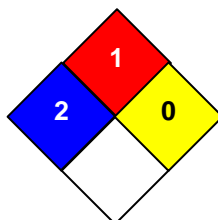


PETRON FUEL OIL

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: PETRON FUEL OIL
 Manufacturer: PETRON CORPORATION
 JESUS ST., PANDACAN, MANILA
 Chemical Family: Petroleum Hydrocarbons
 Product Type: Residual Fuel (Bunker C)
 Emergency Phone No.: (632) 563-31-21

NFPA Hazard Identification



Hazard	Degree of Hazard
Blue - Health	0 - Least
Red - Flammability	1 - Slight
Yellow - Reactivity	2 - Moderate
White - Special	3 - High
	4 - Extreme

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Ingredients
 The product predominantly consists of aliphatic, alicyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons. In general, the product is combustible and may contain carcinogenic components. However, as long as normal precautions in handling petroleum products are observed and good standards of industrial and personal hygiene are maintained no significant safety and health hazard is expected.

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Primary Entry Routes: Inhalation of vapors, eye contact, skin contact/absorption
Target Organs: Respiratory system, eyes, skin
Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation upon direct contact.
Skin Contact: Low order of toxicity under normal use. However, avoid prolonged or repeated contact with the product to prevent defatting and dermatitis. Carcinogenic materials are also present.
Ingestion: Ingestion is an unlikely event. However, accidental ingestion can lead to vomiting and aspiration into the lungs. This can result in chemical pneumonitis, which can be fatal.



Inhalation Under normal conditions, the product may not be considered an inhalation hazard. However, hydrogen sulfide, which is classified as very toxic by inhalation, can be present at trace levels in the liquid and can be liberated into the vapor phase above the liquid where it can reach potentially hazardous concentrations. Prolonged exposure to vapors or oil mists may also lead to chronic inflammatory reaction of the lungs and a form of pulmonary fibrosis.

Workplace Exposure Limits No limit is known for the product. However, available information recommends a maximum exposure limit of 100 ppm (8-hour Time Weighted Average) for aromatic and aliphatic compounds, which may be present as mixed hydrocarbons in air. Oil mists must not exceed 5 mg/m³.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact Rinse eyes immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes or until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, get prompt medical attention.

Skin Contact Immediately clean contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, and launder before reuse.

Ingestion If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting due to risk of aspiration into the lungs. Give plenty of water to drink. Keep at rest and seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation If overexposed to oil mist, remove affected person immediately to fresh air. Administer artificial respiration if breathing is irregular or has stopped. Call for prompt medical attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point, PM, °C 95

Extinguishing Media In case of fire use foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical extinguishers.

Special Fire-fighting Procedures Do not use water to extinguish fire unless in conjunction with foam compound or in cooling exposed surfaces or containers. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback.

Decomposition Products under Fire Conditions Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, particulate matter, water, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxides, hydrogen sulfide, unburnt hydrocarbons, unidentified organic and inorganic compounds are expected from normal combustion.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Land Spill Taking normal safety precaution, shut off source of product. Prevent the liquid from entering sewers, water courses or low-lying areas. Advise the relevant authorities, taking measures to minimize the effects on ground water. Recover from surface by skimming or pumping using explosion-



proof equipment, booms or other suitable absorbent and remove mechanically into containers. If necessary, dispose material according to regulations of local authorities and environmental agencies.

Water Spill Use booms to confine spills immediately. Remove from the water surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. If permitted by local authorities and environmental agencies, disperse the residue in unconfined waters. Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Procedures Keep away from potential sources of ignition. Open container in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapors. Keep containers closed when not in use. Prevent small spills and leakages to avoid slip hazard. Wash thoroughly after handling. "Empty" containers and retain product residue (liquid or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause death or injury. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner, or properly disposed of.

Storage Procedures Store in cool, well ventilated areas, away from sources of ignition.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation Procedures Use local exhaust ventilation to control mists or vapors. Additional ventilation or exhaust may be required to maintain air concentrations below exposure limits.

Gloves Protection Use chemical resistant gloves.

Eye Protection In case of splashing, wear safety glasses with side shields.

Respiratory Protection Use NIOSH/MSHA approved full-face respirator with a combination organic vapor and high efficiency filter cartridge if the recommended exposure limit is exceeded. Use self-contained breathing apparatus for entry into confined space, for other poorly ventilated areas and for large spill clean-up sites.

Clothing Recommendation Wear either a chemical protective suit or apron when potential for contact with material exists. Use neoprene or nitrile rubber boots when necessary to avoid contaminating shoes. Do not wear rings, watches or similar apparel that could entrap the material and cause a skin reaction.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Density at 15°C, kg/m3 962.7

Water Solubility Insoluble



Odor Characteristic of petroleum products

Appearance Black liquid

Viscosity at 50 °C, cSt 211.5

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Material is normally stable at ambient temperature.

Incompatibility Strong oxidizing agents

Polymerization Will not occur

Hazardous Decomposition Products In case of combustion or thermal decomposition, carbon monoxide and other toxic and irritant fumes may be formed.

SECTION 11: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic organisms and may cause long-term adverse effects to the aquatic environment; biodegradable in aerobic conditions but not biodegradable in anaerobic conditions with high bioaccumulation potential.

SECTION 12: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Material, if discarded, is expected to be hazardous waste. The product may be burned under controlled conditions and should be in compliance with local and national waste management regulations.

SECTION 13: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land This product is not regulated for road / rail transport

Sea IMDG (Packaged Goods and BLCs). This product is not regulated for sea transport.

Air (ICAO / IATA). This product is not regulated for air transport.

SECTION 14: APPROVALS

Approvals Technical Department
Petron Corporation

This is a computer-generated form. It does not require a signature if it is issued without any alteration.

The information presented herein has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable and is accurate to the best of Petron Corporation's knowledge. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid when



PETRON FUEL OIL

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