Amount owed as of December 31, 2012: P20M Amount owed as of December 31, 2013: P94M
Petron Corporation Employees' Retirement Plan	Benefit pension plan for permanent, regular and full time employees	Interest-bearing advances	Amount owed to Petron as of December 31, 2012: P15.52B

			Revenue generated: P557M Amount owed to Petron as of December 31, 2013: P16.39B Revenue generated: P777M
Various affiliates	Affiliates under common control	Supply of bunker, diesel fuel, gasoline and lube requirements	Amount owed to Petron as of December 31, 2012: P1.97B Amount owed to Petron as of December 31, 2013: P2.98B
Various associates	Associates	Supply of bunker, diesel fuel, gasoline and lube requirements	Amount owed to Petron as of December 31, 2012: P17M Amount owed to Petron as of December 31, 2013: P21M
Joint venture	Joint venture	Purchase of goods and services	Amount owed by Petron as of December 31, 2012: P25M Amount owed by Petron as of December 31, 2013: P28M

# When RPTs are involved, what processes are in place to address them in the manner that will safeguard the interest of the company and in particular of its minority shareholders and other stakeholders?

Transactions with related parties are made on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with nonrelated parties. They are thus made at normal market prices and terms. An assessment is undertaken each financial year by examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which it operates.

And pursuant to the requirements of the CG Manual, the Company fully and timely discloses all material information concerning its operations, including significant related party transactions (excluding the purchase of crude oil in the normal course of business).

The Company likewise discloses its related party transactions through its consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS and in the Definitive Information Statement and the annual report (SEC Form 17-A).

# H. RIGHTS OF STOCKHOLDERS

- 1) Right to participate effectively in and vote in Annual/Special Stockholders' Meetings
  - (a) Quorum

Give details on the quorum required to convene the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting as set forth in its By-laws.

Quorum Required	Majority of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Petron entitled to vote
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# (b) System Used to Approve Corporate Acts

Explain the system used to approve corporate acts.

System Used	The Company observes the one-vote-one-share rule.
	The By-laws expressly provide that each stockholder shall at every meeting of the stockholders be entitled to one vote, in person or by proxy, for each share of capital stock held by such stockholder.
Description	In the case of election of directors, the By-laws provide for cumulative voting such that a stockholder may distribute his/her votes per share to as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or he/she may cumulate his shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of shares he/she has, or he/she may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as he/she shall see fit; provided, that the total number of votes cast by him/her shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him/her as shown in the books of the corporation multiplied by the whole number of directors to be elected.
	If at any meeting of the stockholders a vote by ballot shall be taken, the By- laws require that a voting committee shall be created to adopt its own rules to govern the voting and take charge of the voting proceedings and the preparation and distribution of the ballots. Each member of the voting committee, who need not be stockholders, is required to subscribe to an oath to faithfully execute his/her duties as an inspector of votes with strict impartiality and according the best of his/her ability.
	For the 2012, 2013 and 2014 annual stockholders' meetings, while a balloting system was prepared and made available, balloting was dispensed with with the approval by the stockholders of the verbal motions made to approve proposed resolutions.

# (c) Stockholders' Rights

List any Stockholders' Rights concerning Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting that differ from those laid down in the Corporation Code.

Stockholders' Rights under The Corporation Code	Stockholders' Rights <u>not</u> in The Corporation Code
Right to receive notices of meetings in accordance with the By-laws, which in turn, sets a 15-day rule for the delivery of the notice.	Notices of stockholders' meeting, together with the definitive information statement, are distributed no later than 15 business days before the meeting.
Right to attend stockholders' meetings	The stockholders of the Company are given the opportunity to directly ask Management and the Board during the open forum at stockholders' meetings in accordance with the guidelines set by the Company and announced at the start of the meetings

**Dividends** (updated pursuant to the SEC Form 17-Cs dated August 7, 2014 and November 7, 2014 filed by the Company)

Class of Shares	Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date
Common Shares	March 7, 2012	April 2, 2012	April 24, 2012
Preferred Shares	1. March 7, 2012	1. 2Q 2012: May 18, 2012 3Q 2012: August 16, 2012	1. 2Q 2012: June 5, 2012 3Q 2012: September 5, 2012
	2. August 9, 2012	<ol> <li>4Q 2012: November 16, 2012 1Q 2012: February 5, 2013</li> </ol>	2. 4Q 2012: December 5, 2012 1Q 2012: March 5, 2013
Common Shares	March 18, 2013	April 12, 2013	May 8, 2013
Preferred Shares	1.March 18, 2013	1. 2Q 2013: May 10, 2013 3Q 2013: August 8, 2013	1. 2Q 2012: June 5, 2013 3Q 2012: September 5, 2013
	2. August 8, 2013	2. 4Q 2013: November 11, 2013 1Q 2014: February 7, 2014	<ol> <li>4Q 2012: December 5, 2013</li> <li>1Q 2012: March 5, 2014</li> </ol>
Common Shares	March 24, 2014	April 8, 2014	April 23, 2014
Preferred Shares	May 6, 2014	May 21, 2014	June 5, 2014
Preferred shares	August 6, 2014	August 22, 2014	September 5, 2014
Preferred shares	November 7, 2014	November 24, 2014	December 5, 2014
Preferred shares	November 7, 2014	February 18, 2015	March 5, 2015
Series 2 A Preferred shares	November 7, 2014	January 20, 2015	February 3, 2015
Series 2 B Preferred shares	November 7, 2014	January 20, 2015	February 3, 2015

### (d) Stockholders' Participation

1. State, if any, the measures adopted to promote stockholder participation in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting, including the procedure on how stockholders and other parties interested may communicate directly with the Chairman of the Board, individual directors or board committees. Include in the discussion the steps the Board has taken to solicit and understand the views of the stockholders as well as procedures for putting forward proposals at stockholders' meetings.

Measures Adopted	Communication Procedure
In all the stockholders' meetings of the Company, an open forum is scheduled after the presentation of the Management Report to give the stockholders the opportunity to directly ask questions or raise concerns and issues to Management and the Board. Representatives of the external auditors of the	After the Chairman has called the meeting to order, the Corporate Secretary announces that there will be an open forum after the Management Report and that, to give more stockholders the chance to ask questions, priority will be accorded to written questions given in advance. Question forms are made readily available from usherettes posted in accessible
Company are also present at the meetings to respond to appropriate questions concerning the financial statements of the Company.	areas of the meeting venue. The identity of the stockholders is requested to be indicated and/or advised to allow the
The above measures were observed during the 2012, 2013 and 2014 annual stockholders' meetings held on May 15, 2012, May 21, 2013, and May 20, 2014, respectively.	Company to write or email them in the event there is further information on their concerns or if their queries or concerns are not addressed for lack of time.
	The above procedure was observed during the 2012, 2013 and 2014 annual stockholders' meetings held on May 15, 2012, May 21, 2013, and May 20, 2014, respectively.

State the company policy of asking shareholders to actively participate in corporate decisions regarding: regarding:

- a. Amendments to the company's constitution
- b. Authorization of additional shares
- c. Transfer of all or substantially all assets, which in effect results in the sale of the company

It is the policy of the Company under the CG Manual that shareholders' voting rights in general (not only those in respect of the matters listed above) are encouraged to be exercised. The CG Manual further provides that shareholder's rights should be promoted by removing impediments to the exercise of such shareholders' rights. The Board is thus tasked to do what is necessary to remove excessive unnecessary costs and other administrative impediments to stockholders' meaningful participation in meetings and/or voting in person or by proxy.

To encourage in general the participation by the stockholders in stockholders' meetings of the Company, such meetings are held in accessible venues. As an additional measure to disseminate information on the annual stockholders' meeting, the Company publishes in newspapers of general circulation the notices of the meeting. Further, the Company does not require any document or formality for the execution of proxies other than what is required in the law, *e.g.*, proxies do not need to be notarized. In 2012, the annual stockholders' meeting was held in Edsa Shangri-La Manila Hotel located at 1 Garden Way, Ortigas Center, Mandaluyong City. In addition to the release of the notice of the meeting with the Definitive Information Statement, the notice was published in The Philippine Star and the Business Mirror on May 4, 2012. In 2013

and 2014, the annual stockholders' meetings were held in Valle Verde Country Club located at Capt. Henry P. Javier St., Pasig City. In addition to the release of the notice of the meeting with the Definitive Information Statement, the notice and agenda of the 2013 and 2014 annual stockholders' meeting were also published in The Philippine Star and The Manila Times on April 26, 2013 and The Philippine Star on April 16, 2014, respectively.

# 3. Does the company observe a minimum of 21 business days for giving out of notices to the AGM where items to be resolved by shareholders are taken up?

The notices of the 2012 annual stockholders' meeting were sent in accordance with the 15-business day requirement of the SRC Rules.

- a. Date of sending out notices: April 23, 2012
- b. Date of the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting: May 15, 2012

Similarly, the notices of the 2013 annual stockholders' meeting were sent in accordance with the 15-business day requirement of the SRC Rules.

- a. Date of sending out notices: April 26, 2013
- b. Date of the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting: May 21, 2013

For the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting, notices were sent in accordance with the 15-business day requirement of the SRC Rules.

- a. Date of sending out notices: April 25, 2014
- b. Date of the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting: May 20, 2014

### 4. State, if any, questions and answers during the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

Questions and comments were raised by stockholders during the 2012, 2013 and 2014 annual stockholders' meetings. All these were documented in the minutes made available to the stockholders during the 2013 annual stockholders' meeting in respect of questions raised during the 2012 meeting and during the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting in respect of questions raised during the 2013 meeting. Questions and comments raised during the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting are also documented in the minutes to be made available to the stockholders during the 2015 annual stockholders' meeting.

### <u>2012 Meeting</u>

The questions and comments raised and the answers given are as follows:

- Benefit of the acquisition by the Company of the downstream business of Exxon in Malaysia The Chairman explained that, with the acquisition of such integrated downstream business, the Company had extended its businesses outside the Philippines. The Company now owns and operates the Port Dickson Refinery, product terminals and a network of approximately 550 retail service stations in Malaysia.
- Status of the Refinery Master Plan Phase 2 ("RMP-2") and the network expansion program. The Chairman replied that the construction of the RMP-2 was on schedule and expected to be completed in 2014. The completion of the RMP2 would enable the Company to increase its capability to process

heavier crudes and convert fuel oil into a broader range of products and petrochemical products. On the network expansion program, he explained that, as of end December 2011, the Company had built about 700 new stations thereby bringing the number of its service stations to about 2,000.

- Offer for the sale of the Refinery to the government. Mr. Ang emphasized that the Company was not selling the Refinery. He explained that he just raised the thought on the sale when asked how else the Company could help the government since the acquisition of the Refinery would allow the government to closely monitor importations and collect appropriate taxes and duties.
- *Effect on the Company of the recent numerous decreases in gas retail prices.* The Chairman explained that the Company was not always able to increase retail prices even when the price of crude oil went up. The high cost of inventory of such crude oil resulted in lower margins.
- *Requirements to qualify for a retail dealership* Mr. Ang explained that the primary requirement for operating a service station was finding a good location that the Company could buy or lease long-term.
- *Reported acquisition by the San Miguel Group of Philippine Airlines*. Mr. Ang replied that Philippine Airlines was already an existing client and the Company would continue to sell to it at competitive prices.
- Comments relating to providing assistance for reconciling the records of their shares and receiving dividend payments. The stockholders were advised to approach the stock transfer agent, SMC Stock Transfer Services Corporation, whose representatives were present at the meeting. The Chairman also suggested that the stockholders concerned visit the Office of the Corporate Secretary of the Company.
- Suggestion on LPG delivery. The Chairman explained that an LPG delivery scheme was already in place but any further assistance on the matter may be brought to the attention of the Company.

### 2013 Meeting

The questions and comments raised and the answers given are as follows:

- Oil smuggling and its effect on the Company The Chairman explained that oil smuggling has been present since the oil industry was deregulated. As smuggling becomes more rampant, less taxes are paid to the government and the volume that the Company sells may decrease since the prices from illegal sources are cheaper.
- Status of the Company's investments in Malaysia The Chairman replied that Petron Malaysia was a good investment and the business in Malaysia was doing well. He encouraged the stockholders to go to Kuala Lumpur and see from the airport and all the way to the city how nice Petron's stations are. The Chairman noted that another investment as good as Petron Malaysia may not be easy to find. To answer a related query, the Chairman explained that the issue on branding in Malaysia was being addressed. While the name of Petron is close to Petronas', the Company was able to demonstrate the difference.
- Entry of new players The Chairman explained that the Company could not do anything about the entry of new players. Under a deregulated market, new players are free to put up their own stations and purchase their products from different sources.
- Dealership of the Bulilit stations The Chairman explained that the investment required for a bulilit station was minimal to facilitate the putting up of service stations in small locations. While a company-owned gas station would require around P 30-50 million as initial investment, he said that a bulilit station would only require about P5 million. The Chairman likewise noted that the bulilit stations may be

expanded to become regular stations. The lot size required for a *bulilit* station was estimated to be around 500-1,000 square meters.

- Benefit of the RMP-2 The Chairman replied that the Refinery was rated at 180,000 barrels a day but only runs at an average of 100,000 barrels a day. He explained that running the Refinery at full capacity would result in a bigger volume of bunker fuel which the Company was already selling at a loss. Once the Refinery is upgraded, the Company may run it at 100% and the bunker fuel would be converted to higher margin white products (*e.g.,* gasoline, diesel) and more petrochemicals such as propylene and xylene.
- *Priority projects of Petron from 2013-2016* The Chairman confirmed that the upgrade of the Refinery remains to be the priority project. Once the upgrade is completed, he explained that the Company's revenues would improve which would translate to higher share price and higher dividends.
- New product of the Company available in the market The Chairman explained that the new product, "Super Extra Gasoline," is a result of directive from the Department of Energy that gasoline should have a minimum octane rating of 91RON.
- *Petron Value Card and its benefits* The Chairman explained that the points earned by the Petron Value Card have no expiry and cardholders would soon have expanded benefits.
- Lower amount of dividends was declared for the year The Chairman said that the sudden drop of crude oil prices in the world market resulted in a decrease in revenues. He, however, assured the stockholders that once the Refinery upgrade is completed, the Company's revenues would increase.
- Network expansion program The Chairman explained that the network expansion program was still ongoing. After three (3) years of undergoing its expansion program, the Company had more than 2,000 stations.
- Status of Pandacan depot relocation The Chairman noted that the Company would comply with the orders of the City of Manila and the Company would cooperate to move out of Pandacan by 2016. The Company has started to build tanks in Limay, Bataan, Rosario, Cavite and Navotas.

### 5. Result of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting's Resolutions

The results of the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting are as follows:

Resolution	Approving	Dissenting	Abstaining
Approval of amendment of articles of incorporation to indicate specific principal office address	7,303,645, 927 (77.08% of aggregate of common and preferred shareholdings)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Approval of minutes of 2013 annual stockholders' meeting	7,296,585,237 (77.83%)	3,302,700 (0.035%)	0 (0%)
Approval of management report for year ended December 31, 2013	7,296,585,237 (77.83%)	0 (0%)	3,302,700 (0.035%)
Ratification of acts of director and officers since last annual stockholders' meeting	7,299,887,937 (77.87%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Appointment of R.G. Manabat as external auditor	7,177,986,364 (76.56%)	121,901,573 (1.3%)	0 (0%)

# **Election of Directors**

No.	Nominee	IN FAVOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN	UNCAST	TOTAL
1	RAMON S. ANG	7,178,595,079	640,600	121,260,973	3,757,990	7,304,254,642
2	ERIC O. RECTO	7,178,595,079	640,600	121,260,973	3,757,990	7,304,254,642
3	LUBIN B. NEPOMUCENO	7,179,235,678	0	121,260,973	3,757,990	7,304,254,641
4	EDUARDO M. COJUANGCO, JR.	7,179,235,677	0	121,260,973	3,757,990	7,304,254,640
5	ESTELITO P. MENDOZA	7,178,595,077	640,600	121,260,973	3,757,990	7,304,254,640
6	JOSE P. DE JESUS	7,179,235,677	0	121,260,973	3,757,990	7,304,254,640
7	RON W. HADDOCK	7,179,235,676	0	121,260,973	3,757,990	7,304,254,639
8	AURORA T. CALDERON	7,113,111,785	640,600	177,613,573	3,757,990	7,295,123,948
9	MIRZAN MAHATHIR	7,178,595,076	640,600	121,260,973	3,757,990	7,304,254,639
10	ROMELA M. BENGZON	7,179,235,676	0	121,260,973	3,757,990	7,304,254,639
11	VIRGILIO S. JACINTO	7,179,235,676	0	121,260,973	3,757,990	7,304,254,639
12	NELLY FAVIS-VILLAFUERTE	7,179,235,676	0	121,260,973	3,757,990	7,304,254,639
13	REYNALDO G. DAVID	7,299,856,049	640,600	0	3,757,990	7,304,254,639
14	ARTEMIO V. PANGANIBAN	7,178,595,076	640,600	121,260,973	3,757,990	7,304,254,639
15	MARGARITO B. TEVES	7,300,496,649	0	0	3,757,990	7,304,254,639
	TOTAL	107,861,089,606	4,484,200	1,632,745,249	56,369,850	109,554,688,905

The results of the 2013 annual stockholders' meeting are as follows:

Resolution	Approving	Dissenting	Abstaining
Approval of amendment of articles of incorporation to extend the Company's corporate term	7,957,647,868 (83.99% of aggregate of common and preferred shareholdings)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Approval of minutes of 2012 annual stockholders' meeting	7,949,427,258 (84.79%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Approval of management report for year ended December 31, 2012	7,949,427,258 (84.79%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Ratification of acts of director and officers since last annual stockholders' meeting	7,949,427,258 (84.79%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Appointment of Manabat Sanagustin Co., CPAs as external auditor	7,948,754,158 (84.79%)	673,100 (0.007%)	0 (0%)

# **Election of Directors**

NOM. NO.	NOMINEE	SHARES VOTED
1	RAMON S. ANG	7,942,188,365
2	ERIC O. RECTO	7,951,981,865
3	LUBIN N. NEPOMUCENO	7,952,654,965
4	EDUARDO M. COJUANGCO, JR.	7,952,654,965
5	ESTELITO P. MENDOZA	7,951,981,865
6	BERNARDINO R. ABES	7,952,654,965
7	ROBERTO V. ONGPIN	7,951,981,865
8	RON W. HADDOCK	7,952,654,965
9	AURORA T. CALDERON	7,939,094,915
10	MIRZAN MAHATHIR	7,951,981,865
11	ROMELA M. BENGZON	7,952,654,965
12	VIRGILIO S. JACINTO	7,943,679,115
13	NELLY FAVIS-VILLAFUERTE	7,952,654,965
14	REYNALDO G. DAVID	7,951,981,865
15	ARTEMIO V. PANGANIBAN	7,951,981,865

The results of the 2012 annual stockholders' meeting are as follows:

Resolution	Approving	Dissenting	Abstaining
Approval of minutes of 2011 annual stockholders' meeting	8,091,356,421 (86.31%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Approval of the annual report for year ended December 31, 2011	8,078,309,121 (86.17%)	13,047,300 (0.14%)	0 (0%)
Ratification of acts of director and officers since last annual stockholders' meeting	8,061,889,721 (85.99%)	29,466,700 (0 .31%)	0 (0%)
Appointment of Manabat Sanagustin Co., CPAs as external auditor	8,078,309,121 (86.17%)	13,047,300 (0.14%)	0 (0%)

	IN FAVOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN	UNCAST	TOTAL
Election of the Board of Directors					
Ramon S. Ang	8,077,929,221	379,900	13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Eric O. Recto	8,078,309,121		13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Eduardo M. Cojuangco Jr.	8,077,929,221	379,900	13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Estelito P. Mendoza	8,078,309,121		13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Bernardino R. Abes	8,078,309,121		13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Roberto V. Ongpin	8,078,309,121		13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Ron W. Haddock	8,078,309,121		13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Aurora T. Calderon	8,027,055,421	51,253,700	13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Mirzan Mahathir	8,078,309,121		13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Romela M. Bengzon	8,078,309,121		13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Ferdinand K. Constantino	8,027,055,421	51,253,700	13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Virgilio S. Jacinto	8,078,309,121		13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Nelly Favis-Villafuerte	8,078,309,121		13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Reynaldo G. David	8,078,309,121		13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789
Artemio V. Panganiban	8,078,309,121		13,047,300	101,384,368	8,192,740,789

### 6. Date of publishing of the result of the votes taken during the most recent AGM for all resolutions:

Save for the election of directors where the 15 nominees who got the highest votes were announced to have been elected as directors, all proposed resolutions presented during the 2012 annual stockholders' meeting only required the majority vote of the outstanding capital stock entitled to vote. On a verbal motion made and duly seconded, each proposed resolution was approved and was announced to have been so approved by the Chairman during the meeting.

For the 2013 annual stockholders' meeting, all proposed resolutions presented required the majority vote of the outstanding capital stock entitled to vote, except the election of directors where the 15 nominees who got the highest votes were announced to have been elected as directors and the ratification of the proposed extension of the corporate term of the Company which required at least 2/3 vote of all outstanding capital stock. On a verbal motion made and duly seconded, each proposed resolution was approved with the required number of votes and was announced to have been so approved by the Chairman during the meeting.

For the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting, all proposed resolutions presented required the majority vote of the outstanding capital stock entitled to vote, except the election of directors where the 15 nominees who got the highest votes were announced to have been elected as directors and the ratification of the proposed amendment of Article Third of the Articles of the Company to indicate a specific office address which required at least 2/3 vote of all outstanding capital stock. On a verbal motion made and duly seconded, each proposed resolution was approved with the required number of votes and was announced to have been so approved by the Chairman during the meeting.

### (e) Modifications

State, if any, the modifications made in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting regulations during the most recent year and the reason for such modification:

Modifications	Reason for Modification
None.	

### (f) Stockholders' Attendance

# (i) Details of Attendance in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting Held:

### <u>2014</u>

	Names of Board members / Officers present		Voting	% of SH		Total % of
Type of Meeting		Date of Meeting	Procedure (by poll, show	Attending	<u>% of SH</u> in Proxy	<u>Total % of</u> <u>SH</u>
weeting		Meeting	of hands, etc.)	<u>in Person</u>	<u>III I I OXY</u>	attendance
Annual	Directors	May 20,	Balloting	0.04%	77.08%	77.12%
		2014	dispensed			
	1. Ramon S. Ang (Chairman)		with; voting			
	2. Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.		carried by motions			
	(by proxy)		made and			
	3. Eric O. Recto		duly			
	4. Mirzan Mahathir		seconded			
	5. Bernardino R. Abes					
	6. Ron W. Haddock					
	7. Romela M. Bengzon					
	8. Aurora T. Calderon					
	9. Ferdinand K. Constantino					
	10. Virgilio S. Jacinto					
	11. Nelly Favis-Villafuerte					
	12. Jose P. De Jesus					
	13. Reynaldo G. David					
	(independent)					
	14. Artemio V. Panganiban					
	(independent)					
	15. Margarito B. Teves					
	(independent)					
	Officers					
	omeens					
	1. Lubin B. Nepomuceno – President					
	2. Emmanuel E. Eraña - SVP & CFO					
	3. Susan Y. Yu – VP, Procurement					
	4. Ma. Rowena O. Cortez – VP,					
	Supply					
	5. Albertito S. Sarte – VP, Treasurers					
	& Treasurer					
	6. Freddie P. Yumang – VP, Refinery					
	7. Archie B. Gupalor – VP, National					
	Sales					

8. 9. 10.	Efren P. Gabrillo – VP, Controllers & Controller Rodulfo L. Tablante – VP, Operations J. Joel Angelo C. Cruz – VP, General Counsel, Corporate Secretary & Compliance Officer					
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# <u>2013</u>

	Names of Board members / Officers present		Voting	% of SH		Total % of
Type of Meeting		Date of Meeting	Procedure (by poll, show	Attending	% of SH in Proxy	SH
		-	of hands, etc.)	in Person	-	attendance
Annual	Directors	May 21,	Balloting	1.96%	82.49%	84.45%
		2013	dispensed with; voting			
	1. Ramon S. Ang (Chairman)		carried by			
	2. Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.		motions			
	<ol> <li>Roberto V. Ongpin</li> <li>Eric O. Recto</li> </ol>		made and			
	<ol> <li>Enc O. Recto</li> <li>Mirzan Mahathir</li> </ol>		duly			
	6. Bernardino R. Abes		seconded			
	7. Ron W. Haddock					
	8. Romela M. Bengzon					
	9. Aurora T. Calderon					
	10. Ferdinand K. Constantino					
	11. Virgilio S. Jacinto					
	12. Nelly Favis-Villafuerte					
	13. Reynaldo G. David					
	(independent)					
	14. Artemio V. Panganiban					
	(independent)					
	Officers					
	1. Lubin B. Nepomuceno – President					
	2. Emmanuel E. Eraña - SVP & CFO					
	3. Susan Y. Yu – VP, Procurement					
	4. Ma. Rowena O. Cortez – VP,					
	Supply & Operations					
	5. Albertito S. Sarte – VP, Treasurers					
	& Treasurer					
	6. Freddie P. Yumang – VP, Refinery					
	7. Archie B. Gupalor – VP, National					
	Sales 8. Efren P. Gabrillo – VP, Controllers					
	<ol> <li>Efren P. Gabrillo – VP, Controllers</li> <li>&amp; Controller</li> </ol>					
	9. Joel Angelo C. Cruz – VP, General					
	Counsel, Corporate Secretary &					
	Compliance Officer					
		l	1	1	1	

(ii)	Does the company appoint an independent party (inspectors) to count and/or validate the votes at the
	ASM/SSMs?

Under the By-laws, if at any meeting of the stockholders a vote by ballot shall be taken, a voting committee shall be created to adopt its own rules to govern the voting and take charge of the voting proceedings and the preparation and distribution of the ballots. Each member of the voting committee, who need not be stockholders, is required to subscribe to an oath to faithfully execute his/her duties as

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Type of Meeting	Names of Board members / Officers present	Date of Meeting	Voting Procedure (by poll, show of hands, etc.)	% of SH Attending in Person	% of SH in Proxy	Total % of SH attendance
Annual	Directors1.Ramon S. Ang (Chairman)2.Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.3.Roberto V. Ongpin4.Estelito P. Mendoza5.Eric O. Recto6.Mirzan Mahathir7.Bernardino R. Abes8.Ron W. Haddock	May 15, 2012	Balloting dispensed with; voting carried by motions made and duly seconded	2.10%	85.29%	87.39%
	<ol> <li>Romela M. Bengzon</li> <li>Aurora T. Calderon</li> <li>Ferdinand K. Constantino</li> <li>Virgilio S. Jacinto</li> <li>Nelly Favis-Villafuerte</li> <li>Reynaldo G. David (independent)</li> <li>Artemio V. Panganiban (independent)</li> </ol>					
	<ol> <li>Officers</li> <li>Eric O. Recto – President</li> <li>Lubin B. Nepomuceno – SVP &amp; General Manager</li> <li>Emmanuel E. Eraña - SVP &amp; CFO</li> <li>Susan Y. Yu – VP, Procurement</li> <li>Ma. Rowena O. Cortez – VP, Supply &amp; Operations</li> <li>Albertito S. Sarte – VP, Treasurers &amp; Treasurer</li> <li>Freddie P. Yumang – VP, Refinery</li> <li>Archie B. Gupalor – VP, National Sales</li> <li>Efren P. Gabrillo – VP, Controllers &amp; Controller</li> <li>Joel Angelo C. Cruz – AVP, General Counsel, Corporate Secretary &amp; Compliance Officer</li> </ol>					

an inspector of votes with strict impartiality and according the best of his/her ability.

For the 2012, 2013 and 2014 annual stockholders' meetings, however, balloting was dispensed with with the approval by the stockholders of verbal motions made to approve the proposed resolutions.

# (iii) Do the company's common shares carry one vote for one share? If not, disclose and give reasons for any divergence to this standard. Where the company has more than one class of shares, describe the voting rights attached to each class of shares.

Yes, the By-laws expressly provide that each stockholder shall at every meeting of the stockholders be entitled to one vote, in person or by proxy, for each share of capital stock held by such stockholder.

In the case of election of directors, the By-laws provide for cumulative voting such that a stockholder may distribute his/her votes per share to as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or he/she may cumulate his shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of shares he/she has, or he/she may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as he/she shall see fit; provided, that the total number of votes cast by him/her shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him/her as shown in the books of the corporation multiplied by the whole number of directors to be elected.

Preferred shares of the Company are non-voting, except that the preferred stockholders have the right to vote in cases expressly provided by law such as (i) amendment of the Articles of Incorporation, (ii) amendment of the by-laws, (iii) sale, lease, exchange, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property, (iv) incurring, creating or increasing bonded indebtedness, (v) increase or decrease of capital stock, (vi) merger or consolidation of the Company with another corporation or other corporations, (vii) investment of corporate funds in another corporation or business in accordance with the Corporation Code and (viii) dissolution of the Company.

### (g) Proxy Voting Policies

State the policies followed by the company regarding proxy voting in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

	Company's Policies
Execution and acceptance of proxies	The By-laws allow proxies. Proxies shall be in writing, signed by the stock holder and filed with the Corporate Secretary before the scheduled meeting. The By-laws require that all proxy forms must be received by the Company at least 10 working days before the scheduled meeting of the stockholders. In the case of a corporation, the proxy must be accompanied by a Secretary's Certificate setting out the authority of the corporate officer to execute the proxy.
Notary	Proxies need not be notarized.
Submission of Proxy	The By-laws require that all proxy forms must be received by the Company at least 10 working days before the scheduled meeting of the stockholders.
Several Proxies	The Company observes the rules on several proxies set out in the SRC Rules.

Validity of Proxy	Proxies shall be in writing, signed by the stockholder and filed with the Corporate Secretary at least 10 working days before the scheduled meeting. In the case of a corporation, the proxy must be accompanied by a Secretary's Certificate setting out the authority of the corporate officer to execute the proxy. Notarization is not required.
Proxies executed abroad	Proxies executed abroad shall be duly authenticated by the Philippine Embassy or Consular Office.
Invalidated Proxy	Invalidated proxies will not be considered for purposes of determining attendance, quorum and voting. A revocation by a stockholder either in an instrument in writing duly presented and recorded with the Corporate Secretary at least five (5) days prior to a scheduled meeting or by his personal presence at the meeting invalidates a proxy.
Validation of Proxy	The Board sets the date, time and place for the validation of proxies. Such date, time and place are specified in the notice of the meeting.
Violation of Proxy	Any vote made in violation of the terms of a proxy will not be considered for purposes of computing votes cast and voting results.

# (h) Sending of Notices

State the company's policies and procedure on the sending of notices of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

Policies	Procedure
The By-laws provide that, except as otherwise	The Company sends out the notice of any
provided by statute, written or printed notice of	stockholders' meeting within the period set by
all annual and special meetings of stockholders	the SRC Rules.
stating the place and time of the meeting and the	
general nature of the business to be considered	And while it is not required by law, the Company
shall be sent by facsimile, personal delivery, or by	publishes the notice in two (2) newspapers of
mail postage prepaid, at least 15 days before the	general circulation. The notice and agenda of
day on which the meeting is to be held to each	the annual meeting of the stockholders in 2012
stockholder of record at his last known post-office	were published in The Philippine Star and the
address, or, at the option of the Company, by	Business Mirror on May 4, 2012. The notice of
publication in a newspaper of general circulation,	and agenda of the annual meeting of the
provided that, unless expressly required by law,	stockholders in 2013 were published in the
no publication of any notice of a meeting of	Philippine Star and The Manila Times on April 26,
stockholders shall be required.	2013. The notice and agenda of the annual
	meeting of the stockholders in 2014 were
	published in the Philippine Star on April 16, 2014.

(i) Definitive Information Statements and Management Report

Number of Stockholders entitled to receive Definitive Information Statements and Management Report and Other Materials	On April 2, 2012, the record date of the 2012 annual stockholders' meeting, the Company had 159,418 common shareholders and 124 preferred shareholders or a total of 159,542 shareholders. On April 12, 2013, the record date of the 2013 annual stockholders' meeting, the Company had 155,414 common shareholders and 119 preferred shareholders or a total of 155,533 shareholders. On April 8, 2014, the record date of the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting, the Company had 152,653 common shareholders and 120 preferred shareholders or a total of 152,773 shareholders.
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive Information Statement and Management Report and Other Materials held by market participants/certain beneficial owners	<ul> <li>April 23, 2012 for the 2012 annual stockholders' meeting</li> <li>April 26, 2013 for the 2013 annual stockholders' meeting</li> <li>April 28, 2014 for the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting</li> </ul>
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive Information Statement and Management Report and Other Materials held by stockholders	<ul> <li>April 23, 2012 for the 2012 annual stockholders' meeting</li> <li>April 26, 2013 for the 2013 annual stockholders' meeting</li> <li>April 25, 2014 for the 2014 annual stockholders' meeting</li> </ul>
State whether CD format or hard copies were distributed	The Definitive Information Statement for the 2012, 2013 and 2014 annual stockholders' meetings was distributed in CD format, enclosed with a printed copy of the notice and agenda signed by the Corporate Secretary and instructions on how to open the files. Prior approval from the Corporation Finance Department of the SEC was obtained for the use of the CD format and the distribution of the Definitive Information Statement in such form.
If yes, indicate whether requesting stockholders were provided hard copies	Yes, hard copies of the Definitive Information Statement were made available and distributed during the date of the 2012, 2013 and 2014 annual stockholders' meetings. No stockholder requested a hard copy prior to the date of the meeting.

# (j) Does the Notice of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting include the following:

Each resolution to be taken up deals with only one item.	Yes.
Profiles of directors (at least age, qualification, date of first appointment, experience, and directorships in other listed companies) nominated for election/re-election.	Yes.
The auditors to be appointed or re-appointed.	Yes.
An explanation of the dividend policy, if any dividend is to be declared.	Yes – although there was no dividend declaration requiring stockholder approval ( <i>i.e.,</i> stock dividends) was proposed during the 2012, 2013 and 2014 annual stockholders' meeting.
The amount payable for final dividends.	Not applicable. The Company, through the Board, declared cash dividends.
Documents required for proxy vote.	Yes.

# Should any of the foregoing information be not disclosed, please indicate the reason thereto.

# 2) Treatment of Minority Stockholders

# (a) State the company's policies with respect to the treatment of minority stockholders.

Policies	Implementation
The CG Code expressly provides that the Board is committed to respect the legal rights of the Company's stockholders in general and is responsible for promoting shareholder's rights, removing impediments to the exercise of shareholders' rights and facilitating adequate avenue for them to seek timely redress for violation of their rights.	<ul> <li>To facilitate the exercise by the minority of their rights as minority stockholders, and in addition to the right to vote, information and inspect corporate records and the appraisal right that apply to stockholders in general, minority stockholders are also specifically granted the following rights under CG Manual:</li> <li>the right to propose the holding of a meeting through the written request of one or more stockholders owning at least 20% of the total</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company entitled to vote; and</li> <li>the right to propose legitimate items in the agenda of the stockholders' meeting in accordance with law, jurisprudence and best practice</li> </ul>

### (b) Do minority stockholders have a right to nominate candidates for board of directors?

Yes, minority stockholder have the right to nominate candidates for director.

### I. INVESTORS RELATIONS PROGRAM

1) Discuss the company's external and internal communications policies and how frequently they are reviewed. Disclose who reviews and approves major company announcements. Identify the committee with this responsibility, if it has been assigned to a committee.

The Company has a Corporate Affairs Department which has a Strategic Communications Section which handles both external and internal communications. This section handles external communications with and to various stakeholders, including the media and the employees, and oversees internal communications such internal publications, media releases, the corporate intranet, and social networking sites. The Company likewise has an investor relations unit under the CFO to handle handles regular communications with institutional investors.

All information and disclosures for release are cleared and approved by the General Counsel, the CFO, the President, and the Chairman.

2) Describe the company's investor relations program including its communications strategy to promote effective communication with its stockholders, other stakeholders and the public in general. Disclose the contact details (e.g. telephone, fax and email) of the officer responsible for investor relations.

	Details
(1) Objectives	To effectively communicate the Company's performance, plans and strategies to the capital market, as well as, develop a long- term relationship of trust with stakeholders, using the discipline in finance, communication and marketing and manage the content and flow of company information/disclosures to the financial markets
(2) Principles	Provide consistent and reliable information that will assist investors in their investment decision
(3) Modes of Communications	Investors' briefings, annual stockholders' meetings, Company disclosures, investor relations meetings, roadshows, Petron website, social networking media, and responding to mail, email, telephone, and fax inquiries
(4) Investors Relations Officer	Corporate Affairs Department Telephone No. (632) 886-3888

# 3) What are the company's rules and procedures governing the acquisition of corporate control in the capital markets, and extraordinary transactions such as mergers, and sales of substantial portions of corporate assets?

Any major plans or extraordinary transaction of the Company is reviewed by a team that evaluates the viability of the transaction and ensures that it will have a strategic fit with the Company. Any project that passes the review is presented to the Board for approval.

# Name of the independent party the board of directors of the company appointed to evaluate the fairness of the transaction price.

The Company gets the services of investment banks which will provide advice on the fairness of the transaction price. In addition, the independent directors sitting in the Board can provide an objective and impartial analysis of any proposed transaction and its details, including the fairness of the valuation or the transaction price.

### J. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES

### Discuss any initiative undertaken or proposed to be undertaken by the company.

In February 2012, Petron was honored by the Management Association of the Philippines with the prestigious Integral CSR Award which recognized Petron's earnest efforts to make social responsibility an integral function of the entire organization manifested in every aspect of its business operations.

Petron also received the Special Award for Environment and Sustainable Development for its entry *Measuring, Managing and Minimizing Our Environment Footprint in Bataan* for the Company's initiatives to preserve and protect the environment and promote sustainable development in the Province of Bataan.

Petron Foundation, Inc. ("PFI") continued to be at the forefront of Petron's efforts to make a sustainable impact to society and the environment, while at the same time helping the Company attain its business goals.

Among the corporate social responsibility ("CSR") and sustainability activities of Petron and PFI are set out in the table below.

Initiative	Beneficiary
<b>Tulong Aral ng Petron:</b> a long-term, strategic initiative that helps send poor children to school through scholarship programs for elementary, high school and college/vocational students; Petron's centerpiece CSR program that defines what Petron stands for socially - to FUEL H.O.P.E. (Helping the Filipino children and youth Overcome Poverty through Education).	<ul> <li>2012</li> <li>3,486 scholars enrolled in Grades one to six;</li> <li>372 enrolled in high school; and</li> <li>24 enrolled in college</li> <li>2013</li> <li>2,687 scholars enrolled in Grades one to six;</li> <li>442 enrolled in high school; and</li> <li>24 enrolled in college</li> </ul>
<b>Petron Schools:</b> pursuit of school building program in support of DepEd's <i>Adopt-A-School Program</i>	In 2012: eight (8) new classrooms or four (4) Petron Schools for residents in areas close to the Company's depots located in Zamboanga del Norte, General Santos City and Tagbilaran City In 2012: four (4) new classrooms in Compostela Valley which was badly hit by Typhoon Pablo
<i>Silid Pangarap:</i> building classrooms for the pre- school level in support of San Miguel Corporaiton's commitment to the AGAPP (Aklat, Gabay, Aruga Tungo sa Pag-angat at Pag-asa) Foundation's program of building pre-schools	In 2012: 27 classrooms, with 17 having already been turned over for pre-school residents in Bataan, Samar, Tagaytay, Negros Oriental, South Cotabato, and Sultan Kudarat

<ul> <li>Promotion of Environmental Sustainability:</li> <li>1. Bataan Integrated Coastal Management Program: PFI taking a lead role in the implementation of the program in partnership with the Provincial Government of Bataan and the Global Environment Facility-United Nations Development Programme- United Nations Office for Project Services Partnerships on Environmental Management for the Seas of East Asia</li> <li>2. Boracay Beach Management Program ("BBMP"): through a partnership among PFI, the Municipality of Malay in the Province of Aklan, SMC and the Boracay Foundation, Inc., adoption of BBMP to attain a sustainable development of Boracay Island</li> <li>3. Adopt-An-Estero/Water Program: clean up of the Concepcion Creek in Marikina</li> <li>4. National Greening Program: Undertaking to contribute to the DENR's goal of planting 1.5 billion</li> </ul>	In 2013: from 27 to 39 classrooms, with 19 having already been turned over for pre-school residents in Bataan, Compostela Valley Samar, Tagaytay, Negros Oriental, South Cotabato, and Sultan Kudarat 1. Local government units in Bataan and their residents 2. Filipinos, in general; residents and visitors to Boracay, in particular 3. Marikina City and its residents 4. the environment
trees from 2011 to 2016. Community-Based Programs:	Residents of Bataan
Sulong KaBataan: a program for values formation, technical skills and leadership training to the youth Sulong KaBarangay program, a public-private partnership among the local government of Limay, DSWD, PFI, the PBR, and PinoyME Foundation, that helped establish four (4) community sub-projects and one livelihood sub-project by resident volunteers of Barangays Alangan and Lamao	
Responding to Crises:	<ol> <li>Families affected by flooding/disaster in the various areas cited</li> </ol>
<ol> <li><u>Relief operations</u> in (a) several cities and municipalities in Metro Manila and the provinces of Bataan, Bulacan, and Rizal when Typhoon Gener and the southwest monsoon rains caused massive flooding in Metro Manila and the Central Luzon region in August 2012, (b) Compostela Valley and Davao Oriental when Typhoon Pablo hit the southern part of the Philippines in December 2012, (c) Zamboanga during the siege in September 2013, (d) Bohol and Cebu after the major earthquake in October 2013 and (e) Leyte, Orientla Mindoro,</li> </ol>	4. Public in general

<ul> <li>Iloilo, Capiz and Cebu after Typhoon Yolanda (Haiyan) in November 2013</li> <li>2. <u>Building houses</u> by participating in Habitat for Humanity Philippines, Inc. and Gawad Kalinga to build houses for those displaced by Typhoon Sendong in December 2011.</li> </ul>	
3. <u>Participation in the Noah's Ark Project</u> in enhancing the capabilities of local government units and stakeholders to build disaster-resilient communities with the ultimate goal of attaining zero casualties by adopting Barangay Nangka in Marikina City for the project	
4. Formalization of a partnership with the Department of Science and Technology to implement Project <u>NOAH</u> or National Operational Assessment of Hazards in its key facilities nationwide, in support of the directive of President Benigno S. Aquino III for the country to establish a responsive program for nationwide disaster prevention and mitigation with a monitoring and early warning system along the Philippines' 18 major river basins.	
<b>Skills Training Program for FEJODAP:</b> Eight-five members of the Federation of Jeepney Operators and Drivers Association of the Philippines ("FEJODAP") and their dependents given technical/vocational skills training courses	FEJODAP members and their dependents
Youth in Entrepreneurship and Leadership Development ("YIELD") Program. One hundred third year students of the Muntinlupa Business High School spent their summer at certain Petron company- owned and company-operated stations to learn about service station operations at the forecourt and back office and the rudiments of food service and business of the locators in such stations	100 qualified students of the partner school

## K. BOARD, DIRECTOR, COMMITTEE AND CEO APPRAISAL

# Disclose the process followed and criteria used in assessing the annual performance of the board and its committees, individual director, and the CEO/President.

On August 6, 2013, the Board adopted a new format for the annual self-assessment by each director. The selfassessment forms covers the evaluation of the (i) fulfillment of the key responsibilities of the Board including the consideration of the interests of minority shareholders and stakeholders and their equitable treatment in its decision-making processes, the pursuit of good corporate governance, the establishment of a clear strategic direction for the Company designed to maximize long-term shareholder value, the review and approval of financial statements and budgets, and the appointment of directors who can add value and contribute independent judgment to the formulation of sound policies and strategies of the Company and officers who are competent and highly motivated; (ii) relationship between the Board and the Management of the Company including having a clear understanding of where the role of the Board ends and where that of Management

begins, the participation of the Board and the board committees in major business policies or decisions, the continuous interaction with Management for an understanding of the businesses better, and the consideration of the correlation between executive pay and Company performance; (iii) effectiveness of board process and meetings through the adequacy of the frequency, duration and scheduling of board and committee meetings, the ability of the Board to balance and allocate its time effectively in discussing issues related to the Company's strategy and competitiveness, the attendance at board and committee meetings and the conduct of meetings in a manner that ensures open communication, meaningful participation, and timely resolution of issues, the wide and diverse range of expertise and occupational and personal backgrounds of the directors, and the individual directors; and (iv) individual performance of the directors, including a director's understanding of the mission, values and strategies of the Company, his/her duties as a director and the Company's articles of incorporation, by-laws and governing policies and applicable law, rules and regulations, the attendance at meetings and the conscious effort to avoid entering into situations where a director may be placed in a conflict of interest with that of the Company.

### L. INTERNAL BREACHES AND SANCTIONS

Discuss the internal policies on sanctions imposed for any violation or breach of the corporate governance manual involving directors, officers, management and employees

Violations	Sanctions
The CG Manual mandates the directors, officers and employees to strictly observe and implement its provisions and provides penalties to imposed after notice and hearing on the Company's directors, officers and employees in case of violation of any of the provisions of the CG Manual.	<ul><li>The CG Manual imposes the following sanctions in case of violation of its provisions:</li><li>In case of first violation, the offender shall be reprimanded.</li></ul>
The Compliance Officer is responsible for determining violation/s through notice and hearing and recommending to the Chairman of the Board the imposable penalty for such violation, for further review and approval of the Board.	• For second violation, suspension from office shall be imposed on the offender. The duration of suspension shall depend on the gravity of the violation. This penalty shall not apply to the members of the Board.
	• For third violation, the maximum penalty of removal from office shall be imposed on the offender. In case the offender is a member of the Board, the provision of Section 28 of the Corporation Code on removal of directors shall be observed.

A substantial number of the answers to this Annual Corporate Governance Report is based on the records and reports of the Company and not from the personal knowledge of the signatories.

Pursuant to the requirement of the Securities and Exchange Commission, this Annual Corporate Governance Report is signed on behalf of the registrant by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Mandaluyong on July 1, 2013.

# SIGNATURES

(original signed)

Ramon S. Ang Chairman of the Board & Chief Executive Officer (original signed)

Lubin B. Nepomuceno President

(original signed)

Reynaldo G. David Independent Director (original signed)

Artemio V. Panganiban Independent Director

(original signed)

Joel Angelo C. Cruz Compliance Officer

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this July 1, 2013 at Mandaluyong City, Philippines, affiants exhibiting to me the following competent forms of identification and avowed under penalty of law to the whole truth of the contents of the foregoing Certificate:

Names	Passport Number	Date/Place of Issue
Ramon S. Ang	XX0748364	11 July 2011 /DFA Manila
Lubin B. Nepomuceno	EB5027219	29 Mar 2012 /DFA Manila
Joel Angelo C. Cruz	EB6976457	19 Dec 2012 /DFA Manila
Artemio V. Panganiban	EB0110958	16 Apr 2010 /DFA Manila
Reynaldo G. David	XX3664452	08 May 2009 /DFA Manila

Doc. No. 214; Page No. 44; Book No. IX; Series of 2013. (original signed) ROMMEL L. BAWALAN Notary Public for Mandaluyong City Notary Commission No. 0333-12 Until December 31, 2013 PTR No. 1626008 1.7.2013 Mandaluyong City IBP LRN 07098 1.7.08 Pasig City Roll of Attorney No. 42921 SMC Head Office Complex 40 San Miguel Avenue, 1550 Mandaluyong City MCLE Compliance No. IV-0008477 11.10.12



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES) MANDALUYONG CITY ) S.S.

# SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, JOEL ANGELO C. CRUZ, of legal age, married, Filipino, with office address at the SMC Head Office Complex, No. 40 San Miguel Avenue, Mandaluyong City, Metro Manila, Philippines, after having been duly sworn in accordance with law, do hereby depose and state that:

1. I am the Vice President - General Counsel & Corporate Secretary of **PETRON CORPORATION** (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and registered in accordance with the laws of the Republic of the Philippines with principal office at the SMC Head Office Complex, 40 San Miguel Avenue, Mandaluyong City.

2. At the regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the "Board") held on March 24, 2014, the Board approved the following resolutions:

# Holding of Annual Stockholders' Meeting

# Resolution No. 2, S'14

"RESOLVED, That in accordance with the Amended By-Laws of the Corporation (the "By-Laws"), the Board of Directors (the "Board") hereby sets the date of the 2014 Annual Stockholders' Meeting on May 20, 2014 at the Valle Verde Country Club, Pasig City.

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, That pursuant to the By-Laws, the Board hereby sets April 8, 2014 as the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to notice and to vote at the 2014 Annual Stockholders' Meeting and the dates from April 9 to 18, 2014 as the period for the closing of the books of the Corporation in relation to the record date;

"RESOLVED, FINALLY, That the following agenda for the 2014 Annual Stockholders' Meeting be, and are hereby, APPROVED:

PETRON CORPORATION, SMC Head Office Complex, 40 San Miguel Avenue, Mandaluyong City 1550, Metro Manila, Philippines, PO Box 014 MCPO 0708 Tel.: (632) 886-3888 • Pandacan Terminal, Jesus St., Pandacan, Manila Tel.: (632) 563-8521 • Mandaue Terminal, Looc, Mandaue City, Cebu Tel.: (032) 346-5135 / 344-7341 to 51 • Davao Depot, Km.9 Bo. Pampanga, Davao City Tel.: (082) 234-2185 / 233-0399 • Internet: http://www.petron.com

- (1) Call to Order
- (2) Report on Attendance and Quorum
- (3) Review and Approval of Minutes of Previous Annual Stockholders' Meeting
- Presentation of Management Report and Submission to Stockholders of Financial Statements for the Year 2013
- (5) Ratification of All Acts of the Board of Directors and Management Since the Previous Annual Stockholders' Meeting
- (6) Appointment of Independent External Auditor
- (7) Election of the Board of Directors for the Ensuing Term
- (8) Other Matters
- (9) Adjournment."

# Declaration of Dividend for Common Shares

# Resolution No. 4, S'14

"RESOLVED, That there is hereby declared from the unappropriated retained earnings of the Corporation a cash dividend of Phpo.o5 per share to all common stockholders as of record date April 8, 2014, with a pay-out date of April 23, 2014."

3. At the regular meeting of the Board held on **May 6, 2014**, the Board approved the following resolution:

# Appointment of Independent External Auditor

# Resolution No. 6, S'14

"RESOLVED, That the retention of the accounting firm R. G. Manabat & Co., /KPMG as the independent external auditor of Petron Corporation for 2014, be and hereby is, FAVORABLY ENDORSED to the stockholders for approval."

# Declaration of Dividend for Preferred Shares

# Resolution No. 7, S'14

"RESOLVED, That there is hereby declared from the unappropriated retained earnings of the Corporation a cash dividend of Php 2.382 per share to all preferred shareholders as of record date of May 21, 2014, with a pay-out date of June 5, 2014."

4. At the annual stockholders' meeting of the Corporation held on **May 20, 2014**, the stockholders approved the following resolutions:

# Appointment of Independent External Auditor

RESOLVED, That the appointment of the accounting firm Manabat Sanagustin & Co., CPAs/KPMG as the independent external auditor of the Corporation for 2014 be, and hereby is, APPROVED.

# **Election of Directors**

RESOLVED, That the following persons are hereby declared as the duly elected directors of the Corporation, to serve for a term of one (1) year or until their successors shall have been duly elected and qualified in accordance with the by-laws of the Company:

> Mr. Ramon S. Ang Mr. Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr. Mr. Lubin B. Nepomuceno Atty. Estelito P. Mendoza Mr. Jose P. De Jesus Mr. Eric O. Recto Mr. Mirzan Mahathir Mr. Ron W. Haddock Atty. Romela M. Bengzon Ms. Aurora T. Calderon Atty. Virgilio S. Jacinto Ms. Nelly Favis-Villafuerte Ret. Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban (independent) Mr. Reynaldo G. David (independent) Mr. Margarito B. Teves (independent)

5. At the organizational meeting of the Board held on May 20, 2014, the Board approved the following resolutions:

# Appointment of Members to the Executive Committee

# Resolution No. 8, S'14

With the appointment of the new directors of the Corporation, the Board hereby appoints the members of the Board Executive Committee as follows:

Ramon S. Ang	-	Chairman
Lubin B. Nepomuceno	<u> </u>	Member
Aurora T. Calderon	-	Member
Eric O. Recto	-	Alternate Member
Virgilio S. Jacinto	-	Alternate Member

# Appointment of Members to the Board Audit Committee

# Resolution No. 9, S'14

With the appointment of the new directors of the Corporation, the Board hereby appoints the members of the Board Audit Committee as follows:

Reynaldo G. David	-	Chairman
Lubin B. Nepomuceno	( <del></del> ))	Member
Estelito P. Mendoza	-	Member
Artemio V. Panganiban	-	Member
Aurora T. Calderon	-	Member
Ferdinand K. Constantino	-	Advisor

Appointment of Members to the Board Compensation Committee

Resolution No. 10, S'14

With the appointment of the new directors of the Corporation, the Board hereby appoints the members of the Board Compensation Committee as follows:

Ramon S. Ang	-	Chairman
Lubin B. Nepomuceno	3.5	Member
Virgilio S. Jacinto	-	Member
Reynaldo G. David	-	Member
Aurora T. Calderon	-	Member
Ferdinand K. Constantino	-	Advisor

# Appointment of Members to the Board Nomination Committee

# Resolution No. 11, S'14

With the appointment of the new directors of the Corporation, the Board hereby appoints the members of the Board Nomination Committee as follows:

Reynaldo G. David	- Chairman
Estelito P. Mendoza	- Member
Virgilio S. Jacinto	- Member

# **Election of Officers**

# Resolution No. 12, S'14

RESOLVED, That the appointment of the following persons as duly designated officers of the Corporation, to serve for a term of one (1) year or until their successors shall have been duly elected and qualified in accordance with the By-Laws of the Corporation:

Ramon S. Ang Lubin B. Nepomuceno		Chairman & CEO President
Emmanuel E. Eraña		Senior Vice President & Chief Finance Officer
Susan Y. Yu	-	VP, Procurement
Rowena O. Cortez	-	VP, Supply
Freddie P. Yumang	÷.	VP, Refinery
Archie B. Gupalor	-	VP, National Sales
Efren P. Gabrillo		VP, Controllers and Controller
Albertito S. Sarte	4	VP, Treasurers and Treasurer
Joel Angelo C. Cruz	-	VP - General Counsel & Corporate
		Secretary /Compliance Officer
Rodulfo L. Tablante	-	VP, Operations

- VP and Operations Manager. Jaime O. Lu Petron Malaysia - AVP. Business Planning & Julieta L. Ventigan Development - AVP, Refinery Production Nathaniel R. Orillos - AVP. Reseller Trade Nolan L. Rada - AVP. Refinery Maintenance David M. Mahilum - AVP. Power Plant & Utilities Roland R. Evangelista Dennis M. Floro - AVP, Supply - AVP, Human Resources Ma. Rosario D. Vergel de Dios - AVP. Industrial Trade Conrado S. Rivera - AVP, Marketing Mary Ann M. Neri - AVP. Operations Andrew S. Fortuno - AVP, Market Planning, Research Magnolia D. Uy and Sales Information Charmaine V. Canillas - AVP, Corporate Affairs Department - Assistant Corporate Secretary Jhoanna Jasmine M. Javier-Elacio

6. At the special meeting of the Board held on July 3, 2014, the Board approved the following resolutions:

Approval of the Further Amendments to the Revised Corporate Governance Manual of the Company

# Resolution No. 14, S'14

"RESOLVED, That the revised Corporate Governance Manual of the Company as presented to the Board and endorsed by the Audit Committee of the Company be, and hereby is, approved by the Board."

Appointment of the Members of the Newly Created Governance Committee

# Resolution No. 15, S'14

With the creation of the Governance Committee, the Board hereby appoints the members and secretary thereof as follows:

Margarito B. Teves Virgilio S. Jacinto Nelly Favis-Villafuerte Joel Angelo C. Cruz Chairman
Member
Member
Secretary

7. At the regular meeting of the Board held on **August 6, 2014**, the Board approved the following resolution:

# **Declaration of Dividend for Preferred Shares**

# Resolution No. 19, S'14

"RESOLVED, That there is hereby declared from the unappropriated retained earnings of the Corporation a cash dividend of P2.382 per share to all preferred shareholders as of record date of August 22, 2014, with a pay-out date of September 5, 2014."

8. At the regular meeting of the Board held on **November 7, 2014**, the Board approved the following resolutions:

# Declaration of Dividend for Preferred Shares

# Resolution No. 22, S'14

"RESOLVED, That there is hereby declared from the unappropriated retained earnings of the Corporation a cash dividend of Php 2.382 per preferred share issued in 2010 to all shareholders of such shares as follows:

- (a) For the fourth quarter of 2014, a total dividend amount of Php238.2 Million payable to preferred shareholders as of record date November 24, 2014, with a pay-out date of December 5, 2014; and
- (b) For the first quarter of 2015, a total dividend amount of Php238.2 million payable to preferred shareholders as of record date February 18, 2015, with a pay-out date of March 5, 2015.

RESOLVED, FURTHER, That there is hereby declared from the unappropriated retained earnings of the Corporation a cash dividend of P15.75 per Series 2A preferred share and P17.14575 per Series 2B preferred share to shareholders of such shares as of record date of January 20, 2015, with a pay-out date of February 3, 2015." DONE this 8<sup>th</sup> day of January 2015 at Mandaluyong City.

JOEL ANGELO C. CRUZ VP – General Counsel & Corporate Secretary

Doc. No. <u>372</u>; Page No. <u>76</u>; Book No. <u>II</u>; Series of 2015.

DON-VIC P. QUEZON Notary Public for Mandaluyong City 40 San Miguel Avenue, 1550 Mandaluyong City Appointment No. 0382-14 Until December 31, 2015 Autorey's Roll No. 56/28 PTR No. 2278008/1-5-15/M - daluyong Lifetime IBP No. 95424 MCLE Compliance No. IV-0014582/3-25-13